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Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta.

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Bold Bid For A United Europe

CHURCHILL CALLS FOR NEW RENAISSANCE

Forget Past Hatreds: Let Old Barriers Break

THE HAGUE, May 7 (Reuter):—Mr. Winston Churchill, Britain's war leader, today called for a Parliament of Europe when he addressed the 16-nation Congress of Europe meeting here in the mediaeval hall of Knights.

The Task

"The task before us at this Congress", he said, "is not only to raise the voice of Europe as a united whole.

"We must here and now resolve that in one form or another a European Assembly shall be constituted which will enable that voice to make itself continuously heard, and we trust with evergrowing acceptance, throughout all the free countries of this continent".

Dynamic Expression

The movement for European unity, he added, must be a dynamic expression of democratic faith—a positive force "deriving its strength from our common sense of spiritual values".

NOT FOR WEST EUROPE ALONE

Their aim was not confined to Western Europe, though precise arrangements could apply at present only to Western Europe.

"We seek nothing less than all Europe", Mr. Churchill continued. "We aim at the eventual participation of all peoples throughout the continent whose society and way of life are not in disaccord with a charter of human rights and the sincere expression of free democracy".

"We welcome any country where the people own the Government and not the Government the people".

Mr. Churchill said he looked forward with confidence to the day when the "Union of Europe as a whole would be achieved".

FREEDOM FROM FEAR

He was anxious at first, Mr. Churchill declared, lest the United States should view with hostility the idea of a United States of Europe, but he rejoiced that the great Republic in its era of world-leadership had risen far above such moods.

Freedom from fear was one of President Roosevelt's Four Freedoms that mattered most today. After the second 30 years' war mankind needed and sought a period of rest.

A Council of Europe was a subordinate, but a necessary part of the world organisation of the United Nations.

He had thought that the design for World Government might have followed the system of three or more groups—ARMIES OF PEACE: (1) The Council of Europe, including Britain and her Commonwealth.

(2) THE WESTERN HEMISPHERE.

(3) THE VAST SOVIET UNION.

"We are all grieved and perplexed and imperilled by the discordant attitude and policy of the third great and equal partner, without whose active aid the world organisation cannot function, nor the shadow of war be lifted from the hearts and minds of men and nations.

"We must endeavour by patient and faithful service, to prepare for the day when there will be an effective World Government resulting upon the main groupings of mankind".

"PERSEVERE"

There was only one duty and watchword: "PERSEVERE". Some merger of national sovereignty might be involved, he said, but it was also possible to regard it as the gradual assumption by all the nations of a larger sovereignty to preserve national traditions, customs, and characteristics which, under totalitarian system, would be blotted out. It was the proud mission of the victor nations to lead the Germans by the hand back into the European family. He

(Continued on Page 9)

BAMBOOS FOR STEEL

India Faces Million Tons Deficit Annually In Hard Metal

NEW DELHI, May 7 (API): An overall annual deficit of about one million tons of steel as against India's minimum requirements of two millions tons has led to an intensive research for substitutes.

The India bamboo, enormous quantities of which goes to waste every year, is the latest claimant for an effective substitute for steel. It is stated that the bamboo can be used successfully as a substitute for steel in concrete, in the construction of roofs, posts, doors and window frames and floors of buildings, and a life of 30 years is predicted for the structures made of bamboo concrete.

Further research in this direction will, it is understood, be undertaken by the forest research institute, Dehra Dun, if the results are successful, the cost of country's housing programme will have been considerably reduced and its dependence for other building materials from abroad will have been curtailed.

Indian Ban On Gold & Silver Exports To Pakistan

UNION GOVERNMENT'S ACTION SEQUEL TO BREACH OF FINANCIAL AGREEMENT

NEW DELHI, MAY 7 (UPI): THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA HAVE DECIDED TO BAN, WITH IMMEDIATE EFFECT THE EXPORT OF GOLD AND SILVER BULLION FROM INDIA TO PAKISTAN, SAYS A PRESS COMMUNIQUE.

Enquiries made reveal that this action has been taken by the Government of India in view of the breach committed by the Pakistan Government in implementing the Indo-Pakistan financial agreement. It is understood that the breach of the agreement relates to the action of the Pakistan Government in prohibiting export of gold and silver from Pakistan, which was apparently designed to prevent non-Muslim refugees from carrying away their valuables with them from Pakistan to India.

It is gathered that the Government of India drew the attention of the Pakistan Government to this unilateral action and pointed out that their action amounted to contravention of the provisions of the financial agreement.

The Pakistan Government, it is further gathered took no notice of the Government of India's objection

(Continued on Page 9)

INDIAN INDUSTRIES FAIR IN BOMBAY

The Seventh Indian Industries Fair was opened in Bombay at Azad Maidan on Friday by the Jam Saheb of Nawanagar. Photo shows a part of the audience listening to the address of Mr. N. J. Gor, Chairman of the Indian Industries.

Atomic Talks Deadlock

Commission Asks For Suspension Of Work

LAKE SUCCESS, May 7 (Reuter): The United Nations Atomic Energy Commission, after 22 months of work on the International Control of atomic energy, today reported to the Security Council that it was useless to continue their labours until the Soviet Union agrees to co-operate with the "world community."

The draft report, sponsored by the French, British and the United States delegations and published today, began with these words: "The Atomic Energy Commission reports that it has reached an 'impasse'".

It reviewed the well-known divergence of views between the Soviet Union and the majority of nine other members of the Commission, and concluded by recommending suspension of the Commission's work.

THE TWO VIEWS

As briefly stated in the report, these divergencies are:

(1) The majority believe that atomic energy must not be developed on the basis of national interests and needs, means and resources; but that its planning and operation should be made a common enterprise in all its phases.

(2) The Soviet Union believes that the control plan favoured by the majority would infringe national sovereignty. Moverover, it insists that before any international control authority is set up, all nations should sign a Convention outlawing atomic bombs, and destroy their existing stocks of such weapons.

SAME OLD DEADLOCK

The report said: "Thus, after 22 months of work, the Commission finds itself confronted by virtually the same deadlock that stultified its initial discussions. The Soviet Union Government itself acknowledges the deadlock. It is now apparent that this deadlock cannot be broken at the Commission level.

"Both political and technical considerations demand that no important areas of the world be outside the control system. It is, therefore, evident that the full co-operation of the Soviet Union is indispensable for the establishment of a system of control which would prevent an atomic armaments race.

THE REAL QUESTION

"Whether the functions and powers of the International Control Agency.

(Continued on Page 9)

RESCUE FROM DEATH APPEAL FROM CONDEMNED GREEKS

ATHENS, May 7 (IPA): An appeal has been smuggled out of Athens which is signed by 1,500 Democrats imprisoned in Averoof prison, many of whom are due for execution within a week. This appeal is addressed to Mr. Trygvie Lie, Secretary-General of UNO, Marshall Stalin, Mr. Henry Wallace, the French President, M. Auriol and the Czech Premier, M. Klement Gottwald.

It says: "During recent weeks several hundreds have been executed. We appeal to civilized humanity to put an end of this inhuman massacre. The Athens Government has re-started mass execution of those who gallantly fought during the war on the side of the Allies. Three years have passed since we have been condemned to death by biassd Courts on charges of executing Fascist invaders and Greek quislings. We had hoped that our lives would be spared. We appeal to you, friends of Democratic Greece, to exercise your influence to save the remaining who are still alive and make possible the re-trial of our cases by unbiassed judges".

Another appeal by Greek Democrats to the Editors of the Communist "Daily Worker" says that they have the power to stop this mass murder and begs them to use it.

"The Times" editorially commented that the Greek Government harmed the cause in the Western eyes by ordering the execution of 152 Communists long held in prison and stated the cause would suffer more if the sentences were carried out against many of the 800 other Communists whose long standing appeals have to be settled one way or the other in little more than a week.

"The Manchester Guardian" felt that the Greek Government's action was sickening and pointed out that it was the symbol not of strength but of weakness.

17 'Reds' Shot

ATHENS, May 7. (Reuter): Greek firing squads shot seventeen communists on the Island of Aigina, where nineteen others sentenced for taking part in the 1944 rising were shot yesterday.

Munshi To Meet Sardar

HYDERABAD (Dn.) May 7 (API): Mr. K. M. Munshi, India's Agent-General in Hyderabad, left for Delhi by air today to attend a conference convened by the States Ministry.

From Delhi, Mr. Munshi will go to Mussoorie to meet Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel.

Mrs. Lilavati Munshi is leaving for Bangalore on May 9 to attend the Harijan Seva Sangh meeting there.

Kashmir Commission Personnel Completed

Zafrullah Pleads For U.N.O. Administrator For Junagadh

LAKE SUCCESS, May 7. (Reuter): The President of the Security Council, M. Alexandre Parodi, announced when the Council met today that he had chosen the United States to complete the Five-Man United Nations' Commission for Kashmir.

The Commission was appointed to go to Kashmir to supervise arranements for a plebiscite on accession to India or Pakistan.

The other members of the Commission are Argentina, Colombia, Belgium and Czechoslovakia.

They Could Not Agree

Argentina and Czechoslovakia were to have decided on the fifth member, but could not agree on the choice. The Council President was therefore, empowered to name the member.

Mr. Warren Austin, United States representative, said his country would accept full responsibility in this appointment.

ZAFRULLAH'S HOPES

Sir Muhammad Zafrullah Khan said it was a matter of gratification that a certain definite stage had been reached with regard to the Security Council's efforts to bring about a settlement of the Jammu and Kashmir question.

"We are particularly gratified that the United States has found it possible to undertake the responsibility which the President of the Security Council under the terms of the Council's resolution has cast upon that great country.

"We trust that it will now be possible to get the Commission together as quickly as possible so that it can forthwith assume the discharge of the obligations laid upon it by the Council's resolution.

I am speaking for the moment completely as an individual keenly and passionately desirous of peace between the two Dominions of peace all over the world".

TEST FOR UNO

Sir Muhammad expressed the hope that if the Commission proceede immediately to the spot and gives complete and practical proof of the fact that it will discharge the duties cast upon it by the resolu-

(Continued on Page 9)

U Saw To Be Hanged To-day

RANGOON, May 7. (Reuter): U Saw, 47-year-old former Premier of Burma, will be hanged inside the black walls in Insein Gaol here at down tomorrow for complicity in the murder of U Aung San, Burmese Premier, and six other Cabinet Ministers.

Three of his colleagues, sentenced with him last December, will be hanged in the same gaol, two others will be hanged in the Central Gaol.

The remaining three, U Saw's nephew, Thu Kha and Maung Ni, have had their sentences commuted to transportation for life.

Tonight a curfew will be imposed on streets surrounding the gaol.

The Rangoon Magistrate and the doctor of Insein prison will watch the executions—ten months after the mass murder of Aung San's Cabinet.

Mrs. Saw spoke to her husband for the last time yesterday.

He will be buried inside Insein Goal.

A national project for the production of Aluminium

Rightly enough, the production of Aluminium has been made a national cause. The Govt. of C.P. and Berar are the promoters of the Company subscribing to 60% of the ordinary share capital. With various privileges offered by the Govt. under agreement and with the expert and complete foreign collaboration arranged, this indeed is a national project that can claim all co-operation from the people.

SPECIAL FEATURES.

* The richest bauxite deposits in India near Katni, C. P. have been secured under agreement with the option to purchase.
* Government of India's participation by nomination of Director General, Industry & Supply on Board of Directors.
* Societe Anonyme Pour l'Industrie de l'Aluminium of Lausanne, Switzerland, one of the oldest Manufacturers of Aluminium, have agreed to give all technical assistance including the services of expert technicians and making technical secrets available.
* The Dorr Company Inc. of New York, Engineers, have contracted to design the 25,000 tons per annum Bayer Process Alumina plant.

THE GOVT. OF C.P. & BERAR Promotes THE NATIONAL ALUMINIUM COMPANY OF INDIA LTD. Negotiates & Settles AGREEMENT FOR ACQUISITION OF THE BEST BAUXITE PROPERTY as well as FOREIGN COLLABORATION and themselves offer VALUABLE PRIVILEGES UNDER AGREEMENT

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1. The Govt. declare themselves as Promoters of the Company in conjunction with the other Promoter, Mr. Walter Datt, who makes over his Bauxite properties to the Company.
2. The C.P. Govt. subscribe to 60% of the 2½ crores ordinary share capital of the company.
3. The C. P. Govt. to nominate 3 members as representatives on the Board of Directors
4. The C.P. Govt. have 51% share in the Managing Agency—Hind-Alco Ltd.
5. The C. P. Govt. to take immediate steps for land acquisition for the company's factories and other structures.
6. The C. P. Govt. to provide at their own cost such roads as they may consider necessary for the scheme.
7. The C. P. Govt. to use their good offices for providing suitable railway sidings.

THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT after careful examination of the scheme have promised full support and co-operation and have nominated the Director General, Industry and Supply as a director to the Board of the Company.

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PUBLIC NOTICES

GRAINSHOP DEPARTMENT

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY

QUOTATIONS returnable by 11 hrs on 11-5-48, are invited on Railway's form for the supply of (1) Chillies, (2) Gram Dall, (3) Spices and (4) Watana Black from the merchants possessing the necessary trade licences.

For quantities, terms and deliveries and other conditions please apply to the Asst. Controller of Grainshops, Churchgate, Bombay, at any time during working hours.

8405

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Bombay 8th May, 1948.

(8727)

LEGAL NOTICES

SHORT CAUSE

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

Suit No. 3410 of 1947.

Messrs. VISHWAMBHARLAL RUIYA, a firm, registered under the Indian Partnership Act and carrying on business as Bankers, Merchants and Commission Agents, Cotton Seeds and Brokers of 188, Kalbadevi Road, without the Fort of Bombay. .. Plaintiffs.

Vs.

(1) KRISHNARAJ DHANJIBHAI & CO., a firm, carrying on business as Brokers and Merchants at East India Cotton Exchange Building, Kalbadevi, outside the Fort of Bombay and (2) MADANGOPAL JAGANNATHPRASAD AGARWALLA of Agra, Hindu Inhabitant, residing and carrying on business at Agra, outside Bombay. .. Defendants.

To,
MADANGOPAL JAGANNATHPRASAD AGARWALLA,

The 2nd Defendant abovenamed.

WHEREAS the abovenamed Plaintiffs have filed a Plaint in this Court against you the abovenamed Defendants whereof the following is a concise statement, Viz:

For a Decree against the Defendants jointly and or severally for Rs. 34,608/5/- with interest thereon at the rate of 6% per annum from the date of the suit till Judgment, costs of the suit and interest on Judgment at the rate of 4% per annum till payment.

You are hereby summoned to appear in this Court on the 22nd day of June, 1948, at eleven o'clock, (Standard Time), in the forenoon, in person or by an Advocate (O.S.) duly instructed by an Attorney of this Court and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some other person able to answer all such questions to answer the abovenamed Plaintiff, and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit, you must produce all your witnesses on that day, and you are hereby required to take notice that in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence, and you will bring with you (or send by your Attorney) any document in your possession or power containing evidence relating to the merits of the Plaintiffs case or upon which you intend to rely in support of your case.

WITNESS MAHOMMEDALI CURRIM CHAGLA, Esquire, Acting Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid this 23rd day of October, 1947.

(Sd.) A. R NARAYAN AYYAR,
for Prothonotary & Senior Master.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

A. R. NARAYAN AYYAR,
Sealer.

The 23rd day of October, 1947.

Messrs. AMBUBHAI & DIWANJI, Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

(8463)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that ABDULLA RAHIM HASHAM, who had hitherto been carrying on business in House No. 97-99-101, 1st Chinchbunder Road under the firm and style of Dharsi Khamisa and in a warehouse in House No. 2971 A, at Nishanpada Cross Lane, under the firm name and style of 'Rahimbhai Hasham & Sons' has assigned the said firm names together with their goodwill to our clients Messrs. R. D. Shaikh & Co., as from the 1st day of May, 1948. All debts due to and owing by the said firms up to the 30th day of April, 1948, shall be received and paid respectively by the said Abdulla Rahim Hasham and all debts and outstandings subsequent to the 30th day of April, 1948, shall be respectively payable and recoverable by the said R. D. Shaikh & Co., who from the 1st day of May, 1948, shall be exclusively entitled to the goodwill thereof and the benefits of the said firm names.

Messrs. TAHER & CO.,
Attorneys-at-Law.

(8439)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that NAROTTAMDAS BECHARDAS, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant as the Surviving Trustee of the Indenture of Trust dated the 21st day of December, 1926, and in his personal capacity has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 70, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of land hereditaments and premises (of pension and tax tenure cess whereof has been redeemed vide G.R.R. No. 329, dated 19-5-1911) with the messuages tenements dwelling house or structures standing thereon situate, lying and being at Fofalwadi near Bhuleshwar, outside the Fort of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 400 (Four Hundred) square yards or thereabouts registered in the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 278, New Nos. 1929 and 1932, Old Survey No. 54 and being portions of New Survey Nos. 2566 and 1565 Cadastral Survey No. 12376 of Bhuleshwar Division assessed by the Bombay Municipality under C Ward No. 5253 (1), Street Nos. 18 and 13 Fofalwadi Street and bounded on or towards the East by the property of Manilal Tapidas, on or towards the West partly by the property of Uttamlal Vandravandas and partly by the property of Gordhandas Varjivandas, on or towards the North by the First Fofalwadi Lane and on or towards the South by the Second Fofalwadi Lane.

Bombay, Dated this 7th day of May, 1948.

DESAI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

(8461)

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that HIRALAL MAGANLAL CHOKSEY, of Santa Cruz has contracted to sell the undermentioned property free from all incumbrances to our client Mr. CHUNILAL JAVERCHAND SHAH, who in his turn has contracted to sell the said property in two separate lots to our other clients: viz, Trakorelal Jivanlal Shah and Mrs. Madhukanta Bhogilal Mehta. Any person having any claim of any kind whatsoever in, to or upon the said property is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at 98, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within ten days from the date hereof, otherwise the Sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be treated as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY ABOVE REFERRED TO:-

ALL THAT piece or parcel of Vacant land, situate at Saraswat Road, Santa Cruz, in Greater Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra, District Greater Bombay, admeasuring 1418 Square Yards or thereabouts, being a portion of a larger piece of land, bearing Plot No. 82 of Santa Cruz Town Planning Scheme No. II and which piece of land bears Sub-Plot No. 3B and bounded as follows: that is to say, on the East by land bearing Sub-Plot No. 3A, On the West by land bearing Sub-Plot No. 2, On the North by Storm Water Drain and On the South by Saraswat Road.

Dated this 8th day of May, 1948.

SHAH AND CHINUBHAI.
Purchasers' Attorneys.

8462

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF MUNICIPAL U|S. STORES

Under instructions from the Municipal Commissioner, Bombay, M.s. BENNETT & CO. will on MONDAY, 17th inst. at 3 P.M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at Central Stores, Chinchpokli:—C.I. Pipe and Box Scrap about 60 and 20 Tons, aluminium, copper, brass and gun metal scrap, kerosene tins, flushing tanks, gunny bags, drums, lamps, stores, chisels, files, spanners, hammers, garden shears, shovels, Powaras, etc. On TUESDAY, 18th inst. at 3 P.M. (S.T.) at Foras Road, Municipal Workshop:—4|5, and 40|45 gallons drums, kerosene tins, tyres, tubes, E. Lamps, etc. on TUESDAY, 18th inst. at 4 P.M. (S.T.) at Bellasis Bridge Pipe Depot, Tardeo:—C I. & W. I. scrap about 20 and 12 tons, 4 5 and 40 gallons drums, galv. sheets and pipes, manganese steel scrap, ghemellas, buckets, barrels, pickaxes, Powaras, shovels, steel pipes, etc. Terms: 50% Cash deposit.

BENNETT & CO.

BONA FIDE SALE

AUCTION SALE TOMORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 A.M. Property of B. Turner, Esqr., and others at Chowpatty Sea Face near Vianellis Restaurant of complete household and office furniture, Godrej mirror door steel almirah, Godrej and Noble safe, Singer Rd. bobbin machine, Typewriter, U.S.A. Frigidaire, "Marconi" Radio, Elec. fans, dining, writing and dressing tables, chairs, show case, Chesterfield, almirah, bed, glassware, etc., (S. Tax). T. 40213 EASTERN AUCTION CO.

England's Chances Against The Aussies

NO-BALL PERPLEXITIES

By W. J. Edrich, D.F.C., Middlesex and England All-rounder

LONDON.—

If Ray Lindwall, the Australian fast bowler, is no-balled in English cricket this season because a film has shown that his back foot is over the bowling line at the point of delivery, I, too, can expect to be no-balled out of the game next time I play. For I am quite certain that, if a slow motion film were taken of my delivery, my back foot would be over the line when the ball is actually leaving my hand! And the same can be said of any fast bowler — yes, the great Harold Larwood too — of any period of the game.

Work it out logically. The popping crease — the distance between the wickets and the line on which the batsman stands — is four feet six inches. Most fast bowlers put their back foot down about six inches behind the bowling line and by reason of their momentum their front foot reaches almost to the batsman's block — a stride of approximately five feet. Following the action through its sequence, delivery is made off the front foot, which means that the body has been carried through by the momentum of the run up, and the back foot must be following-through for the next stride. AND, AS A FIVE-FOOT STRIDE IS OUTSIDE THE NORMAL CAPACITY OF ANY MAN, THE BACK FOOT MUST BE UP AND OVER THE BOWLING LINE WHEN THE BALL LEAVES THE HAND.

Bill O'Reilly, the great Australian spin bowler, agrees with me on this point, and tells me that he had films made of his own action, and, although he was a slow bowler whose back foot was well on the proper side of the line when he started his action, it was always well over by the time his body had followed through and the ball was leaving his hand. And if you photograph Doug Wright, Alec Bedser, or any of our good bowlers, you will find the same thing.

While I recognise that some of our umpires may be concerned about Lindwall's delivery — he drags his foot along the ground more than most of us — I hope there will be no wholesale noballing. His action in my opinion is perfectly fair, he takes no advanttagg in distance, and it would be a pity, if contention were roused on such an issue.

SPIRIT OF THE GAME

I am wholeheartedly with Bradman in his pleas for a pleasant tour. Somehow recent meetings between England and Australia have developed into controversies instead of games of cricket, and I think it is high time we got back on an even keel. By that I do not suggest that there should be one whit less seriousness in the actual playing of the game. When I go on to the field I am all out from the first ball to the last, and I expect the same concentration from my opponents. But I still think we could have that, and the true spirit of our great game, which, for instance, prompts the batsman, when he has edged a ball and knows he is caught, to tuck his bat under his arm and walk away without having to wait for the umpire to raise his finger. Let us hope we see it this tour.

That point, incidentally, may seem an elementary one to English cricketers brought up to do that sort of thing naturally. But it is not just the same in Australia. I remember one very hot discussion with some of the Australian boys last winter after one of the Bradman incidents. They contends that no batsman should give himself out. That, they argued, was the sole right of the umpire. One of them cited an instance in 1938, when Wally Hammond at a very critical stage touched a ball which flashed through to the wicket keeper. Wally immediately made for the pavilion without waiting for the umpire to give him out.

It later transpired that the umpire thought that the ball had flicked off Wally's pad, and he would not have given him out. "In this instance," my Australian friend argued, "Hammond let his side down by conceding his wicket. He should have left it to the umpire. After all, how many times does a batsman lose his wicket when the umpire errs the other way? There must be compensation!"

Well that was his point of view. I can only say I prefer our way. But I think we should appreciate that it is not necessarily bad sportsmanship on the part of Australian batsmen when they wait for decisions which seem obvious — it is the way they have been brought up in the game.

One of the things which has astounded all the Australian boys is the pessimism so many English people have displayed about our chances this time. I can assure you that the Australian players themselves are not half so optimistic as we seem to be the other way! And I think they have the right slant on things. Viewing the position quite frankly, and remembering that they have genuine pace in attack and we haven't — and that is about their only real advantage — I would say they stand favourites to win with odds no greater than six to four. But cricket is a funny game, and they could easily come unstuck.

OUR DISMAL JIMMIES

I intend to discuss the merits of the various players later in this series, but you can take it from me that, while Bradman has certainly brought a good side, it is by no means invincible. And if we could just get one or two of the breaks they had last winter — and they are due — this series might not be so securely in the Australian bag after all. These spin bowlers the Don has brought are not all they are cracked up to be, and I am one of many who believes that they left their best, Dooland, at home.

My advice to our dismal Jimmies is to wait and see how some of these Australian wonders shape on a bad English wicket. They might not look so good. And I think I can promise this — it will be a far livelier England team which will face Bradman's men than played against South Africa last year. The personnel might be little changed, but, I promise you, the spirit will. The Aussies will have to fight for all they get.

English Women Cricketers Prepare To Tour Australia

Team Includes Two Philosophers And Games Mistresses

LONDON, May 6 (Reuter).—With the Australian cricket team occupying premier position in the eyes of cricket enthusiasts little thought is given to England's women cricketers who are preparing to tour Australia this coming winter.

On the whole interest in women's cricket has revived rapidly since the war and there are now nearly 200 clubs, schools and colleges associated with the Women's Cricket Association. Their main interest lies in the sixteen girls who will leave for Australia in October on a six months' tour which will include Test matches at Melbourne, Adelaide and Sydney. This will be the second visit to Australia by English women cricketers. Ten of the girls are from London and the home counties and the prospects of the team are reckoned to be good in fact some enthusiasts are of the opinion that they will make 200 runs against any bowling on almost any wicket. Four of the team—Molly (Captain), Myrtle MacLagan, Frace Morgan and Elizabeth Snowball—have been to Australia before.

Baby of the tourists is Petite Hazel Sanders who is 22 years of age. A stylish bat she is a good spin bowler and a keen fielder. When not playing cricket she reads agriculture at Reading University. M. MacLagan is considered the teams best all rounder; Miss Morgan is a civil servant and number two wicket keeper and Miss Snowball is the regular wicketkeeper.

Others in the team include Cecilia Robinson, Games Mistress aged 24, whose home is in Canterbury, Betty Birch aged 23 also a games mistress—medium paced bowler and good fielder. Megan Lowe who teaches philosophy and social science at Twickenham—also a bowler. Nancy Joy of Faanham, Doctor of Philosophy—good bat. Aline Brown sister of F. Brown of Surrey a good stickywicket bowler. Miss Brown and her brother will be the only brother and sister who have represented England in Australia at Cricket.

JACKSON'S SUCCESS AGAINST AUSSIES

Emphasises Need Of Offspinners

LONDON, May 7 (Reuter).—The success of Peter Jackson, Worcestershire offspin bowler, who started his benefit season by taking five of the first Australian wickets to fall in the tour, serves to emphasise the increasing importance of bowlers of this type in present day cricket It is much too early to determine whether the Australian batsmen will show a genuine dislike for offspin but those who advocate that such a bowler should be included in England's Test attack are strengthened in their belief by Jackson's achievement Most likely candidate is Surrey's Yorkshire-born Jim Laker who came to the fore so rapidly last year that his first season in big cricket was followed by an M.C.C. invitation to tour the West Indies. Laker finished seventh in last season's first class bowling averages and headed the county's Others who may aspire to an England place for offspinners include Tom Goddard of Gloucestershire who although forty-seven years of age is still one of the best spin bowlers in the country and E. Robinson of Yorkshire a particularly dangerous man of wet pitches.

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Bhopal Win Keen Match

Defenders Shine

BOMBAY, Friday.

BHOPAL	2
FARIDKOT	1

In a hard-fought, keenly-contested match dominated by the rival defences Bhopal got the better of Faridkot in the second semi-final by two goals to one and thus qualified to meet Bombay in the finals on Saturday evening at 5-45 p.m.

The strength of the rival defenders cornered most of the glory of this match which was characterised by robust though clean hockey in which both the sides indulged. Of the two forward lines the losers was the more hard-working while the winners' seized their chances and made certain of victory. Only two real chances of scoring came the way of the Bhopal forwards and it redounds to their credit that they converted both these chances and placed their side on the road to victory. First Lateef, with a brilliant piece of work eluded Trilochan Singh and then near the goal-mouth centred the ball hard and accurately. Meher Singh tried to intercept the ball and was tackled by Shakoor and Habib. Meanwhile the ball trickled down the goal line in front of Sharif who deflected the ball into the boards before the custodian could recover himself.

The winners next opportunity of scoring came in the second half when some thirty yards from the goal Habib was given possession of the ball and from there he put in a great solo effort and side-stepping the onrushing Meher Singh shot into the goal. Meher Singh's habit of rushing out, incidentally that had paid dividends against mediocre forwards proved to be his undoing when opposed by players of definite class.

For the greater part of the match Shakoor and his colleagues in the front line were not allowed to do much dangerous work by an inspired defence in which as is his wont Trilochan Singh was the most outstanding. Together with Gurbachan Singh he kept a stern and restraining eye on the most dangerous Bhopal forward Lateef and reduced the value of this player to his side. On the right wing Qamar found himself being neglected and made full use of this opportunity of putting in good runs down the line before invariable being halted by deep defender Khushal Chand.

The intermediate line of the Bhopal side had to work with full steam due to the constant pressure that the Sikhs kept up in their territory. Zaheer who was adept at the task of foiling the rival attackers received good support from his wing halves Qayum and Mohd. Naseer, though in the matter of feeding his forwards all three fell short of the expectations of their attackers. This last disability was largely due to the preoccupation of the intermediate line from keeping the Faridkot attackers at bay and preventing them for getting through.

Udam Singh who led the Faridkot attack performed magnificently and must have staked a very big claim for accompanying the Indian team to London. He repeatedly went through the entire defence on his own, delighting the large crowd with his neat and superb stick-work which tied defender after defender into knots. His supporters in the front line, Sadhu Singh and Ranjit Singh, showed merely occasional flashes of brilliance and failed either to anticipate or to respond to the moves initiated by their gifted centre-forward.

The few good centres that Jaswant Rai sent across were negatived by the crowding of the defence and the able and first time clearances of Akhtar Hussein who was never really beaten during the match. Time and again he halted Usham Singh when the latter threatened to burst through. Akhtar Hussein was well supported by Abdul Samad and Boston Khan in the goal.

Perhaps the failure of the Faridkot side will have to rest with their intermediate line which at best acted as an advanced defence. None of the wing halves followed closely on the heels of his forwards and some clearances that might have been converted into sterling opportunities were allowed to fade out. The inclusion of such a genius as Perumal in the ranks of the bearded players would almost certainly have made a noticeable difference on the final reckoning.

Trilochan Singh who scored the only goal for his side off a short-corner when his side was down by two goals, played as well was expected of him and proved to be the stumbling block to the winners' forwards.

THE TEAMS:

BHOPAL—Boston Khan; Abdul Samad and Akhtar Hussein; Qayum, Zaheer and Mohd. Naseer; Qamar, Sharif, Shakoor, Habib and Lateef.

FARIDKOT—Meher Singh, Trilochan Singh and Khushal Chand; Gurbachan Singh, Rajinder Singh and Karnail Singh, Jaswant Rai, Sadhu Singh, Udham Singh, Ranjit Singh and Gurbachan Singh

REFEREES—Messrs Daniel and J. B D'Souza.

Saturday evening at 5-45 p.m. Bombay vs. Bhopal (Final of the National Men's Hockey Championship.)

New Maharashtra Football Association

A general meeting of the New Maharashtra Football Association, Kirkee, was held at Kirkee on Tuesday last when Mr Hormasjee N Merchant, presided.

The following office-bearers for the year 1948-49, were elected:

PRESIDENT: Mr. Hormasjee N. Merchant.

VICE-PRESIDENTS: Mr. B. L. Narendra and Dr. V. P. Apte

TREASURER: Mr. A. A. H. D'Costa

JOINT SECRETARIES: Mr. G. T. Murthi and Mr. R. B. Metallu.

The Sportsman's Sportsfolio

GRAND HOCKEY BALL AT THE COOPERAGE TONIGHT

By J. C. Maitra

The Bombay Provincial Hockey Association has arranged a grand ball at the Cooperage tonight. The entire proceeds of this show will go to help the Indian hockey team which will go to London next month to defend our World Championship Naval Tata and his colleagues are trying their utmost to make the event a great success. Everything however depends on our sportsmen and patrons of sport. In view of the noble cause for which the show has been arranged, it is hoped that generous support will be for the coming from all quarters. Those who turn up will find many interesting items on the programme.

BENGAL AND U.P. DISAPPOINT

Much was expected from Bengal and the United Provinces in the Inter-Provincial Hockey Tournament. But both of them disappointed their supporters beyond measure Bengal's League Champions, Port Commissioners, recently figured in the final of their premier competition, Beighton Cup, against U.P. in an inconclusive fight. And this club had left an excellent impression behind by their shows in the Aga Khan Cup It was generally expected therefore that their provincial side would be much stronger than this club team Everybody thought that their first opponents, Faridkot, were doomed. But the latter gave such a splendid. But the latter them that they were beaten by the substantial margin of 4—2.

DEAD-WEIGHTS ON BENGAL

The blame for this defeat however attaches to the Bengal Selectors primarily and them to Hodges their veteran left-back and other old-stagers.

This old War Horse should never have been chosen. He is long past his best. To expect anything of his old skill from him was nothing short of crying for the moon He made a miserable exhibition of himself and was the main cause of Bengal's defeat.

There were other old passengers in the team who acted as dead-weights on their speedy movements. Had they relied on their younger men—oh for a Claudius at the pivot—they might have easily turned the tables on their doughty opponents.

UNACCOUNTABLE MASSACRES

For U.P. less said the better. Even Babu, their brilliant attacker, was completely eclipsed. They succumbed to Mysore so tamely that nobody would believe that they had an all-conquering march at Calcutta only a few days ago. Were they over-confident or stale? Whatever may be the reason, I am unable to accept the view that they played up to their usual form and were well and truly beaten

Then what about Mysore who were in their next outing, conquered by a depleted Bombay side to the tune of 5 goals to one? Is it possible that Bombay in their full strength could account for U.P. by a cricket score? They might have made short-work of Mysore also, had the Poona players figured in the team.

A SUICIDAL POLICY

It would be suicidal for Bombay to estimate their opponents in this fashion. It is certainly very creditable for them to defeat their rivals in the manner they have done. But they must always rate their final antagonists, whether Bhopal or Faridkot happen to meet them. It must be remembered that both Bhopal and Faridkot gave superb displays in their last engagements Should they reproduce that form against them, they would be hard nuts to crack So Bombay should prepare themselves for a battle royal in the final. It is most surprising why the Poona players did not turn up on Thursday last Every step should be taken to see that all the players are at hand in good time.

SUMANT MISRA BEATS LISTER

LONDON, May 7 (Reuter): Narendra Nath beat his compatriot, Subh Sawhney, in straight sets in the in the semifinal of the men's singles in the Horlingham lawn tennis tournament here today when play was continued in glorious sunny weather.

Narendra Nath defeated Sawhney 6 3, 6/4.

In the final he will meet the winner of the semifinal match between Sumant Misra India, and C. Lister.

Sumant Misra beat C. Lister 6/4, 6 2 in the other semifinal.

Narendra Nath proved too severe for Sawhney. Winning in straight sets despite the efforts of Sawhney to break up the flow of his forcing game by drop shots.

Sumant Misra, India's Number One, also had a straight sets victory over the Essex county player, Claud Liter, who failed to withstand the stern aggressive play of the tall Indian.

Indian Football Team For World Olympic

CALCUTTA, May 7 (AFI): The Honorary Secretary of All-India Football Federation announces that the following seventeen players have been selected to represent India for the World Olympic Football games, to be held in London this year.

Goal:—Varadaraj (Mysore) and Sanjiva (Bombay);

Backs:—S. Manna (Bengal), Taj Mohammed (Bengal) and Papen (Bombay);

Half-Backs:—T. Aso (Bengal)—Captain, Mahabir (Bengal), Kaiser (Bengal), Nundy (Bengal) and Basir (Mysore);

Forwards:—Vajaravelu (Mysore), Parab (Bombay), Mewalal (Bengal), S. Nundy (Bengal), Ahmed (Mysore), Raman (Mysore) and Dhanraj (Mysore).

Indian Swimmers For Olympic

CALCUTTA, May 7 (API): Messrs. B. K. Ghosh and P. L. Ahir, Joint Conveners of the All-India Swimming trials to select the Indian swimming team for the Olympic games at London, notify that the selection trials will be held at the Cornwallis Square Tank (Azad Hind Bagh), National Swimming Associations course) on the 9th May, at 2-30 p.m. Swimmers from Bombay and U.P. will participate at the trials. Selection both for the water polo team and swimmers will be made on Tuesday, the 11th instant

LONDON May 6. (Reuter): A Foreign Office Spokesman today confirmed that Colonel J D Tassoyev, former chief of the Russian repatriation mission in Bremen, had "voluntarily defected" and had now arrived in Britain In accordance with traditional British policy towards refugees the Colonel would be allowed to live in this country as a private citizen

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Plea For Fair Deal For Cotton Grower

M.L.A's CHARGE AGAINST MILLOWNERS BEFORE TARIFF BOARD

BOMBAY, Friday.

Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas, representing the East India Cotton Association, complained before the Tariff Board today that the interests of the cotton cultivators were overlooked by the Government. It was necessary for Government to formulate a considered economic policy in regard to the whole question of cotton cultivation and use of cotton by the textile industry, as well as exports of cotton.

Sir Purshottamdas told the Board, which is now enquiring into cotton textile costings, that the cotton grower should be ensured an adequate return, especially in view of the depressed times through which he had passed.

He felt that the experience of the Raw Cotton Commission in U.K. was not of much use for India, since Britain imported all its cotton, while India had to look to the interests of the cotton cultivators. He was of the opinion that the prices of cotton were not at all high considering the world parity prices and the actual cotton position. He contended that there were other methods of achieving economy in the production of cloth, besides cutting down the cost of cotton.

Sir Purshottamdas did not favour a system of bulk purchase of Indian cotton or of laying down floor or minimum prices which would necessarily involve ceiling or maximum prices and reintroduce controls which, he thought, had been a miserable failure" in this country. He was not against the policy of reducing the quantity or substituting expensive foreign cotton. He was optimistic in regard to the possibilities of growth of long staple cotton in India.

Mr. Ruia of the East India Cotton Association was also examined.

CONSUMERS' VIEW

Mr. Babubhai Patel, member of the Legislative Assembly, who expressed the consumers' views before the Board, suggested that the work of cloth distribution could be entrusted to co-operate societies under Government supervision.

He threw the major blame for the rising prices at the millowners door who, he said, were charging exorbitant rates in spite of their pledge to Government that they would keep the interest of the consumers at heart. He rejected the move of the millowners to open fair price shops as "mere eyewash".

Focussing his attention on capital-labour relations in the textile industry, Mr. Patel observed that the workers definitely deserved a better deal. Capitalists should provide them better amenities and living conditions. Now the worker was disinterested whether productions increased or not as he felt in either case his lot remained unchanged. It was the worker's view that more productions meant more profits to the millowners.

He suggested that India should import Pakistan cotton in exchange for Indian textile goods. Mr. Patel favoured an efficient system of cloth control. However he was glad that Government did away with the inefficient control machinery that was working till now.

Two representatives of the Constituent Assembly of India who could not reach Bombay in time, are likely to be examined by the Board next week.

32-PAGE BOOKLET

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Yemen Recognises Indonesian Republic

BATAVIA, May 7 (Reuter)—The Yemen has recognised the Indonesian Republic, the Netherlands information service announced today.

WASHINGTON, May 6 (Reuter): The United States today rejected as baseless British Common-wealth fears that the creation of a Japanese coast-guard might mean the beginning of a revival of the Japanese navy.

Sovereignty With People Or King

Discussions In Mysore Constituent Assembly

BANGALORE, May 6 (A.P.I.)—In the Mysore Constituent Assembly which continued discussion today on the objectives resolutions, its President Mr. Subramaniam asserted that the Constituent Assembly was sovereign and had full right to frame whatever form of constitution it desired. The Maharaja was bound to accept the constitution so framed. This position was clarified by the President as a member.

Mr. Gundappa Gowda, questioned the correctness of laying down in the objectives resolution that sovereignty lay with the people. The Constituent Assembly itself had been called by the Maharaja under a proclamation by which the Constituent Assembly was directed to frame a constitution which would be adopted by the Maharaja "with such modifications considered suitable or necessary."

Mr. Gundappa Gowda pointed out that as per wording of the proclamation, the Maharaja was sovereign though he might agree to abide by the decision of his subjects. The President stated that he could not allow any discussion on the question and he assumed that the Constituent Assembly was sovereign for the purpose of framing Mysore's constitution.

Mohd. Sheriff, President of the State Muslim League and Minister in the interim Congress Ministry, wanted powers of the Maharaja to be defined. Mr. D. V. Gundappa who is considered an expert on constitutional matters, stated there was nothing inconsistent in the wording of the resolution. Republic was not negation of monarchy. The head of the state may be Governor, or President or King or even a Dictator. If the head of the state is hereditary, he is called a King. Without the support of the people, no Government could function and hence sovereignty naturally vested with the people. Discussion was not concluded today.

Akalis Welcome Punjab States Union

NEW DELHI, May 6 (API): Sardar Amar Singh Dosanjh, acting President, Shridomani Akali Dal in a statement to press welcomes the formation of the East Punjab States Union which he characterises as the opening of new chapter for the states subjects.

He said the Shiromani Akali Dal who had always stood for an evolution in the states and now that the demand had in fact and in substance been met to a great extent the Dal and the masses would feel satisfied. But, he added it must be pointed out that the selection of a permanent Rajpramukh for life and further making it heriditary by conferring an absolute majority of vote even against all combinations appears to be a clog on the otherwise democratic appearance of the Covenant. But it may be tolerated as this is only one aspect of the present scheme.

Sardar Amar Singh hoped that the demand of the Shiromani Akali Dal for the establishment of full responsible government in these states would be met soon.

Gool Tata's Composition— "Homage To Mahatmaji"

(From A Correspondent.)

The course of a musical career is seldom smooth or even, it demands so many things—not the least among these is the sheer determination to see it through. And it is this sheer pluck or grit that is clerly visible on every page that records the work of the sisters Gool and Naja Tata, whether that work consists of the daily tuitions they give, or of their preparation of their students for examinations or of their annual concerts.

The concert for this year was held on 26th April, at Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall. Mrs. Mithan Lam presided over the function, while Miss Sylla Spencer presented the report for the year, 1947. Mrs. Mithan Lam delivered an inspiring speech encouraging the young sturents.

The high light of the evening was that lovely tone-poem, "Homage to Matamaji" composed by Gool Tata herself and performed as a Trio. The composer indeed deserves to be congratulated on the loveliness of this work. She had also arranged a couple of the other items herself.

Considering the fact that the vast majority of the performers are students, a really high standard of performance was achieved—at least in the opinion of the lay audience. The orchestra, with Meheri Kapadia at the piano and Burjor Vacha as the leader was well-disciplined and played up as one team. The flute, clarinet and Mandolines brought out the desired effects in the "back ground" music, but this was marred by the trumpet.

The Mandoline Ensemble, too, was well regulated and its items well appreciated. The sole credit for maintaining the standard of this Mandolines Ensemble, is due to Naja Tata, who works so hard towards this end.

Khikhoo Mehta (Soprano) sang two popular Serenades beautifully. Special mention must be made of Khursaid Mody's Violin Solo, of Roshan S. Bharucha who succeeded in bringing out the fire and brilliance of De Falla's "Ritual Fire Dance", and of Hungarian Dance No 1 by Brahms played as a piano duet by Cyrus Panthaki (who has a fine touch) & Najoo R. Tata.

The Double Concerto by Bach is a difficult work and the Trio performing this, appeared to lack life. However, Jeejee Divecha the violinist, when conducting the Junior Ensemble, succeeded in drawing from the latter a spirited interpretation of Beethoven's Turkish March.

Burjor Vacha has gained the popularity his talent deserves, through years of performance and his rendering of the beautiful "Chaconne" by Vitali, on the Violin, received a terrific ovation. Little Kavas Dadachanji shows great promise.

Youth, in its chosen career, deserves encouragement, but unfortunately it is sadly neglected in this country. And this is where lies the true significance, the real value of the Tata's concerts—far more than in their tremendous popularity, although this, too, is undeniable.

VARTAK VISITS ASHTI

Appeals To Agriculturists To Take Up Constructive Programme

'Although our country has won freedom, the social inequalities have not yet disappeared.' Mahatmaji, with his teaching of the "Sarvodaya" has blazed the path which we must follow in creating new world. The country has to face many external enemies and the crisis through which the country is passing demands that the national Government should be strengthened. This can be done with organized efforts to increase production. But at this hour of crisis, many parties that profess to promote the interests of the agriculturists have sprung into existence and they are engaged in disruptive tactics and are misleading the agriculturists. I must warn you against them."

This was Mr Vartak, Bombay's Minister for Local Self-Government, addressing a large gathering at Ashti, the historic village in Wardha, C.P., where a Physical Training Conference was held on May 1 under the auspices of the saint Tukadoji Maharaj. Over 500 students had come down from Nagpur to participate in the function and, when the prayers were offered, over 5,000 men and women stood in order behind the students' formation.

CONSTRUCTIVE PROGRAMME

The Minister said that he felt privileged and happy to visit the sacred soil where the martyrs of Ashti made history. He described the programme outlined by the Bombay Government of mass education and reconstruction in the village. He stressed the value of the prohibition programme and its importance in the lives of the villagers. He said that physical training had not had limited scope but also embraced the function of training in citizenship, sanitation, village industries and harmonious progress. He appealed to the agriculturists to take up the constructive programme and make a success of it.

Next day, Mr Vartak visited the spot where the Ashti heroes in the Indian freedom struggle were cremated and held a flag salutation ceremony. He then left for Nagpur and returned to Bombay by plane.

POOLING RESOURCES OF W. EUROPEAN CIVIL AIRLINES

U. S. Govt. Favours Proposal

WASHINGTON, May 6 (Reuter):—Pooling of resources by West European civil airlines in conformity with the general "Western Union" principals here and in Europe, it was learned to-night.

The proposal is looked on with favour by the United States Government who consider it would contribute an important new element to Western European military solidarity.

The aim of the scheme would be to achieve economy, efficiency and a continental airlines system which would most satisfactorily foster trade needs. Officials discussing the matter here also realise that such co-operation would lay a significant aim transport potential at the disposal of any integrated Western European military force.

INCREASE IN BRITISH EXPORTS

Cripps Discloses In House Of Commons

LONDON, May 7 (Reuter)—British export in April, estimated provisionally at £122,000,000, were one million sterling more than in March, which were the highest since 1920.

Sir Stafford Cripps, Chancellor of the Exchequer, disclosed this figure in the House of Commons last night. The Chancellor said it looked as if the situation were "a little easier" but added "we do not yet at all know what the position is going to be under the European recovery programme. And when we come to consider problems on associating our economy with Western Europe and the Commonwealth and empire in closer manner than hitherto we shall find that there are many economic problems which will cause us very considerable headache."

In Brussels last week he had told the Finance Ministers of Benelux and France of Britain's willingness to adapt her economy to theirs if they would do the same. "But we have to contemplate some quite considerable adjustment in our economy as that co-operation develops. We may have not to manufacture certain things which they will manufacture and they will not manufacture things which we will manufacture for them."

Truman On Ensuing Election

WASHINGTON, May 6 (Reuter): President Truman said here today "we are on the road to peace even though it looks rough and rocky ahead" Speaking at a national conference on family life he said: 'One of the worst things we are facing is the Presidential and Congressional election this year. That is our system and it is good but it is unfortunate that it comes at this time. I hope nothing will interfere with our bi-partisan foreign policy."

London Talks On Austria Temporarily Suspended

LONDON, May 6. (UPA): The Foreign Ministers Deputies talks on Austria were temporarily suspended today when Russia refused to accept the Western Powers' demand that Austria's frontiers should not be altered.

Britain's Deputy, James Majoribanks told Russia's Koktomov that in view of Russia's attitude he would now have to ask his government regarding the advisibility of continuing the discussions.

U.S. Senate Approves Air Force Cash Bill

WASHINGTON May 6 (UPA): The Senate to-day overwhelmingly approved the bill putting up the cash to start the air force on its way toward building up a 70-group force of modern fighting planes.

The Senate approved the bill appropriating $3,198,000,000 for the air force which has dwindled in power and numbers since the end of the war. The House has approved similar legislation but the bill was returned to the lower chamber for agreement on some minor differences.

Communists Dominate In Slovakia Elections

PRAGUE, May 6 (Reuter): An official statement today gave the Communists 49 of the 70 nominations on the single list of candidates for Slovakia in the Czechoslovak general elections on May 30.

The others are: Social Democrats 2, Reconstruction Party 12, Freedom Party 4 and Non-Party Catholic priests 3.

Iran Wants Indian Sanskrit Scholar

CALCUTTA, May 7 (UPI): The Indian Ambassador in Iran has been approached by a educational society in Iran, which conducts a school for the study of ancient languages of the world, for the services of an Indian Sanskrit scholar for the society in Iran.

Accordingly, it is learnt that the Ministry of Education, Government of India, has requested the Calcutta University to select a suitable scholar for the appointment.

BRITISH PRESS TRIBUTES TO "C. R."

LONDON, May 4: News of Mr C. Rajagopalachari's appointment as Governor-General designate of India is prominently featured in all London papers today. The 'News Chronicle', the 'Daily Mail', the 'Daily Worker' and the 'Daily Graphic' front page it and 'The Times' and the 'Daily Express' display it on the main page. The choice of 'C. R.' has drawn tributes to his sagacity and statemanship from all quarters.

THE TIMES gives the King's announcement in full and also carries a despatch from its Delhi correspondent, which says: "He has not only earned for himself a reputation of being one of the great nationalist leaders but of being a farseeing statesman who refused to bow to political expediency.'

Referring to 'C. R.'s simplicity, which 'remained unaffected by splendours of office and is likely to remain unaffected now' the correspondent adds: "Already it is being forecast that the battalions of servants will soon be dispersed and that the grand banqueting halls and acres of private chambers at Government House will be converted for more utilitarian purposes".....

"NO WISER CHOICE"

THE NEWS CHRONICLE Delhi Correspondent cables: "No wiser choice could have been made. Possessing the liveliest and broadest mind among Indian statesmen 'Rajaji' as he is called, has been in closest spirit to Gandhi, especially in his consideration for Muslims.

"As Governor of Bengal since the transfer of power, he has played an influential part in preserving communal peace in that province."

CHAMPION OF PROHIBITION

THE DAILY EXPRESS correspondent predicts that "C. R.'s appointment 'brings one thing nearer to India — prohibition. As Prime Minister in Madras he produced the first prohibition legislation in India....In 'C.R.' India will have a Governor-General of subtle and calculated intellect and great persuasive powers.

"He is an outstanding champion of Hindu-Moslem goodwill and an authority on Socrates. But I imagine there will be no more cocktail parties at Governor-General's House."

Victor Lewis in the course of a half-column tribute in 'Very Interesting People' column in the 'Daily Graphic' gives a couple of personal anecdotes of C.R. and says:

"A high caste Brahmin, a violent prohibitionist, a fluent orator and a prolific writer 'C.R.' is stooped and frail-looking. But his intellect is razor sharp, his humour puckish. His conversation a parade of parables and similies. He has both a knack for getting things done as he wants them done—and age to carry weight in a land which venerates age.

"Generally he wants things done in the Gandhian way of love and religious tolerance — even if an occasional loving box on the ears may be called for.... With all his official duties he has still found time to write lengthy explanations of Socrates, Marcus Aurelius and Gandhi".

★ *The Russian tea-room, Chainaya, is an active social centre. Frequented at all hours, it has largely replaced the Vodka shop of old. Centre-piece is the Chainaya is the Samovar, the ubiquitous boiler Russians use for obtaining a continuous supply of hot water for tea.*

TEA IN THE Chainaya

Russians find an instinctive pleasure in informal social meetings. Tea therefore plays an immensely important role in the life of every Russian. Russians will meet in each other's houses at all times of the day or night, and whatever the occasion, the Samovar is the centre of attraction. The Samovar is, in essence, a large metal tea urn heated by charcoal, but great pride is taken in owning Samovars decorated with a variety of artistic designs and patterns. Tea is most often served in tall tumblers, without milk, and sweetened with jam, honey or sugar. Lemon juice and rum are frequently used. The Samovar is kept replenished by the addition of tea and water so long as the party lasts. Tea is served free on most Soviet trains. Not only does the Russian love tea, he loves a lot of it.

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Five Lakhs Hindus And Sikhs Still Remain In Sind

Evacuation Work Hindered By Pakistan Government's Permit Policy: Ships Sent Back Empty

NEW DELHI, May 6

ABOUT 5,00,000 HINDUS AND SIKHS STILL REMAIN IN SIND. A LARGE MAJORITY OF THEM ARE AWAITING EVACUATION. THE NUMBER OF SIKHS IS ABOUT 3,000 INCLUDING THOSE IN NAWABSHAH, JACOBABAD, LARKANA, DADU AND KHAIRPUR STATE.

The rate of evacuation registered a sharp decline during April, the figure having come down from 3,000 a day in March to 1365 only. Only 41,000 non-Muslims reached India during April while the total number of refugees brought over in March was over one lakh.

Restrictions regarding the issue of permits and running of special trains for non-Muslims from the interior have materially retarded the pace of evacuation.

On representation from the Indian High Commissioner, permits are now being issued to people in Jacobabad and Sukkur districts, though orders cancelling the running of special trains from the interior have not yet been rescinded. These restrictions have resulted in many ships returning empty to Bombay, causing a loss of several lakhs to the Government of India.

Unless the Pakistan authorities agree to the running of special trains from the interior, the maximum evacuation will be about 500 per day from Karachi and 500 per day from Hyderabad. The High Commissioner for India is making efforts to arrange the running of special trains. Meanwhile, ships are being released gradually from charter arrangements.

In Karachi, a new camp, named College Gymkhana Camp, has been set up. The Camp, which has excellent sanitary and water supply arrangements has about 4,000 inmates. It can further accommodate 2,000 at short notice.

Free uncooked food in camps at Karachi, Hyderabad and Sukkur is provided to evacuees.

N. W. F. P.

Evacuation from the N.W.F.P. is virtually complete, barring some non-Muslim pockets in Chitral which can be cleared safely only when (a) the Lowari Pass has been opened and (b) there is a distinct improvement in the political situation, easing tension in Swat and Dir States, which are on the route from Chitral. The number of non-Muslims there is about 400.

One plane load of refugees from Peshawar was evacuated on April 20.

BAHAWALPUR

Mass evacuation from Bahawalpur by special trains is now complete. Arrangements are being made to clear pockets and recover abducted persons and converts and also to help evacuees to bring out their movable property.

There was some delay in evacuation due to searches of refugees by Pakistan Customs Officers. This was, however, stopped on the Government of India taking up the matter with the Pakistan authorities.

Reports have been received that Harijans are not being allowed to be evacuated from Bahawalpur. Our Liaison Officer has been instructed to investigate this. Government of India propose to take up the matter with Bahawalpur authorities subsequently.

WEST PUNJAB

In all, 41.5 lakhs of Hindus and Sikhs have left their homes in West Punjab and crossed over to the Indian Dominion. Non-Muslims cleared from various pockets between March 8 and 30 number 22,251. In the first week of April alone 500 persons were brought to India.

RECOVERY OF ABDUCTED WOMEN

Reports on the recovery of women are incomplete, but figures received up to April 9 show that at least 1,361 women have been recovered from States acceded to India. Nearly 633 have been sent to their relatives in the Indian Union and the rest are in State transit camps and the Delhi homes awaiting restoration to their relatives, repatriation to Pakistan or assessment of special cases by a Tribunal specially set up for the purpose.

Workers engaged in the recovery of abducted women in the Indian Dominion recently met in conference at Government House to review the progress of recovery work and to iron out difficulties. A number of points of detail were settled, including transport facilities in West Punjab.

It was also agreed that Shrimati Mridula Sarabhai should take charge of the recovery work in the N.W.F.P., where little progress has so far been made.

HOME FOR WOMEN

A scheme to establish three special centralised homes for abducted and displaced persons is engaging the attention of the East Punjab Government. One of these homes will be for destitute women and children and is likely to be located at the Gandhi Vanita Ashram, Jullundur.

The second home will be for unattached, infirm, aged men and women. There are approximately 2,000 men and women who cannot look after themselves and have to be fed at Government expense.

The third home will be for orphan boys and girls. About 1,524 such boys and girls of various age-groups will be looked after in this home.

The East Punjab Government has also opened a Women's Section, which will help in the recovery of abducted women. The Gandhi Vanita Ashram, which has a population of 2,333 displaced women and children, is the main transit camp for recovered women. From here 1,479 women have already been restored to their relatives in India.

There are transit camps for Muslim abducted women in every district of East Punjab and Muslim women receive the same kind of facilities as are given to Hindu women.

There are over 1,000 women, children and others on record in the register of the 'Displaced Persons' Enquiries and Search Service Headquarters, ('P' Block, New Delhi) who are scattered in various East Punjab camps and have not been able to contact their relatives.

Between March 14 and 27 about 533 Muslim women and children were recovered from the various districts of East Punjab and brought to transit camps, which are located at Gurdaspur, Amritsar, Jullundur, Hoshiarpur, Ferozepore, Kangra, Gurgaon, Rohtak, Karnal, Hissar and Ambala.

The Government has lodged 400 orphan boys at the Punchkula Ashram on the Ambala-Kalka Road. The Punchkula Ashram has excellent boarding and schooling accommodation.

From Bahawalpur 294 women had been recovered up to the middle of April.

Under the auspices of the Women's Section of the Ministry of Relief and Rehabilitation, schools for refugee children have been started at Mehrauli and Lodi Colony. The Women's Section is planning to start more shools so soon as arrangements for accommodation are complete.

A women's home for non-Muslim destitute women and children at Shamshad Manzil in Subzi Mandi and another at Darya Ganj for Muslim women are being run in Delhi by the Women's Section.

KARACHI.—A deputation of Muslim refugee women, all covered in burqa waited on Pir Illahibaksh, the Premier of Sind yesterday and urged upon him that the Sind Government should chalk out some definite programme for constructing more houses for refugees.

Resettlement Of Refugees

20,592 refugees were registered during the month of March, 1948, at the Employment Exchanges and District Employment Offices of the Ministry of Labour in the Indian Union. 5,606 refugees were placed in employmsnt during the month an increase of 358 over the number placed in February.

The registrations effected in East Punjab during March totalled 11,854 while 4,206 refugees in that Province were placed in employment.

The total number of refugees registered with the Exchanges since the inception of the scheme and upto the end of March, 1948 was 1,32,739 of whom 25,704, involving 1,09,417 dependents, were placed in employment.

RURAL DEVELOPMENT BILL IN U. P. ASSEMBLY

Stopgap Arrangement Pending Abolition Of Zamindari

LUCKNOW, May 6 (API).—The U.P. Legislative Assembly passed today the U.P. Rural Development (Requisitioning of Land) Bill 1948, which empowers the Provincial Government to requisition lands for making, enlarging or deepening of tanks for purposes of irrigation, composting of village refuse and other object which the Provincial Government might declare essential for the development of agriculture or improvement of life of community in rural areas.

Mr. Keshav Dev Malaviya Minister for Development, moving the bill said that the proposed measure was a "stop gap arrangement pending the abolition of zamindari. The Government had at present no intention to acquire land but would requisition it for tanks and compost pits for a temporary period. The matter was very urgent and could not brook any delay as the arrangements had to be made before the rains started.

Mufti Fakhrul Islam (Peoples Party) moved two amendments of the first he sought to delete provisions about the decision of compensation officer being "final and conclusive" and by another he sought assessment of compensation after taking into consideration the amount of "nazarana" paid to the zamindar by the cultivator.

Tribunal To Try Khuhro

KARACHI, May 1 (IPA): Indian Press association understands that the Pakistan Government has asked both the West Punjab and East Bengal Governments to nominate each a High Court Judge to constitute the tribunal to investigate charges against the dismissed Sind Premier Mr M. A. Khuhro.

560 Austrians Leave For Britain

VIENNA, May 6 (UPA): Five-hundred-sixty displaced persons from Austrian camps left this week for Britain under a westward ho resettlement scheme an Austrian mission of the International Relief Organization announced to-day.

Sixty-nine others left for Canada, 72 for Argentina and 46 for Brazil, it was reported.

SOLVING DEADLOCK OVER SUDAN

Britain Makes New Proposal To Egypt

LONDON, May 6 (Reuter) Britain has made new proposals to Egypt solving the deadlock on the administrative and constitutional future of the Sudan.

A note on the subject was handed to Abdul Fattah Amir Pash Egyptian Ambassador in London, last week, it was learned authoritatively tonight.

The note related to the draft ordinance on constitutional reform in the Sudan approved by Britain and by the North Sudan Advisory Council but rejected in its present form by the Egyptian Government.

Informal discussion aiming at securing Egyptian acceptance of the reform proposals have been going on in Cairo for some weeks. On March 11 Egypt rejected British proposals for and Anglo-Egyptian technical study on the draft ordinance.

The new British note relates only to the immediate future on the constitutional reform programme for the Sudan. It is understood, and not to the ultimate status of the territory.

BRITISH TROOPS FIGHT BANDITS IN HONGKONG

HONG KONG, May 7 (Reuter) British troops went into action with trench mortars here today in pursuit of suspected armed bandits in the new territories (mainland across from Hong Kong).

The troops aided about 200 police. They fired their mortars in an effort to drive the men into open country.

Police were given a clue to the armed gang's stronghold when they stopped a junk along the riverlet forming the Chinese-British border on Tuesday.

Last night the bandits tried to cross the riverlet but were stopped by police launches.

A woman believed to be a member of the gang, was arrested earlier when she was wounded by police fire.

COMBAT COMMUNIST PARTY THROUGHOUT WORLD

John Dulles' Call To American Govt.

NEW YORK, May 6. (Reuter): Mr John Foster Dulles Foreign Affairs Adviser to the Republican Party today called for an American Government "department of non military defence" to combat the Communist Party throughout the world.

"Nothing is more important for our defence and for ultimate peace than to demonstrate a capacity along or with other free societies to stop the process of Communist encirclement" he said.

Mr Dulles suggested that the Department should work at the level where the Communist Party was working and winning its victories.

He emphasised that he spoke of the Communist Party as distinct from the Russian nation.

COMMUNISTS ATTACK VILLAGE MUNSIFF

BEZWADA, May 6 (API).—About 200 Communists armed with sticks and other lethal weapons took out a parade in Katoor village in Gannavaram Taluk on Tuesday evening, according to reports received here today. Some Communists entered the House of the village Munsiff and attacked him with sticks causing him severe injuries. He was later taken to the headquarters hospital where he is stated to be lying in a precarious condition.

On receipt of information the district police officials with a strong armed reserve rushed to the village yesterday morning and arrested 65 Communists several others have fled on sight of police.

Katoor is a Communist stronghold. It is stated that the Village Munsiff sent up a report a week back that Communists were holding meetings in the village. Police detachments were then dispatched to the village and section 144 Cr.P.C was promulgated. To wreak vengeance on the Munsiff the Communists took out the parade on Tuesday.

Reserve police party is still camping there combing Communists.

FUTURE OF FRENCH INDIA

French Ministry Glad Over Latest Event

TOULOUSE, May 7 (Reuter): The French Minister of Overseas Territories, M Paul Coste-Floret, said today that last week's vote by French India's Representative Assembly to remain outside the Indian Union "may well be the starting point for profitable and fertile negotiations for a solution of the issue while respecting the geographical situation of the French territories.

The Representative Assembly of French India—the five towns of Pondicherry, Mahe, Karikal, Yanan and Chandernagore—has 44 elected members but has limited powers.

It gives advice to the French authorities who may however, reject upon consideration.

M Coste-Floret told Reuter "My Ministry can congratulate itself on the spontaneous outcome of the vote by the Representatives Assembly with the enormous majority of 34 to three."

A. I. Maratha Education Conference

NASIK, May 7 (API).—The twenty-eighth session of the All India Maratha Education Conference will be held in Nasik for three days commencing May 8. The conference will be presided over by the Raja of Kagal (Senior) and will be inaugurated by the Maharaja of Kolhapur. Other rulers of the Maratha states in the Deccan are also expected to attend the conference.

Leaders of the Marathi community including those belonging to the Maharashtra Peasant and Workers Party are likely to take part in this conference.

HYDERABAD Dn May 6 (A.P.I.)—The Government of India have reduced the petrol quota of Hyderabad for the quarter of May—July 1948 by three hundred fifty thousand gallons according the press note issued by the Nizam's Government today.

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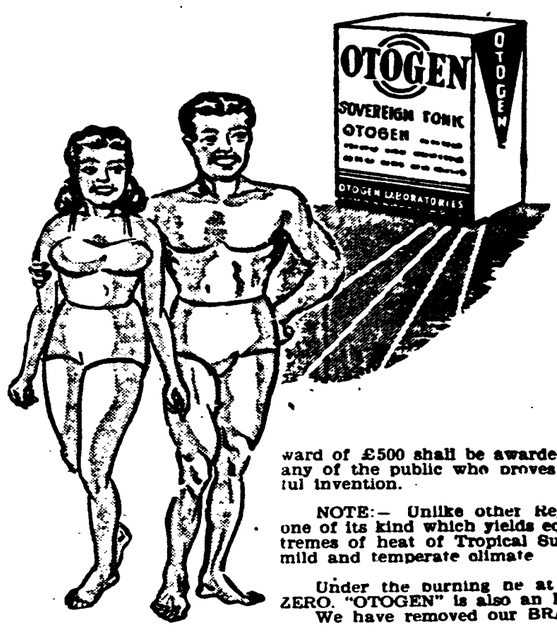
"OTOGEN" was tried by Prof A. P. PARKER in SWITZERLAND upon emaciated male patients aged above 100 years. Only by one month's regular use of this marvellous preparation that a patient of 100 years of age gained the health of a 30 years young man and has recently married a young wife. The actors and actresses of HOLLYWOOD are active young looking and charming by the use of this medicine even at an advanced age of 80 and 90 years and they are enthusiastically working on the stages. The use of "OTOGEN" by females in their prime of life guarantees up to the last days of life never-fading charms of youth and preserves school girl complexion all along. For males in their period of youth, "OTOGEN" wards off premature old age, retains the jet black hair, a bloomy face and a robust health throughout and makes one feel and look several years younger than the actual age.

It is wonderful invention of the Twentieth Century and the EIGHTH WONDER OF THE WORLD. After taking "OTOGEN" ladies get back that Rose-Bud Beauty and charming figure of school-girl age, lighter, brighter, luckiest days are in store for both men and women who start using "OTOGEN". Start taking "OTOGEN" immediately and live for 100 years young, fit, strong and healthy with roses on the face. It makes appetite so keen that even a weak man can easily digest one pound or more butter every day. The great scientists and experienced doctors have been astonished and amazed to see the results by this wonderful Tonic "OTOGEN".



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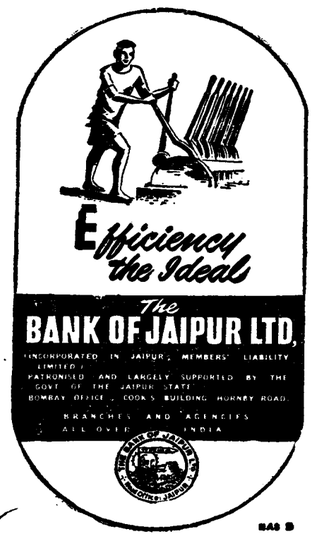
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Parsi: Ader 8, 1317
Sunrise 6-7 a.m., Sunset 19-3 p.m.
Hightide 11-44, 32-33, Lowtide 5-12, 17-37.

To-day's Engagements

BOMBAY UNION OF JOURNALISTS: Mr. Y. K. Puri, I.C.S., Director-General of Rehabilitation and Evacuation, Government of India and Lt.-Col. M. T. Gulrajani, Director of Evacuation, will meet Bombay journalists at the Club of the Union, Prospect Chambers Annexe, Hornby Road, at 5-30 p.m., today.

B.P.C.C. MEETING: An Ordinary Meeting of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee will be held today (Saturday) at 5 p.m. at the Congress House.

CONGRESS SEVIKA AND KUMARIKA DAL: The Adjutant of the Congress Sevika Dal announces: A part-time training class has been started in the South Bombay in the Congress House Compound, from 6.30 a.m. to 7-30 a.m. All Sevikas and Kumarikas should attend classes regularly. About classes in the North Bombay please contact office, Phone No. 45211.

KANARA SARASWAT ASSOCIATION: To mourn the sad demise of Dewan Bahadur N. R. Gundil, public meeting today at 6-30 p.m. in the Shrimat Anandashrama Hall, Talmakiwadi, Tardeo Road, when Mr. N. L. Kodikal, the President of the Association, will preside.

PROHIBITION GUARDS: Meeting of all the Officers Commanding of all the Districts in the Bombay Presidency will be held on the 9th of May 1948, at 3.30 p.m. at the Council Hall, Fort, Bombay.

On this day at the same time a Grand Meeting of all the Prohibition Officers and Guards of Greater Bombay will be held at the same place.

WHITE LOTUS DAY: A Special Public Meeting to celebrate the Anniversary of the passing of Madame Blavatsky will be held today at 6-15 p.m., at the United Lodge of Theosophists, opposite Flora Fountain.

GHAT KOPAR CONGRESS: Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, will address at 8-30 a.m. tomorrow (Sunday) at The Dhanji Devsi Rashtriya Kanyashala at the closing function of sacrificial Spinning Week in memory of Mahatma Gandhi.

EDUCATIONAL FILMS:— "Free demonstration of educational films "on home economics" at 91 Walkeshwar Road, today at 4 p.m. (ST)."

TAGORE SOCIETY: Birth-day anniversary of Gurudev Rabindranath Tagore today 6.15 p.m. at Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge. Sjt. Gurudyal Malik will speak on Mahatma Gandhi and Rabindranath.

BOMBAY SPIRITUAL CENTER. Discourse in Hindi by Sri Hemchandra on the subject of "NECESSITY OF SHASTHRAS" at 4.30 p.m. today.

DADAR- MATUNGA- SION YOUTH ASSOCIATION: "JAYAMANI", a Tamil social drama, will be staged today at 8-30 p.m. at the Khalsa College Hall, Matunga G.I.P. Tickets can be had at the hall.

CENTRAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES IN GREATER BOMBAY: A Conference of Class III and IV employees working in Government of India Offices in Greater Bombay today at the Aryan Education Society's School Hall, near Opera House Tram Terminus, Girgaum, Bombay, Prof. P. A. Wadia, will preside.

BOMBAY TELUGU EDUCATION FUND: Poor students (old and new, males and females) of the Telugu community, strictly residents of Bombay Presidency, intending to take aid from the above fund should apply to the Hon. Secretaries of the Fund at 69, Kamathipura 3rd Street, Bombay No. 8, on a printed form before 20th June 1948. The said form can be had on application.

MAHAGUJARAT YOOVEK SAMMALAY: Today at 7-40 at President elect's arrival by Gujarat Mail and public reception of the President elect at Bombay centre at 5 p.m. Sammelam Starts, 9 p.m. Entertainment Programme. TOMORROW SUNDAY: 8 a.m. subjects committee meeting in the Pandal at Madhabaug 4 p.m. open session, 9 p.m. Entertainment Programme.

INDIAN MERCHANTS' CHAMBER: Sir Chunilal B. Mehta has been elected as the representative of the Indian Merchants' Chamber on the Local Advisory Committee of the G.I.P. Railway, for a fresh term of two years commencing from 1st June, 1948.

ALL INDIA WOMEN'S CONFERENCE (Bombay Branch): To meet the members of the executive committee of the above conference, a general meeting will be held on Sunday (9th May) at 5-30 p.m. at Dhru Hall, Dadar (B.B. & C.I.) under the auspices of the above conference. Mrs. Ansuyabai Kale has consented to preside over the function.

HARIKIRTAN: Harikirtana in Kannada on "Satya Harischandra" by Harikatha Shidomani P. Ramaswami Naidu will be held in Mangrol Mansion Hall, Bazar Gate Street, at 2-30 p.m. on Sunday (May 9.):

PROHIBITION PROPAGANDA

Mr. L. M. Patil, Minister for Excise and Reconstruction and Mr. G. D. Vartak, minister for local Self-Government, will attend the Prohibition Propaganda" meeting at Vatar on May 9.

The Government of Bombay has declared the existence of scarcity conditions in 11 villages of the Gundaj taluka of the Bijapur District from May 6.

Memorial Service For Late K. Natarajan

A Memorial Service for Kamakshi Natarajan will be held tomorrow Sunday, at 10-15 a.m., at Kamakshi House, Bandra.

Trade Unions In The Province

On December 1, 1947, there were 530 Unions, having a membership of 468, 078 work-people on the Province of Bombay, as compared to 457 Unions with a membership of 425,528 work-people on June 1, 1947, showing an increase of about 10 per cent in the membership over a period of six months. Of these 530 Unions, 249 were registered Unions and 281 unregistered, their membership being 370,449 and 97,629 respectively.

According to industries, the largest number of unions was recorded in the Textile industry, 70 with a membership of 160,088 work-people as compared to 63 unions with a membership of 149,669 on June 1, 1947. The highest number of Unions was reported to be in Bombay City, 279 with a membership of 295,685 work-people.

Scarcity In Bijapur Villages

The Government of Bombay has declared the existence of scarcity conditions in 11 villages of the Gundal taluka of the Bijapur District from May. 6.

WORKING CLASS COST OF LIVING

Rise In Clothing Index By 63 Points In March

BOMBAY, May 7 (API): The working class cost of living index number for the month of March 1948 is 284, which is 8 points higher than February 1948.

The index number by groups are: Food 326 clothing 351; fuel and lighting 293; house rent 100; Miscellaneous 274.

Compared with the previous month there is an increase of 63 points in the clothing index, 5 points in the fuel and lighting index, 3 points in the food index and 8 points in the Miscellaneous index.

Correction

In the press note No. 736 of April 30, 1948, on the Lokur Committee's recommendations, the name of Mr. S. S. More was emitted inadvertently from the list of members of the Committee.

Illicit Liquor

The Prohibition Department picked up 164 cases, arrested 96 persons and seized 72 gallons of illicit liquor and 3,464 gallons of wash as a result of the raids carried out during the week ending April 29, in Greater Bombay.

Match Workers Dispute For Adjudiation

The dispute between the Thana Match Works, Thana and the workmen employed under it, has been referred to the Industrial tribunal for adjudication.

Congress Delegates' Bye-Elections

The General Secretaries of the B.P.C.C have made the following announcement regarding the Congress Delegates' bye-elections from the City Province of Bombay:

Since out of the 7 validly nominated candidates for one seat to be filled in the 'C' Ward Constituency 6 have withdrawn their nominations, Shri Yeshwant Krishna Parulekar is hereby declared duly elected as a Delegate to the Indian National Congress from this Constituency.

As there was only one validly nominated candidate, namely Shri Govind Balkrishna Mahashabde, for the one seat to be filled in the 'D' Ward Constituency, Shri G. B. Mahashabde is hereby declared duly elected as a Delegate to the Indian National Congress from this Constituency.

Bombay Premier To Visit Turkhud

Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, will visit Bassein on May 8. After receiving an address from the Bassein Municipality, he will proceed to Turkhud to attend the function organised in celebration of the completion of 75 years of the school at Turkhud. Mr. G. D. Vartak, Minister for Local Self-Government, will accompany the Premier.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY, May 8.

244 meters (1,231 kc/s)

7-30 K. T. Pandit 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Gajananrao Joshi (Vocal music) 8-45 K. T. Pandit 9-0 Gajananrao Joshi (Vocal music) 9-30 Close down.

12-0 p.m. Nabhovanichya Parisarat 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Vividh Gani 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 You Asked For It 4-20 M. D. Sadolikar (Vocal music) 4-45 Shikandar Solapuri 5-0 Durga Kulkarni 5-15 Bahuroopi 5-45 News (K) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Shikandar Sholapuri 6-30 Durga Kulkarni 7-0 Topic Of The Day 7-10 Locals 7-15 P. G. Nimkar 7-30 Jat Lakhawanu Ke 7-40 Dhun On Violin 7-45 "Baharwatiyo" 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Violin Aur Sarangi 8-45 Yashodhara 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 BBC News Relay 9-40 Musical Interlude 9-45 Film Review (English) 10-0 Pavagadi 10-30 Yeshwant Joshi (Vocal music) 11-0 Close down.

VARIATIONS

41.4 metres (7,240 kc/s)

7-40 a.m. "Dogane" 5-45 P. G. Nimkar (Violin) 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

7-45 Commercial News 8-0 Mukta Vaidya 8-15 M. D. Sadolikar 9-0 Yeshwant Joshi 9-30 Selections From "Indradhanu" 11-0 Close down.

To-day at 12-0 noon, All-India Radio, Bombay will broadcast a talk on Marathi on "Rabindranath Tagore—His Life Work" by Prof K. D. PEDNEKAR. This talk can be heard on 244 and 31.41 meters.

Recruiting Mela On AIR

On Saturday (8th May) All India Radio, Bombay will relay a part of the proceedings of the Recruiting Mela to be held at Poona at 4-30 p.m. The relay will be heard on 41.44 and 244 metres.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, May 7. (API): The following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches for the past 24 hours from 1st April 1948 and departure from normal recorded at 8-0 hours (IST) on 7th May 1948.

Ahmedabad 105 80 0 0 minus 0.1 Ahmednagar 106 85 0 0.1 minus 0.4 Allahabad 103 85 0 0 minus 0.2 Bangalore 92 69 0 3.7 plus 1.3 BOMBAY 93 82 0 0 0 Calcutta 92 78 0.6 1.8 minus 1.0 Colombo 88 75 0.4 15.2 plus 3.3 Delhi 106 82 0 0 minus 0.4 Hyderabad (Dn) 104 83 0 2.1 plus 0.7 Lucknow 103 82 0 0 minus 0.3 Madras 97 82 0 0.7 0 Ootacamund 74 54 0.1 4.5 minus 0.1 Poona 107 77 0 0 minus 0.7 Sholapur 110 82 0 0.1 minus 0.6 Simla 74 61 0 1.7 minus 0.3.

Weather Summary

The following is the weather summary for Friday, May 7th 1948:—

Observations from Pakistan and north-east India are very meagre. Yesterday's western disturbance is probably moving east-north-eastwards through the North-West Frontier Province.

Thunder—rain has been fairly widespread in Assam and local in Eastern Pakistan, Chota Nagpur and Malabar. A few thundershowers are also reported from West Bengal, Orissa, the Bombay Deccan, West Hyderabad, Mysore and south-east Madras. Scattered dustsorms or dry thunderstorms are also reported from the North West Frontier Province, the Central Provinces and Berar.

Day temperatures still continue 4 to 11 degreee F. above normal from the North West Frontier Province and north Baluchistan to the west Central Provinces and the extreme north Bombay Deccan.

FORECAST UNTIL THE 8TH EVENING: Thundershowers will be wadespread in Assam and local in Mysore and Malabar. A few thundershowers are also likely in west Bengal, Eastern Pakistan, Orrissa, Chota Nagpur, Kashmir, the Central parts of the country the Deccan, south-east Madras and North Madras coast. Local dust-storms are likely in the North-West Frontier Province and the adjoining parts of the north-west Punjab. Strong dust raising winds are also likely along the Sind coast.

Heavy rainfall warning: Isolated falls of heavy rain may continue in and near the Khasi mills during the next 48 hours

Weather News For Farmers

FORECAST:—A few showers in Mawal, Desh, Khandesh, the Bombay Karnatak and the Hyderabad State during next three days.

LOCAL WEATHER

FORECAST TILL THE EVENING of 8-5-48:—Fair weather.

VISAS REFUSED TO NIRMALANANDA

Middle East Muslim Countries Action

BOMBAY, Friday.

Bikshu Nirmalananda, founder of the Gandhi Mission Society, who is sailing on May 22 by the S. S. Franconia on a world tour to preach Mahatma Gandhi's gospels, declared here today that all the Middle East Muslim states had refused him visas.

In view of this development, Nirmalananda will proceed straight to Liverpool from where he will begin a lecture campaign in Britain.

"It is clear that the objections of the Middle Eastern countries are based on political considerations, though they do not categorically say so," he said, shortly after he had an interview with Mr Vaikunt L. Mehta, Finance Minister, at the Bombay Secretariat this morning.

Nirmalananda will visit nearly 50 countries, including the United States and try to establish centres for the propagation of Gandhian ideals. He believed he would be abroad for three years

Contravention Of Iron and Steel Order Alleged

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Bombay C.I.D. arrested K. R. Shah, proprietor of United Hardware Agencies, Khetwadi. He was placed before Mr. J. M. Barot, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon with having contravened certain provisions of Bombay Iron and Steel (Control, Production and Distribution) order.

5 CONVICTED FOR BOGUS VOTING

Five persons who were charged with impersonations and bogus voting during the recent Municipal elections, were sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 50 or suffer four weeks S.I., by Mr K. J. Khambatta, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court this morning. The number of such sentences for the same offence uptodate by Mr. Khambatta has reached fifty

ARRESTED FOR ALLEGED THEFT OF MACHINERY

Bashir Rashid was arrested by the police for alleged theft of machinery valued at Rs. 2000. It was stated that properties worth Rs. 600 were recovered from the accused.

The accused was remanded into police custody by Mr. H G. Mahimtoora, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Court, today.

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ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

The Bombay Chronicle

If a thief helps a poor man out of the spoils of his thieving, we must not call it charity.

—DANTE

THE RED RED HERRING

The tortuous process set working by Mr. Laik Ali when he threatened or promised his legislators that the Hyderabad Government would release Communists but without allowing subversive activities, seems to be nearing its end. On Thursday, Bombay newspapers carried a report from the A. P. I. that the Communists had in an eight page pamphlet denounced the Nehru Government and exhorted the Hyderabad people to fight for the Independence of their State in order that Union capitalists may not overrun Hyderabad. There was also a Hyderabad press note asserting that Dr. Narayan Rao, "the notorious Communist of Bezwada", had been killed in an engagement with the police. A statement has also been issued by Communist Headquarters explaining that the Communists are against the Nizam, against "mere secession", against the Union Government but for the people of Hyderabad—and incidentally for the leadership of the Communists The stand is admirable—as propaganda. It might even serve the useful purpose of convincing His Exalted Highness and his advisers of the desirability to join the Union. But it is fraught with dangers that would not be overlooked.

All the thunder unleashed by the Communists against feudalism does not disguise the one fact that the Nizam seems unperturbed by it. After all, there are, as he sees it, two forces contending for power in Hyderabad—himself and the Union. So long as the Communists attack both, he is easy. Moreover, there has been a lot of abuse of the State in Hyderabad. Several popular parties have said as much against the Nizam as—even more than—the Communists are doing now. But, what is new is a party claiming to be the champions of the people attacking with equal vehemence the Union Government. The Nizam's argument against the accession of Hyderabad has a selfish, egotistic, touch about it. The Communist case on the other hand is elaborately built on accusations of selfishness against the leaders of the Union. We are even told with great solicitude that one object is to secure for ever the safety of the people of India from feudal mischief brewed across the border.

"I fear the Greeks," says Virgil, "even when they are bringing gifts". The people of Hyderabad might well view with suspicion the Trojan horse that is being planted in their midst. Even with the aid of Communist stalwarts, can the Hyderabad people fight both the Nizam and the Union? Have they any assurance that, should the result be the independence of Hyderabad, the Nizam can be cajoled or bullied into abdicating in the people's favour? Is it not more likely that, following the recent tradition of the Communist Party in India, their champions of today will shed a valedictory tear over the fate of Hyderabad and seek to rehabilitate themselves with the people of India by confessing their error? There are awkward questions, embarrassing not only to the Communists but even to many who long for a united front. But it is the desire for a united front on any terms which gives the Communists their opportunity to push their terms without provoking too much scrutiny. That alone is reason enough for caution.

The accession of Hyderabad is inevitable—sooner rather than later. Nothing can stop it—neither the Razakars nor the Nizam nor the Communists. If the Union Government have not moved as rapidly as they, the people of India and the people of Hyderabad would like, it is not because of any sympathy for the Nizam but because the interests of the Hyderabad people stand to lose by precipitate action. This point must not be lost sight of. A Hyderabad isolated from the rest of India can be nothing other than a feudal State. The sooner this is understood the sooner will accession come. The Communist line is a red herring across the trail.

Kashmir In The Balance

The Government of India's reply to the Security Council is a concession to the international body that is surprising. It rejects the resolution on Kashmir and indicates that it cannot enforce the provisions with which it is not in agreement. But it agrees to confer with the Good-Offices Commission, if the Council still decides to send such a Commission. The Council has already decided. It has secured from Pakistan an assurance that the Pakistan Government will at least try to influence the Commission. Now it has a similar guarantee from the Indian Government. The Commission will thus have the benefit of both views and it is possible that out of all these talks will emerge some method of putting the Security Council plan through. Like the British Cabinet Mission which left a plan to be replaced by Lord Mountbatten's enforceable plan, the Security Council has secured a foothold in India and has framed the basis of working for the Commission.

The position is not ideal but it is inevitable once a reference was made to the Security Council. That was why Mahatma Gandhi was averse to such a reference. It is no use, however, regretting what is past. The Union Government must pursue a firm policy and insist on its point of view before the Commission, without being diverted into side issues and bargains in the discussions. The purpose must be to strengthen the hands of Sheikh Abdullah and to make the nations of the Commission feel that nothing can be done to dislodge him from his position in the State. The efforts of Pakistan, we have already been publicly warned, will be directed towards shaking the Kashmir leader out of his premiership. Similarly any plebiscite that is held must not be begun with a virtual vote of noconfidence in the Kashmir and Indian Governments. It is only by pressing these two points that the Union position can be held.

It is desirable that the men deputed to confer with the Commission are experienced in the rather tortuous course of international diplomacy. Advocacy is as important as the justness of one's cause, and it must not be forgotten that most of the Commission will come with a distinct bias. Even if it is only in favour of the Council's resolution, it will be a bias against India. If this has to be met, then it is necessary that the best effort be put forth to present the Indian case afresh. The delegation to U.N.O. did its work efficiently but it must be admitted that it failed in its objective Its members can, if considerations of prestige are not allowed to sway judgments, help in indicating the kind of work called for. If a keen eye is shown, even at this stage it is possible to redeem the situation. It is to this end that all efforts must be directed.

A LACUNA IN RENT ACT

Sir,—With reference to the Bombay Rents, Hotel and Lodging House Rates Control (Amendment) Bill, 1948, I would like to make a point that the Hotel and Lodging House Control Act, which forms a part of the Rent Act, does not provide that, when a lodger is in arrears of his charges, the Controller of Hotels and Lodging Houses can evict him provided to his satisfaction.

It may be noted that Section 41 (sub-section 3) gives the Controller the same powers as a Civil Court in determining fair rates and, therefore, to obtain summary process of ejecting lodgers should also vest in him. This could be done by the Controller issuing an order for ejectment after completely satisfying himself that the complaint of the Hotel or Lodging House Keeper is genuine and in case the lodger resists ejectment the Controller should be able to have the services of the Bailiff of the Small Causes Court to enforce his order.

It would be in the interests of the general public, when there is such acute shortage of hotel accommodation, for hotel-keepers to be able to clear rapidly people and be spared the long drawn out process of a suit in Small Causes Court. Incidentally I understood that there are a number of people in the hotels and lodging houses who keep on staying with impunity without paying their charges and await action by the hotel-keepers in the Small Causes Court. Possibly when the actual summons comes they will clear out and try the same game at some other hotel or lodging house.—Yours, etc.

A CITIZEN.

Case For Govt. Action

Sir,—Recently while going through the report of the Indian Tariff Board on the Chloroform, Potassium Permanganate, and Ether Sulphuric P.B. and Anaesthetic Industries, I was shocked to read the comment of the Board on the attitude of one concern. The Board said that this concern "clearly gave the impression that while they were prepared to take full advantage of any assistance or protection that may be offered to the industry, they were not willing to offer their full co-operation by disclosing their real costs of production."

Is it not shameful on the part of our industrialists to seek protection or assistance and not place their data unreservedly before the Board? And is it enough that the Board should only regret for this act of theirs? Can the Government not take some stricter steps in this connection? If this sort of attitude of our industrialists is allowed to go on, right thinking persons will doubt the efficiency, if not anything else, of the Government.—Yours, etc.

R. S. MEHTA.

Bombay.

Glorious Destiny Ahead Of India

PEOPLE MUST MAKE RIGHT USE OF OPPORTUNITIES NOW PRESENTED TO THEM, SAYS L. M. PATIL

"The biggest problem before the country is to reconstruct our society and to build up a powerful nation. It is after several centuries that India could get an opportunity to mould her destiny as she likes. She has got the political power and she has to use it to make her happy. If Indians prove to be wise, large-hearted and if they have the vision, if they have that tenacity and perseverence, they can succeed in the big task of building a new and prosperous nation. But if they again relapse into narrowness and selfishness, they will lose their golden opportunity," said the Hon. Mr. L M. Patil, Minister, Government of Bombay, in his address inaugurating the "Vasant-Vyakh-Yanamala" (Spring Lectures) series at Poona on 1st May.

Mr. Patil hoped, however, that the country would rise fully to the occasion, as her people have now very well realized the evil effects of slavery and they cannot afford to lose their independence.

Role Of The Congress

The Congress on its part, continued Mr. Patil, has decided to play its role and has fixed its own axioms which are going to be the life-force of the new order. The first axiom is that the structure of the Indian nation must be based on the foundation of our ancient civilization. Every nation, every society, has a right to build up its life according to its own social and cultural traits and traditions and so India also chooses to construct its own future in the light of its past civilization which is so glorious, so dazzling. Let us, therefore, take what is best in our philosophy and culture and link it up with the modern means of scientific inventions and build up a happy and healthy India which would be the pride of the world.

Communists' Panacea

The Communists who consider the Russian order of society and policies to be an ideal one want India to adopt the same intoto without taking into consideration this noble past of India. India has been from the ancient times the home of different religions and philosophies and was the fountain of new thoughts and ideologies. She has given so much to the world and can still give. It is not necessary for her to look to other nations for help in this respect. But it does not mean that India has not received anything from the other civilizations of the world. She has always kept her doors open for interchange of thoughts and ideas and has assimilated many philosophic and scientific thoughts of the other countries. That is why she has always been a living force. We can learn many things from Russia, we will certainly take from that country whatever os good and suitable to our conditions. But to say that whatever Russia says and does is a panacea for all the ills for all the countries for all times is too big a claim.

Cultural Unity

India has always been famous for its tolerance, freedom of thought and faith. It gave refuge to different races and religions and her culture has thus been a synthesis of different cultures. India has very often been invaded in the past by foreign races such as the Huns, the Greeks, the Syrians, the Scythians and the Mahomedans. The greatness of India lies in the fact that she has absorbed the best in the cultures and civilizations of all these foreigners. The superb works of art that have outlived the lives of the mightiest empires are outstanding examples of this cultural unity. Even in the art of singing we have many a fine example of Hindu disciples of Muslim "Gurus" and vice versa. Even the lives of the Indian saints, Hindu as well as Muslim, display a spiritual unity at heart. This cult of universal brotherhood found a very clear expression in the life and teachings of Mahatma Gandhi. We will, therefore, continue our pursuits in the building up of the new India on this cultural unity as one of our axioms.

Democratic Basis Of Govt.

The third axiom is democracy. Looking to the past history of India and her genius, democracy is found to be best suited to her conditions and environment, as is borne out by the age-old system of Panchayat. This form of Government is, therefore, accepted by the Constituent Assembly of India. Some people say that the present Government at the Centre is the Government of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Sardar Patel. They also maintain that the Government of Bombay is the Government of Messrs. Kher and Morarji, thus indicating that these governments are the monopolies of the autocratic few. But they do not realise that the days of individual rule are now numbered and that in modern India there is no place for autocracy. The persons who are at the helm of the affairs are there because they are elected to be there till they njoy this confidence.

Equal Right For All

The same critics allege that the Governments are of the "Shetjies and Bhatjees." But let me make it clear to these critics that the present Governments are representative Governments and are not of one community or creed. In future no single community can rule India or, for the matter of that, any part of India. In future, India will be ruled by the thirty crores of people This means that there will be equal rights and privileges for all not only in the political sphere but also in the economic and social spheres. The fruits of freedom will be enjoyed by all, irrespective of caste creed religion or sex.

With these high principles Congress wants to proceed resolutely with the task of reconstruction and regeneration of India. It wants to see that agriculture is improved irrigation and electric projects are undertaken key industries like ship-building, aeronautic services and automobiles are developed and the mineral and other material resources in which India abounds are fully utilized to raise the standard of life of the ordinary people.

India's Foreign Relations

Concluding, Mr. Patil said: "I would like to say a few words about India's relations with other nations of the world. Congress has always stood for the freedom of all the nations on the earth. It has always despised the imperialistic tendencies and it still retains the same attitude It does not want to follow an opportunist policy. It desires that the international differences should be settled with justice and fair play It wants India to be friendly with the rest of the world. It does not want India to be aggressive, but at the same time it wants to make it clear to the world that aggression on India from any quarter will not be tolerated and will be opposed tooth and nail. It wants to preserve the valued treasure of independence which she has won after a strenuous struggle and at the cost of great suffering and sacrifice. May India live! May her freedom live for ever and may she be glorious and great as in the past!"

FRANKLY SPEAKING

First Phase Ends

With the formation of a Union of Patiala and the East Punjab States of Kapurthala, Faridkot, Jind, Nabha, Khalsia, Nalagarh and Malerkotla, the rst and fimost important phase in the process of integration of Indian states is complete. Patiala being one of the viable states there was naturally a certain amount of difficulty before the Maharaja Patiala could be persuaded to pool the resources of his state with those of the others in the East Punjab thus enabling the formation of a strong Union. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, the States Minister, has, therefore, felt impelled to express his particular gratitude to the Maharaja of Patiala. The Sardar has commended the members of the Princely Order who "have contributed greatly to the strength of our motherland by their spirit of sacrifice and their prompt decision to subordinate their own personal feelings and interests to the larger interests of the country."

Defence Needs

Particularly in the case of the Punjab states, the larger interests of the country in the matter of defence is of obvious importance. While harbouring no warlike intentions, the anxiety of the Government of India to make the Eastern land Frontier of the Dominion can be easily understood. It was this consideration which prompted the Government of India to take over the administration of Bikaner and Jaisalmer and more recently, of Cutch. But the eastern Punjab frontier was perhaps the most vulnerable of these areas, and the formation of this Union will enable the Government of India to make it absolutely secure. As the ruler of Patiala who will be the Rajapramukh of the new Union, stated, the people of these states are "well-known throughout the world for their extraordinary physical courage and powers of endurance. In their contribution to the defence of the country, they have been second to one." And it may now be expected that having to denfend the freedom of their land, they will excel their own record of valour, if any occasion to do so should unfortunately arise.

Splendid Opportunity

Incidentally it may be noted that the Union meets to a great extent the long standing demand of the Sikhs for an autonomous State. That claim, in so far as it implied an independent State sovereign in every respect, was only an expression of extreme reaction. It was neither beneficial to the Sikhs nor acceptable to the other parties in the country. But the formation of the present Union, which combines the benefits of a strong, united and autonomous Sikh Unit, with the advantage of being part of a vast and mighty nation will enable the Sikhs to grow and develop according to their natural genius. The Sikhs, as a community, were perhaps the worst affected by partition. They have now a glorious opportunity to rebuild their shattered lives on a wholly new basis. The new Union comes nearest to the demand for Khalistan, minus the disadvantages of a tiny state sandwitched between two bigger states which Khalistan implied. It is now reasonable to hope that the frustration and embitterment of the past few months will be forgotten and Sikh genius will bloom into full flower in the new Union.

Mobile Civilisation

Many reformers have been baffled by the immobility of life in India. In the vast, inaccessible countryside, life hardly moves beneath the encrustations of ages. Except when flood, famine, pestuence or an unusual wave of political unrest overwhelms the people, the long, eventless monotony of life runs along its predestined grooves. No modern amenity—a post office, a hospital or a library—can possibly be set up in any of these villages, which are too small in population and too weak economically to sustain any such amenity. The only answer to the problem is the mobile van. A hospital, a post office or a library can be built on wheels and serve a 'firka' of villages. Mobile canteens organised by fashionable ladies have become a familiar spectacle in cities. Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, Bombay's Health Minister, has plans for an extensive system of mobile hospitals in rural areas. And now comes a report that the first post office on wheels was inaugurated at Nagpur by Pandit Ravishankar Shukla, the premier of the Central Provinces. This mobile post office is intended to cover as many villages as possible and serve more than one purpose, even National Savings Certificates being available in it. The post master-general of the area, Lt.-Col. J. W. C. Lincoln Gordon, stated that if all went well another mobile post office will soon be on the road. We hope this is only the beginning of a long stream of post offices, hospitals, libraries and other institutions on wheels. That is the only way the benefits of modern civilisation can reach the Indian village.

Tyranny Or Democracy?

Commenting on the assassination of M Ladas, the Greek Minister of Justice, we referred to the dangerous potentialities of the situation with a reactionary regime in control of Greece. The danger lay in the possibility of a reactionary Government turning itself into open authoritarian tyranny, which being a direct denial of democracy, would be a damagingly ironical commentary on the Western Democracies who had taken Greece under their protection as a bulwark of democracy against advancing communist authoritarianism. Recent reports glaringly emphasise that danger. In the name of fighting communists the Greek Government has resorted to indiscriminate arrests and to free and large scale execution of "communists" throughout the country. This, we are glad to learn, has shocked the British and American Governments who have been making inquiries about these almost mass executions. The Greek answer however, is interesting. The victims are being hanged and shot not because of the murder of M. Ladas but in pursuance of a policy decided upon earlier. That means that an all but Fascist type of tyranny is being enforced as part of a calculated and planned policy. That, therefore, means that the proteges of the western democracies are out to destroy democracy with the material assistance and moral support that they are receiving from those democracies. Britain and the United States have got to do something more than instructing their representatives in Athens to ask for information.

Britain And Mid-East

Speaking in the Commons debate on Foreign Affairs, Mr. Christopher Mayhew, Mr. Ernest Bevin's Under-Secretary declared: "I can give a categorical assurance that we will stay in the Middle East and the Mediterranean. The Government recognise that the Middle East is a vital factor in world peace It is of supreme importance to the safety and welfare of the British Commonwealth and we are determined to stay there." That is all very well. But where will they "stay." The islands of Malta and Cyprus are the only British "possessions" in the region and the British can remain there till the Italian and Greek majorities in those islands respectively take it into their heads to make really serious trouble which is not likely at any rate for sometime to come. But remaining in those islands is not staying in the Middle East and the Mediterranean in Mr. Mayhew's sense.

Where Will They Stay?

Where else then in addition to Malta and Cyprus? In Transjordan? But even if King Abdullah were to agree to compromise the independence of the country, he could not possibly accommodate the British as the latter would desire, and certainly not for any length of time. The British and King Abdullah have both before them the recent lesson of popular reaction in Iraq to the treaty which had to be scrapped. Palestine is out of the question now. But there is Mr. Churchill's old suggestion to quit Palestine and "stay put" in Egypt. And the British obviously desire to settle down in the Sues Canal zone. This desire will not materialise. The British know the temper of the Egyptian nation by now. They also know that no Egyptian, king or commoner will reconcile himself, much less dare to ask the people to do anything prejudicing in any way whatsoever the full sovereignty and territorial integrity of Egypt. Britain has got to quit Egypt. That leaves only the ex-Italian Colony of Libya. The British have had their eyes on Libya or at least its Cyrenaican half. Do they propose to stay there? It is an interesting speculation because it raises so many interesting questions connected with Big Power politics, complications for the French ally and the awkward problem of Italy which has now earned its title to big reward. All this of course, is in addition, to the problem of an inevitable issue between Britain and the Arab world as also between Britain and Libyan Arab leaders who were given solemn and repeated pledges by the British.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

PRAGUE, May 6 (Reuter): An official statement today gave the Communists 49 of the 70 nominations on the single list of candidates for Slovakia in the Czechoslovak general elections on May 30.

The others are: Social Democrats 2, Reconstruction Party 12, Freedom Party 4 and Non-Party Catholic priests 3.

* * *

In his congratulatory message to Rajaji, Qaid-e-Azam Jinnah says: "Under your guidance, I hope will come real friendship between the two Dominions."

"Our", Sir, "our", not "your." The compliment may be misunderstood in Pakistan.

* * *

The Hyderabad Communist Party is alleged to have celebrated its legalisation with a strong denunciation of the policy of the Nehru Government, saying that accession of the States to the Indian Union and grant of responsible Government under the aegis of a Ruler is detrimental to the interests of the people of a particular state.

Do we now look forward to an entertaining ballet entitled "Majlistan in Hindustan" or something like that?

* * *

New Delhi official circles, reports the A.P.I., are exercised over the Communist pamphlet "as they see in the latest move by the Nizam's Government an attempt to foster a common understanding between the Razakars and the Communists with a view to fighting the State Congress ....."

We do hope it is incorrect and history doesn't repeat itself—the history of Communist co-operation with the Muslim League ending up too late at Calcutta in indignant indictment by one comradely group and tearful apology by the other.

* * *

In a tribute to Rajaji, Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Iyer points out that the former did not hesitate "to follow his convictions, even though sometimes the expression of his views brought him unpopularity and fierce opposition."

Is it intended to suggest that "C.R." satisfies "C.P."?

* * *

Speaking in Parliament on the Western Union, Mr. Eden, the Conservative leader insisted that "the Empire should be with us at every stage."

The unfortunate Empire knows that they will never leave it alone. It may well ask Providence if it is doomed to having the rich British always with it.

* * *

Britain declared, Mr Mayhew, Mr. Bevin's deputy, would stay in the Middle East and the Mediterranean.

The question that is agitating the Middle East and the Mediterranean is: Where?

* * *

At the U. N. General Assembly the New Zealand delegate firmly asserted that it was a "fallacy" that action by the United Nations must wait until agreement was reached by Arabs and Jews.

We know what is biting New Zealand—and Australia: the Semitic danger to their broad open spaces.

Also America.

* * *

Apropos of the asylum given by Britain to a Soviet Colonel, a London Foreign Office spokesman has emphasised that this was not the first time that political refugees had been accepted in Britain and that in the past many famous refugees had come to Britain—including Lenin.

He might, if he was at it, have rubbed it in with a vengeance by adding the name of Karl Marx himself.

INDO-JAP AIR SERVICE?

Delegations Talks At New Delhi

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, May 7.

Japanese delegation, it is learned, indicated its country's immediate requirements which include 21,500,000 bales cotton, 14,000 tons of jute, mica and manganese and scrap iron.

Japan in its turn is in a position to supply India machinery including textile industry, cotton and textiles.

The delegation is also discussing the possibilities of Indo-Japan air service with the Ministry of Communications.

EAST AFRICAN LETTER

Trial By Jury For Indians Demanded

(From Our Correspondent)

NAIROBI, (By Air Mail):

A demand that "immediate steps should be taken to provide for trial by jury for Indians has been made by the Committee Standing Committee of the East African Indian National Congress in a resolution submitted to the Kenya Government and the Colonial Secretary in London.

At the present time in Kenya, only Europeans are entitled to be tried by a jury of five members of their own race, while Indians and Africans are denied this facility.

Urging that the Authorities should "take immediate steps to remedy this vital and long-standing grievance of the Indian Community of Kenya Colony," the resolution stated: "The Standing Committee thinks it essential that if confidence in the administration of British justice is to be maintained, immediate steps should be taken to provide for trial by jury for Indians also in cases where constitutional rights, such as freedom of speech, are involved.

It appears that the demand for trial by jury in the case of Indians arose out of a recent case where European correspondent of a British-owned newspaper wrote in the "Letters to the Editor" columns a letter which, according to the Kenya Government, was seditious. On the Magistrates committing the accused European to the sessions court for trial by jury he was unanimously found "not guilty" by the jury of the seditious charge and was acquitted despite the fact the trial Judge's summing was to the contrary. In the past, quite a number of Indian Editors were summarily tried by European Magistrates for alleged seditious writings and sentenced to imprisonment.

Alleged Manpower "Racket"

The existence of a "racket" in Kenya Colony alleged to have been worked successfully by certain Indian employers in securing Entry Permits for the entry from India into this country of their relatives is believed to [illegible] unmasked.

[illegible] to the European-owned newspapers, "East African Standard" an Indian reader of the paper stated: "Some advertisements for shop assistants, salesmen, book-keepers, correspondence clerks etc. published in the local newspapers by Indian merchants are meant to deceive the Indian Manpower Committee to get entry permits, either for their relatives or to get cheap staff from India. The unemployed Asians understand this trick and therefore, do not waste their time, paper and stamps in replying. All the persons in applications [illegible] never [illegible] when [illegible] before the immigration officers that they will in no circumstances [illegible] or salaries or [illegible], hence the game goes on merrily at the expense of many unemployed Indians."

The Director of Indian Manpower Committee admitted that the above method alleged to have been employed by some merchants, did cause real anxiety to many local relatives and friends from India for employment in the Colony for which they were not necessarily suitable. But expressing helplessness in preventing the entry of Indians where the above method has been used, the Director stated that in the absence of a trade test, which so far it has not been found possible to arrange, such cases cannot always be detected.

Turning to the question of cheap Indian imported labour, the Director maintained that the employer who imported labour from India was in a position to exploit that labour by keeping it on contract wages agreed to by the employee who, before arrival, was usually ignorant of local conditions. When the employee eventually protests, the Director continued, the employer counters by threats of sending him back to India, which the employee, again in ignorance, accepts. "Where such methods are adopted by the employer" the Director pointed out "the employee's remedy is to apply to the Director of Indian Manpower for leave to change his employment which, in these circumstances, would be allowed."

Tanjore Railway Staff Threaten To Strike

LOCAL SERVICE IN S. I. R. SUSPENDED; DELAY IN RUNNING OF THROUGH TRAINS

MADARS, May 7 (A.P.I.):—The train services in the South Indian Railway have been greatly disorganised as the result of strike by a large majority of firemen at two important junctions of the railway at Erode and Mayavaram.

All trains from Madras were held up at Erode last night as a result of the strike. It was possible to restart only the Mail and Express trains with the aid of a few loyal workers after several hours delay.

Tickets for stations on the Trichy-Erode Broad Guage line will not be issued until further orders.

Passengers have been notified that booking of all description of traffic, including passengers and parcels have been stopped to and from Mayavaram to Tranquebar and three other branch lines.

The railway authorities propose to run Mail trains and maintain some essential services with the aid of loyal workers, and temporarily recruited hands.

"As a result of disciplinary action taken against certain firemen at Erode, a large majority of firemen struck work on the evening of May 6 with the result that all trains worked by Erode crews came to a standstill," says a Press Communique issued by the General Manager of the South Indian Railway today.

The Communique adds: 'With the aid of a few loyal workers, it was possible to restart the Express trains with the delay of several hours. It has also been possible to run a few food trains. Otherwise, all local service have had to be suspended. It is hoped to continue to run Mail trains and some goods trains as also one train each way between Erode and Trichinopoly with the aid of loyal workers. It is also hoped for the time being to maintain normal services between Coimbatore and the West Coast. The position at Mayavaram is unchanged, no drivers having reported for duty. So far, it has been possible to maintain through trains between Villupuram and Trichinopoly, as well as the goods service, but branch line service as detailed in yesterday's Communique are still suspended.

THREAT IN TANJORE

There are indications that similar action may be taken by the running staff at Tanjore, which may affect services to Negapatam.

The Administration regrets to have to advise the public that they are likely to suffer delay in travel in the affected areas".

S.I.R. AGENT'S STATEMENT

The General Manager of the S. I. Railway, Sir Jeffrey Reynolds, who arrived in Madras today from Trichinopoly in an interview attributed the present trouble to the dissatisfaction of the drivers and firemen with the Central Pay Commission's award. He said that the S. I. Railway drivers and firemen had in the past year been paid much better than those on the Government railways. They had therefore not derived as much benefit as they expected from the Pay Commission's recommendations, and hence the disappointment.

Sardar Patel: The Man Of Action

The "Bombay Chronicle Weekly" publishes next Sunday a critical study of Sardar Patel and his work "While Nehru dreams and plans Patel acts and executes. The two alone can lead India out of the present difficult times."

He Knew Zola, Hardy, R.L.S.!

Clive Holland, who is 82 now, has been writing for sixty years a record equalled by Bernard Shaw alone. He writes his reminiscences of the giants of old for us next Sunday.

Beauty in Glass

An illustrated feature showing the beauty of glassware produced in Britain. The workmanship is unrivalled.

No More Sarongs For Lamour

That is of course Dot, who started as an elevator operator and lifted herself to Hollywood Stardom Now she entertains higher ambitions still in her screen career. Don't miss this cine feature.

Reserve Your Copy Of

Bombay Chronicle

Weekly

Sunday, May 9

CLASSIFIED TRADES FAIR

BOMBAY, Friday.

His Highness the Jamsaheb of Nawanagar, Rajpramukh of Sourashtra who declared open free India's First Classified Trades Fair at Azad Maidan this evening urged upon Indian industrialists and the labour to co-operate wholeheartedly with the Government and increase production of consumers' goods with a view to make her a powerful nation in the world.

Speaking to the assembled industrialists, the Maharaja advised them to concentrate on competition in the world market with the foreign goods rather than competing with a sister industry within the country. He said he was looking forward to a time when Indian products would reach every nook and corner of the world and Indian industries fairs would be held there to popularise the goods.

The Maharaja stressed the necessity of opening an ideal exhibition in Bombay on the model of the one at Prague exhibiting all Indian products.

Earlier, the Maharaja was welcomed by Mr. N. J. Gor on behalf of the Indian Industries Fair Limited under whose auspices the exhibition is being held. Mr. G. S. Ranade, Managing Director of the Fair also spoke and gave a brief history of the Industries Fair.

STOP PRESS

U.S. AIR MISSION TO SAUDI ARABIA

NEW YORK, May 7 (UPA): A United States Air Force Mission, consisting of eight officers and 35 enlisted men of the Air Transport Command, has been sent to Dhanran, Saudi Arabia. The Air Force said today that all the 43 men have arrived in Dhahran to train Saudi Arabian citizens in airport operation technique.

8 AFRICANS SENTENCED TO DEATH FOR MURDER

MASERU, Basutoland, May 7 (Reuter): Eight Africans, including Chief Motseare Lerotholi, were today sentenced to death in the High Court on murder charges. They were said to have cut pieces of flesh from another African while he was still alive. Stabbed him to death with a forked stick and then to have thrown his body into a river.

N. R. Sarkar Seriously Ill

CALCUTTA, May 7 (API): Mr. Nalini Ranjan Sarkar, Finance Minister of West Bengal, has been lying seriously ill since last night with high blood pressure. He will be under penicilin treatment.

Dr. B. C. Roy, Premier of West Bengal, will examine Mr. Sarkar this afternoon.

'MILK'

Hitherto a permit holder could go to the Government Separated Milk Powder Depot on any day and obtain his quota of the powder. This has been causing confusion, crowding and inconvenience both to the permit holders and the staff. Government have, therefore, decided to regulate the distribution of powder at the Government Separated Milk Powder Depot on different days according to the serial number of the permit.

The following arrangement will be brought into force for the sale of separated Milk Powder to permit holders:—

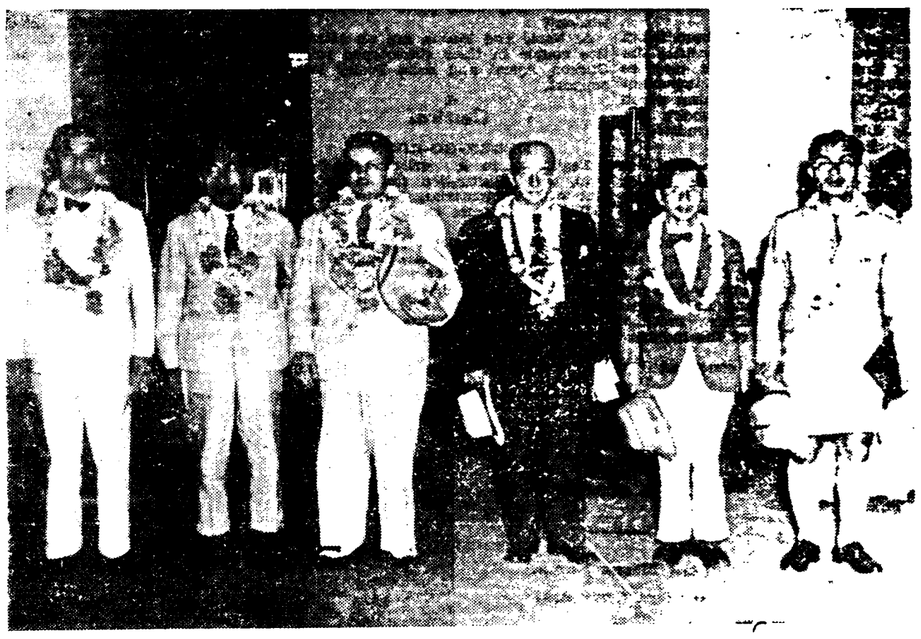
Those whose permit has the serial number ending with figure:—

1,	will be served on the	1st and 16th of each month.
2,	will be served on the	2nd and 17th of each month.
3,	will be served on the	3rd and 18th of each month.
4,	will be served on the	4th and 19th of each month.
5,	will be served on the	5th and 20th of each month.
6,	will be served on the	6th and 21st of each month.
7,	will be served on the	7th and 22nd of each month.
8,	will be served on the	8th and 23rd of each month.
9,	will be served on the	9th and 24th of each month.
0,	will be served on the	10th and 25th of each month.

Permit holders whose day of purchase falls on a Sunday or a notified holiday or a closed day, should call for their requirements on the day preceding or following the holidays, whichever is convenient to them. Others who may not be able, for some reason, to obtain their quota on the prescribed date can draw it on any of the working dates, not mentioned above.

This revised arrangement will come into force from May 16, 1948.

JAPANESE TRADE MISSION IN DELHI



Members of the Trade Mission from Japan which is on a visit to India photographed on arrival in Delhi on May 5. The Mission is sponsored by the Supreme Commander, Allied Powers in Japan. Mr. Eaton, (third from left) and Mr. Donaldson, (fourth from left) are the Supreme Commander's representatives in the Mission. During its stay in India, the Mission will hold discussions with several Ministries of the Government of India on trade matters and will also meet Indian trade interests.

INDO-AUSTRALIAN TRADE TREATY IN OFFING

BOMBAY, May 7. (U.P.I.): Australia is planning to conclude a trade treaty with India, according to Australian sources here. The proposed agreement is likely to be on the most favoured nation principle and would be the first ever negotiated between Australia and India.

The aim, it is stated, will be to provide a long standing arrangement on tariffs and trade. In the last few years, there has been a rapid expansion in the two-way trade between the two countries; and since 1939, the rise in trade has been well over 500 per cent.

GROWING TRADE BETWEEN TWO COUNTRIES

Australia is reported to be the most attractive epxanding market for Indian Jute and Cotton, while India needs foodstuffs and grains which Australia can supply. The present indications are that the two-way trade in 1947-48 will create an all time record as Australian wheat exports to India alone will probably exceed one million tons.

INDIAN TILES IN GREAT DEMAND IN AUSTRALIA

India-made tiles are in great demand in Australia, it is learnt here. An Australian firm has placed orders with Indian firms for three to four million tiles which are to be executed before the end of this year.

The average home in Australia requires about 2,000 tiles, and the shipments from India are expected to roof some 1,500 Australian houses.

GIFT OF WOOL FOR DIVIDED BENGAL

It is now learnt that 167 bales of fine Australian wool—the gift from Australian Wool Board to the Bengal Red Cross arranged by Mr. R G. Casey, former Governor of Bengal, has been divided between East and West Bengal, owing to the partition of the country.

This Australian gift wool is being combed, spun, woven and dyed at the Cottage Industry Section of the Ramkrishna Mission Home at Bankura.

Fire Exchanged Across Border

Three Persons Killed In Encounter With Smugglers

CALCUTTA, May 7. (A. P. I.):—Three persons were killed and three others injured when the West Bengal border police today exchanged fire with a party of alleged smugglers near Bongoan, about 48 miles from Calcutta, according to information received here.

The injured have since been brought to Calcutta and admitted to the Medical College Hospital. Among the injured is a West Bengal police constable.

It is stated that while a party of alleged smugglers were moving out of the Indian Union area with cart-load of smuggled commodities, they were challenged by the border police of the West Bengal Government.

The cartman left the cart and, it is alleged, brought with his local residents from the other side of the border, who attacked the police and attempted to snatch their guns. The police opened fire, which was exchaned by the opposite party.

West Punjab To Deposit

Ad Hoc Sum To Draw Water From Canals

NEW DELHI, May 7 (API): A joint statement signed on the night of May 4 at New Delhi by the representatives of the Government of India, Pakistan, East Punjab and West Punjab on the dispute regarding the supply of water by the East Punjab to the Central Bari Doab and the Depalpur Canals in the West Punjab has been released today.

The statement gives time to the West Punjab Government to tap alternative source of water and enables them in the meanwhile to draw water from the East Punjab against an "ad hoc" sum to be deposited by them with the Reserve Bank. This amount is to be decided upon by the Prime Minister of India.

It is signed on behalf of India and East Punjab by the Prime Minister, Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru, the Works Minister Mr. N. V. Gadgil and Sardar Swarn Singh and Mr Ghulam Mohammad, Sardar Shaukat Hyat Khan, and Mian Mumtaz Daultana on behalf of Pakistan and East Punjab.

DELHI PREVIEW OF U. N. O. FILMS

The Delhi premiere of the UNO-sponsored DVI documentaries, "Mother", "Child" and "Community", was held at the Odeon and attended by many distinguished personalities. The picture shows, left to right, Lt. Col. Barkat Narain—Director of the Health Service, Delhi Prov., the Hon'ble Rajkumari Amrit Kaur—Minister for Health, Mr. Kamal Kumar—Acting Director of the U.N. Information Centre, New Delhi, Paul Zils the producer-director of the films, for whom the occasion was a personal triumph, Mr. Raja Hutheesing and Miss Rita Pandit.

JAP TRADE MISSION WELCOMED

Pandit Nehru Promises All Help For Mutual Development

NEW DELHI, May 7, (A.P.I.): The S.C.A.P. Trade Mission from Japan called on Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru this morning in the Prime Minister's room in the Secretariat.

Welcoming the mission, Pandit Nehru referred to the historical ties between India and Japan and expressed this country's desire to cultivate closer trade, economic and cultural relations with Japan. He said that the economy of both countries should be complementary and that, within the limits of India's programme of industrial and economic development, she would assist as much as possible in sending raw materials to Japan.

The Prime Minister also sent greetings and good wishes to the Japanese people.

Mr. W R. Eaton, Leader of the Mission, thanked the Prime Minister of the hospitality accorded to the mission by the Government of India. He said that Japan had capacity for the production of capital goods, but she was in need of raw materials. He expressed his wishes for the welfare of India and for the revival of Indo-Japanese trade. The meeting lasted half an hour.

Indian Raw Material For Japanese Machinery

NEW DELHI, May 7. (A.P.I.): The S.C.A.P. Trade Mission from Japan met officers of several Ministries of the Government of India in the north block of the Secretariat this morning. Among the Ministries represented were: Commerce, Industry and Supply, Finance, Works, Mines and Power, Communications, External Affairs and Agriculture.

Mr. C C. Desai, Secretary of the Commerce Ministry, welcoming the mission recalled the pre-war trade contacts between India and Japan and expressed the Government of India's desire to see those relationships re-established to the benefit of both countries. He hoped that on the Mission's return to Japan, its members would assist in removing the obstacles now impending the flow of trade.

Continuing Mr. Desai said that Japan had considerable manufacturing capacity and technical skill. India too had made rapid industrial strides, but she needed capital goods and certain types of machinery which Japan could supply. He hoped that by the time the visitors left India, some understanding would be arrived at enabling the objectives of the visit to be achieved.

Mr. W. R. Eaton, Leader of the Mission in his reply touched on Japan's need to secure raw materials such as cotton and jute. He also stressed the need for an Indian trade representative in Japan.

Mr. Desai, in reply, said that the Government had already decided to station a Trade Commissioner in Japan.

The meeting which began at 11-30 a.m. continued for two hours. A wide range of subjects dealing with trade between the two countries was covered.

Nationalists Score First Success

NANKING, May 7, (Reuter): Chinese Nationalist forces in Western Honan Province today gained their first success since the Communist drive started early this week by repulsing with heavy losses to the enemy" a Communist attack against the railway town of Lingpao.

In the north-east province of Shantung fierce fighting continued about 70 miles east of the provincial capital of Tsinan. Government defences were reported to be stiffening.

"HELPING TO KEEP CEYLONESE & INDIAN WORKERS OPPRESSED"

British & American Delegates To W.F.T.U. Refute Allegations By Dange's "Substitute"

ROME, May 7 (Reuter) Indian allegations that Britain and the United States were "helping to keep Indian and Ceylonese workers oppressed", were today the subject of protests by Mr. Vincent Tewson and Mr. James Carey, British an American delegates to the World Federation of Trade Unions executive meeting here.

Mr S. A. Wickrema Singa representing India and Ceylon, blamed the British Government, the United States Congress of Industrial Organisations (a trade union body) and American capitalism for the "oppression"

TRADE UNION RIGHTS

Although the meeting was closed to the Press conference circles said. Mr. Wickrema Singa intervened during a discussion on trade union rights which involved also W.F.T.U. relations with the International Labour office.

Apparently Mr. Wickrema Singa objected to a motion before the Committee which suggested the question of restriction of the rights of trade unions in some countries should be eliminated for the Committee's report. The delegate for India and Ceylon then apparently alleged it was necessary to place on record the suppression of workers' rights particularly in India, and blamed the British Government and the Trade Union Congress for this state of affairs.

DANGE'S 'SUBSTITUTE'

Mr. Wickrema Singa recalling he was a substitute or Mr. S. A. Dange, Communist President of the All-India Trade Union Council, who is in prison, also alleged that more than 1,000 trade union leaders in India were in jail and the whole movement was oppressed by exceptional police measures.

He was reported to have said that the Indian Government was trying to set up a rival labour movement named the Indian National Trade Union Council.

He cited many alleged cases of police terrorism against Indian Trade unionists and claimed the British Labour Government was responsible for the type of Government in India.

He added that the present Indian Government was trying to get help from American capitalism to help suppress the rights of Indian workers.

He was also quoted as saying that a British T.U.C official had been sent to Ceylon to advise the Ceylon Government on labour questions but gave up his post because that Government would not accept his recommendations.

He alleged that the T.U.C did not back their official.

TEWSON DENIES IT

Mr Vincent Tewson of the British Delegation was reported to have replied sharply denying that British trade unions had any responsibility for the actions of the Governments of India and Ceylon.

It was understood Mr. James Carey also intervened in strong terms resenting any implication that the United States Government or American trade unions were concerned in anything connected with the repression of workers rights in India.

The Chinese delegate, it was reported, also spoke supporting Wickrema Singa and alleging instances of the use of force by United States troops in China against Chinese workers.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

CALCUTTA, May 7.

The Calcutta Stock Exchange continued its upward trend round all sections along with a fair line of transactions. Following are today's final transactions upto 2-30 p.m.:—

SECURITIES: Three per cent Government paper 99/2; three per cent Loan 1986 99/10.6; three per cent Loan 1951/54 102/3; three per cent Loan 1966/68 100/7; three per cent Loan 1957 102/3; three per cent Loan 1966 68 100/7; three per cent Loan 1957 102/6; slot three half per cent Loan 1954/59 105 4/6 four per cent Loan 1960/70 111/4; slots.

BANKS: Calcutta National 16/8; Hind Bank 35/4; Imperial Bank Conty 487/8; Reserve Bank 108/-; United Commercial 61/-; so lot.

COTTONS: Dunbar 273/-; Elgin

COTTON: Dunbar 273/-; Elgin Ordy. 4/14

COALS: Amalgamated 29 6; Bengal 522/-; Burrakur 23/2; Central India 7/16; Equitable 40/15; Hurtladih 22/-; Raneegunge 21/-; Panch Valley 28/2. Standard 17/14; south Karanpura 21/-; Western Bengal 6/8 Talcher 5/1.

JUTES: Barnagore 305/-; Chitavalsch 23/10; Champdany 216/-. Dalhousie 358/-; Delta 300/-; Howrah 81/12; India 222/-; Kamarhatty 655/-; Kankinarrah 515/-; Megna 138/8; Presidency 7/3 Naihati 321/-; Reliance 8/8;.

MININGS: Burma Corpn 8/6; Indian Copper 2/11; Tavoy Tin 1/5.

ENGINEERINGS: Braithwaite and Co. 10/2; Burn and Co. 290/-; Kumardhubi Eng. 10/10; Indian Iron 61/-; Jessop and Co. 20/14; Steel Corpn Ordy. 25/4; Ditto Pref. 122/-; Textile Machinery 8/8.

MISCELLANEOUS: Dalmia Cement 9/2; Sone Valley 8/-14; Calcutta Electric 29/14; Balmer Lawrie 338/-; Bararee Coke 23/12; B I Corpn 8/12; Calcutta Trams 24/-; F and C Oaler 10/-; Indian National Airways 8/4; Ivan Jones 4/10; Jardine Henderson 166/-; Martin Burn 17/2; National Ingulated Cable 9/8; CT National Tobacco 32/6; India Paper pulp 167/8; Orient Paper 26/-; Titaghur Paper 44/8; Midnapore Zemindary 100/-; Assam Saws 7/3; India General Navgn. 110/- slot Indian Steamship 12/9.

SUGARS: Bairampore 8-14; Buland 16/-; CT Champaran 26/10; Darbhanga 15 8; Dyer Meaking Brewery 8 15

TEAS: Bateli 14/4; Nasimara 110-/; Hattikhira 17-; 8 lot Jutilbari 18/8; Loobha 11/8; Teen All 23/6; Tengpani 24/8.

Calicut Market

(From Our Correspondent)

CALICUT, May 7.

Coiryarn beypore 140/145; Quilandy 145/150; Fibre garbled 110; Ungarbled 100; Coconuts raw 115/120; Dry 145/150; Coconutoil 405; Copra office 265/270; Dilpasand 275; Madrasnottam 300; Pepper Wynaad 1008/1010; Country 990/1000; Dryginger chernad 325; Ernad 300; Coffee robusta 145; Timber pali 45/50; Junglewood 25/30; Vellapine 37/8/40; Benteak 35/40; Teak 90/100; Mango 8/4/4; Teak 12/20; Rosewood 10/20.

Karachi Cotton Market

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, May 7

Following are todays quotations:—

Cotton roller types NT 82/-, Punjab 289 F 103/-; LSS 76/-, 4 F 68/-; May delivery 61/4.

Steadier on better Bombay advices but business small.

Spot sales 1210; bales, arrivals 4095; exports 3645; bales. All for Bombay.

Cottonseeds NT 6-12; Desi 7 8; Steadily held but business small

Copras 49/-; easy. Gold tajbi 113/-; Sovereigns 74/12; Silver coins 130/-, tone firm.

Hapur Market Rates

(From Our Correspondent)

HAPUR, May 7.

Following are todays quotations:—

Silver forward 175-14; opened 176-1; yesterday closed 175-14.

Gold forward 1117/8; yesterday closed 117/8.

Barrdana asar 90,; June 111/-; Oats ready 8/-; Jeth 7/14/6; opened 7/14/6; yesterday closed 7 13/9; Gur ready 12/-; to 12/8; Fagan 11/3; opened 11/1/6; yesterday closed 11/2 Baishak 10/9; Shakkar 13/-; Kahaisari 34/-; to 25/-; Crystal 36/-; Wheat 17/-; Gram 11/8; Barley 9/6; Peas ready 9/10; Jeth 7/2; Maize 8 8; Bajra 9/-; Juwar 8/8; Arhar ready 9/14; Jeth 9/9/; Urd 18/-; Moong 15/-; Masoor 13/2; Saarsoon ready 21/-; Jeth 18 14; Taraseed 16/-; to 17/8; Oil 62/-; Oilcake 7/14; Groundnut 13/-; Methi 13/-.

ITALY'S NO. 1 MYSTERY

Attacks On Arsenals: Gun Battle Near Rome

ROME, May 7. (U.P.A.): The police today reported another terroristic attack on an army arsenal near Milan late last night and released new details of a fierce gun battle near Rome yesterday, during a similar attack.

The 30-day series of persistent but ineffective attacks against the Government's ammunition supply is becoming Italy's number one mystery, as well as political issue.

The latest attack on the Novative Milanese arsenal, six miles north of Milan, last night, was repelled by an army garrison after the terrorists made two sallies with automatic weapons.

This attack was followed by a four-hour gun fight yesterday morning at the Soratte arsenal 30 miles north of Rome.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON JULY

NEW YORK, May 7.

Previous closing	36.48
Today's opening	36.58
Difference	+7
Today's closing	36.42
Difference	—6

LAST QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, May 7

	Rs.
Cotton Jarily May	697-8
Cotton Jarila July	724-0
Silver Bullion forward	1.8- 2
Gold forward	116-8
Sovereign	74-6

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK, May 7.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:

Anaconda Copper mining 36-3 4.
General Motors 56-1 4
United States Steel Common 75-3 8.
United States Steel preference 137.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, May 7 (Reuter). Readjustment of the clothes rationing system failed to bring any reaction to store shares in the London stock-markets today. Dealers were expecting that increased ration would encourage buyers of these shares but the market remained steady and undisturbed.

British Government securities failed to hold an initial rise. Gains resulting from small investment support were wiped out when stock came on offer and where changed. Price levels showed small losses on the day

Electricity three percents were 1/8 lower on balance at 98-3 4.

The industrial share market was lifeless, price movements were few and were a mixture of small gains and losses.

Oil shares provided a bright spot as Anglo-Iranian local buyers of this issue made for upward movement of 1/8 and closed firm at 8-7 16 ultramar oil were also a good feature at 82 Shillings.

Mining sections were idle but some interest was shown in West Australian issues which moved slightly higher. South African were inclined to droop, little interest being displayed by Johannesburg.

Ahmedabad Share Market

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, May 7

Market moved in a zig-zag pattern general trend being constructive, particularly in steel shares. Price increase in steel is considered very likely and according to some well informed circles announcement of partial decontrol in some iron products will be made without undue delay. Closed steady.

Calico opened 1360; highest 1361; lowest 1349; closed 1353;.

Ambika opened 431; highest 433; lowest 427; closed 431.

Arvind opened 1745; lowest 1731; closed 1732.

Defered opened 1655; highest 1659; lowest 1648; closed 1650.

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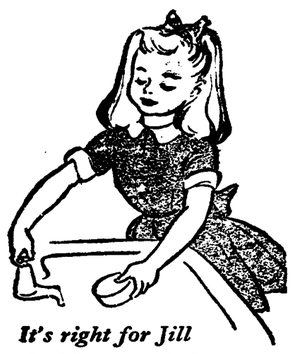

It's right for Jill
And brother Bill
It's right for Daddy too:
If Wright's is right
for all of us
It must be right
for you!

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for EVERYONE!
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Excelsior
SHAKESPEARE IN HINDI

Nargis Pictures' long-awaited ROMEO AND JULIET was released only yesterday. One cannot judge a picture till one has seen it; but as a film critic wih a fair knowledge of the abilities of our stars, I may be allowed to comment on the casting of the title roles.

I have seen Romeo played on the London stage by such stalwarts of the footlights as John Gielgud, Laurence Olivier and Robert Donat; I have watched Peggy Ashcroft and Gwen Francon Davies, actresses of skill and experience, enact the role of Juliet I also saw Norma Shearer and Leslie Howard in the American film version. All these players were actors of the finest calibre and most of them were fairly advanced in years when they took the parts.

True, Romeo and Juliet are lovers in their teens; but as far as casting of Shakespearean roles goes, experience and not youth is of primary importance. The wooden Nargis may be youthful, but she certainly lacks the fire and dramatic depth demanded by the role. Again, the effeminate Sapru certainly does not fit into one's conception of the dashing Romeo. Of course my predictions, based purely on my opinion of the two stars from their former films, may very well be wrong, in which case I shall be the very first to admit it when I review this screenplay fully in the near future.

I should imagine you are all, young and old, conversant with this famous tragedy of the lovers who belonged to two warring noble families of Italy. It was only their unity in death that brought the feud to an end.

*

Royal Opera House
STRUTTING SHADOW OF ASHOK

A splendid example of how our producers mar productions through miscasting of even the main roles, is K. B. Lall's SAMRAT ASHOK. Once again we find Sapru called upon to portray a great figure—this time, a monarch whose memory is revered throughtout India: the great Ashok. Sapru succeeds in gesticulating and strutting about merely like a shadow of the ruler.

License has, presumably, been taken with history, but as it intensifies the tale's dramatic import, it may be permissible. What is more important is that the spirit of Buddhism which was the background to Ashok's humane rule, is carefully transmitted to the audience.

The sumptuous trappings that, as usual in our costume pictures, bedeck the present film, serve to dwarf the characters; but beneath this tinsel, is some worth.

Ashok is presented as a ruthless conqueror to begin with. When he revels in the destruction of Kalinga, a Buddhist girl points out to him the error of his ways, and he becomes an adherent of Buddha's creed of non-violence and love of the humblest form of life.

A glittering cast composed of Ullhas, Shakir, Veena and Shamim, adds to the attraction of the photoplay.

*

Majestic
CRUDE HOTCH-POTCH

Old recipes form the unpalatable brew of Jeevan Pictures' ARSI. Originality has been scattered to the four winds and it is easy enough for the regular picturegoers to fit in the pieces of the jig-saw puzzle.

We have met all the characters before: There is the rustic maiden vainly attempting to be coy, the lecher of a zamindar, hot in his romantic pursuit of the girl and his upright son who is his rival in love!

The triangle is split when death conveniently removes the old man from the scene. However, he is easily substituted with a villainess—his own daughter who plays the role of Mother Grundy to break up the affair of her brother with his lowly love.

Had the picture stuck to the original triangle, an interesting situation might have been worked up to a climax. But what price producers' wisdom?

Al Nasir and Meena are an attractive couple in their stereotyped roles. Cuckoo, Ajmal and Asha Posley lend support.

CURRENT PHOTOPLAYS

*

Central
MERRY-GO-ROUND

Beginning in a delightfully light vein, with a situation full of potential comedy material, Ranjit PIYA, GHAR AJA!, goes on a mad merry-go-round.

Comedy and melodrama are an ill-mated couple and it is a foolish man who tries to wed them.

Sham and Joginder are two medico friends, the former serious, the latter frivolous. For a lark, the gay one answers a marriage advertisement, enclosing Sham's picture as a prospective husband for the girl for whom an uncle has put in the insertion. The hilarious possibilities of this situation are left unexplored and a very tame love affair between Sheela, the girl, and Sham, follows.

What is not quite so tame, however, is the medley of ensuing melodramatic events. When Sham takes his bride home, his sister-in-law who has cherished a secret affection for him, tries to ruin his marriage with a view to roping him as a spouse for her sister. Ofcourse husband and wife survive the storm.

Karan Dewan and Meena Kumari, as Sham and Sheela, are quite at home in the lighter moments but find the going steep in the grimmer scenes. Usha plays the scheming sister-in-law with all the flourish of an over-dramatised performance.

Undiluted, this might have been a rollicking farce.

*

New West End
PURPOSEFUL PICTURE

Rajkamal's MATWALA SHAIR RAMJOSHI rings a bell in one's memory, recalling with its flickering brilliance the old glory that was Shantaram's.

A peculiar naivety where subtlety is the need, spoils some of the highly dramatised situations. In clearer words, Shantaram has been guilty of belabouring the obvious.

A character study of gargantuan proportions is presented in the principal character—the poet Ramjoshi who is a shining light of Maharashtrian literature.

From obscurity, this opponent of orthodoxy rises to fame on the wings of poesy. A being apart from other men, he yet falls a prey to the common vices of drink and pride. The man's degredation is well portrayed, but his redemption is rather an anti-climax. This artificiality is a blot on the picture.

Ramjoshi is a difficult part, yet Manmohan plays it with a fair amount of skill in the Hindi version. The Marathi film has Jairam Shiledar in the title role.

*

Krishna
STEREOTYPED

The tale of ZANJEER has often been told before, and nowhere better than in New Theatres' "Hamrahi", of which the present is merely a carbon-copy.

The erstwhile battle between Labour and Capital, is the pivotal force of the drama. The worker is made a hero, purely for commercial reasons, while the avaricious capitalists is the Big Bad Wolf.

Is it necessary to tell you that the lovers, without whom there could be no Indian film, are members of parties with directly opposed ideologies. You don't need to guess whose principals win out in the end, do you?

Our "It" girl Begum Para poses as well as ever, Balwant Singh, Jagdish and Balwant Singh help to keep the old wheels of a very creaky machinery moving.

"SARDI" REVIEWS OUR SCREEN

Left: Meena Kumari in "Piya Ghar Aja!"

*

Right: Paro in the forthcoming "Heera"

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

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Anti-Plague Measures In Hyderabad

HYDERABAD (Dn.) May 7 (API): The Nizam's Government has sanctioned a scheme of intensive anti-plague campaign in the endemic areas of the Dominions which will be implemented immediately. The total annual expenditure on the proposed scheme will amount to Rs. 8 78,816 which is in addition to the expenditure already incirred on anti-plague measures in Hyderabad Citv.

Gandhi Memorial For Bombay

CORPORATION APPOINTS COMMITTEE WITH MAYOR AS CHAIRMAN

BOMBAY, Friday.

All sections of the Bombay Municipal Corporation heartily approved of and gave unanimous consent to Mr. V. B. Gandhi's proposal to have a suitable memorial commemorating in the city the memory of Mahatma Gandhi and fulfilling any one of his ideals, at this evening's meeting of the Corporation.

The following is the full text of Mr. V. B. Gandhi's proposal:

"That with a view to commemorating in this City the memory of Mahatma Gandhi in a manner befitting the Father of the Nation, who was also the most distinguished and revered citizen of this City, a Committee of this Corporation (to be named at the meeting) be appointed to consider in consultation with the Commissioner and report on the desirability of having a suitable memorial, which should preferably be a Civic Institute or something fulfilling any one of the ideals of Mahatma Gandhi."

A committee with Dr. M. U. Mascarenhas, Mayor, as chairman, and consisting of Messrs. Ganpatishankar N. Desai, S. K. Patil, N. C. Bharucha, Ashoka Mehta, A. A. Mirza, D. V. Patel and V. B. Gandhi was appointed to consider the form of the memorial.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE TO COMMUNISTS

The meeting granted leave of absence for the maximum period allowable under the rules to the three Communist city councillors, Messrs. Zulmiram J. Chowdhery, S. S. Mirajkar and K. T. Sule who are detained under the Bombay Public Security Measures Act.

MUNICIPAL APPOINTMENTS

There was a debate over Mr. K F. Nariman's proposal that in regard to each appointment carrying a salary of Rs. 300 and above, the Corporation, on the recommendation of the Commissioner and the appropriate Committee, should select a panel of not more than five names and should submit the same to a Municipal Public Service Commission to make the final choice.

Moving the resolution, Mr. Nariman said that the making of appointments had become a knotty question. Often extraneous consideration rather than the essential merits of the case carried the day. The transferring of that job to an outside body would lead to independence and impartiality and would do away with the evils of canvassing.

Mr. S. K. Patil while supporting the proposal moved an amendment (which was accepted by the mover of the resolution. Mr. Nariman) that the subject be referred to the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee.

An independent Muncipal Service Commission would involve a colossal expenditure, Mr. Patil continued and added that it would be well, if the House established a kind of tradition to accept the recommendations of the Public Service Commission to whom the question of appointments might with advantage be referred.

Mr. N. C. Bharucha pointed out that there were not more than 142 posts in the Corporation which carried a salary of Rs. 300 and over. Thus a Municipal Service Commission, beside costing a large amount of money, would not have sufficient work at all.

The Municipal Commissioner warned the House that if it committed itself to leaving the matter of making appointments to an outside body, it would be difficult for it to modify the same if it so desired later on. He therefore observed that the power of making appointments must vest with the Corporation.

Dr. J. A. Collaco thought that in cases where the Corporation could suitably promote its own men to higher posts, there was no need or necessity to refer the matter to the Public Service Commission, which might help only in cases of recruitment for posts which were advertised.

The House passed Mr. Nariman's proposal as amended by Mr. S. K. Patil. Accordingly the proposal was referred to the Law, Revenue and the General Purposes Committee.

IMPROVING B.E.S.T. SERVICE

The following proposal also moved by Mr. Nariman was referred to B.E.S.T. Committee: z

"That the Corporation is of opinion that in order to relieve very great congestion in traffic in the City, the B.E.S.T. Committee should immediately devise a scheme to supplement the present shortage of Bus Service by introducing passenger Buses similar to those run in greater Bombay and in long distance service in Mofussil.

"That pending the arrival of new B.E.S.T. Buses, the Corporation itself should through the B.E.S.T. purchase immediately at least 200 such passenger Buses and run them on unimportant roads as feeder lines to the Main Services run by the B.E.S.T. Buses. If the Corporation is unable to undertake the venture, then tenders should be invited from private parties.

"That a survey be immediately made of the City with a view to ascertain the number and location of such feeder lines where congestion of traffic is great.

"That the supplementary service, either run by B.E.S.T. Company or by private enterprise, with the sanction and permission of Corporation, should be directly under the control and supervision of the B.E.S.T. Committee and Corporation and fare and timetables as well as ther particulars be fixed by the Committee with the sanction of the Corporation.

"That the Commissioner be asked to report on the subject within a fortnight, after urgent consultation with B.E.S.T. Committee so that steps may be immediately taken, with the sanction of Corporation, to start such supplementary service as early as possible."

Hen Lays Technicolour Egg

RUTLAND, VERMONT, (Reuter): Mrs. Rose Moulton recently noticed one of her hens clucking more proudly than ever. She ran to the hen coop, lifted the hen off her nest and found a brightly coloured egg, brilliant maroon at one end, shading down to a paste! pink at the other.

Several minutes under water did not affect the colour.

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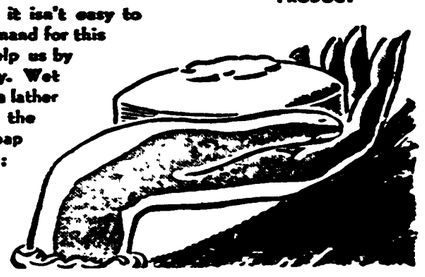

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Cease Fire Agreement In Jerusalem

CUNNINGHAM'S TALKS WITH ARAB LEADER SUCCEED

But Fighting Continues In North And South Palestine

JERUSALEM, May 7. (Reuter): British efforts to get peace in Jerusalem brought agreement from both Arabs and Jews tonight to cease fire in the city as from noon tomorrow. Arab agreement was announced in an official British communique from Jericho, where Sir Alan Cunningham, British High Commissioner, was in conference with Arab leaders, including Azzam Pasha of the Arab League.

JEWS RESPOND QUICKLY

The Jews responded immediately, with a Jewish Agency spokesman saying: "We have been saying for two months that as soon as the Arabs stop shooting in Jerusalem—and elsewhere—we will also do so. Headquarters of Haganah in Jerusalem will issue cease fire orders to all Haganah troops in the city tonight."

As the Jericho communique was issued the crump of Arab mortars and crack of machinegun fire resounded over the Yemen Moshe quarter of Jerusalem and the Jews threw up a grey smoke screen cloud that covered the area.

FIGHT CONTINUES ELSEWHERE

Despatches from Tel Aviv reported continued fighting in both northern and southern Palestine.

Haganah said their forces had taken six strongholds around the Arab-held Jewish holy city of Safad, in the north, inflicting heavy casualties, and also claimed capture of the Arab village of Quatra in southern Palestine.

SPEEDING UP EVACUATION

In Haifa, chief British evacuation port, Major-General H. C. Stockwell, British Army Commander in northern Palestine, was reported to have told Jewish Agency officials that the evacuation would be completed much quicker than was at first anticipated.

These officials said the evacuation might be completed by early July, which would be nearly a month ahead of the scheduled date of August 1.

The troopship "Georgic" arrived at Haifa today to take off several thousand British troops and police.

British authorities announced that British police had been evacuated from the Gaza district on May 4.

JEWISH ATTACKS REPULSED

An Arab headquarters communique from Damascus reported that Jewish attacks on Safad, in northern Palestine, had been repulsed with heavy losses.

The typhoid epidemic in acre, across the bay from Haifa, who spread to surrounding Arab villages, an International Red Cross representative said in Haifa today.

BRITISH TROOPS SHELL JEWISH AREAS

JERUSALEM, May 7 (Reuter) Delegates to the United Nations were waiting today to hear the name of the neutral commissioner who will take over control of Jerusalem. They had decided last night--votes with 17 abstentions, in the General Assembly to ask the Palestine High Commissioner, Sir Alan Cunninghan, to make the appointment.

They reached their decision as reports of heavy fighting between Arabs and Jews came from North Palestine and British gunners shelled a Jewish suburbs on the outskirts of Jerusalem.

The British shelling of the industrial suburbs of Givat Shaul followed a Stern Gang terrorist attack on British army convoy less than three miles from the city. Haganah (Jewish Military) sources said that the Stern Gang knocked out at least two lorries in this attack, their second on "the British enemy" in two days.

An Arab despatch from Damascus said that heavy fighting was going on between Arab and Haganah forces in Safad, northern Palestine.

In Washington President Truman said that despite Britani's refusal to extend its mandate over Palestine for ten days at America's request the United States Government was still making every effort to halt Arab-Jewish bloodship. He declined to comment on reports of new United States attempts to persuade Arabs and Jews to negotiate a truce but asserted that he was still ready to place a plane at the disposal of Arab and Jewish representatives for a flight to Palestine in any effort such a truce.

Earlier reports from diplomatic sources here said that the offer to provide transport to truce negotiations was made at the beginning of this week but had been turned down by both sides. The British were said to have sympathised with the American initiative but stressed that they could not extend the mandate.

SECURITY COUNCIL CONSIDERS JEWISH CHARGE

LAKE SUCCESS, May 7 (U.P.A.): The United Nations Security Council met today to consider the Jewish charge that regular Arab forces had invaded Palestine.

The Jewish Agency complaint filed last Saturday alleged that Iraqi troops had entered Palestine and that units of King Abdullah's Transjordan Legion had clashed with Jewish forces.

The Council in a secret session last week had refused to act on similar Jewish accusations. What little hope the Jewish Agency had that the Council would consider them today was blasted by a cable from the Council's Truce Commission in Palestine which reported that whatever Iraqi troops had entered Palestine had done so to reinforce the Transjordan Arab Legion aidin g British evacuation. The cable added that "sikirmishes may have taken place" between the Legion and Jewish forces but confirmation was not available.

The Jewish Agency, in a second appeal to the Security Council to halt alleged attacks on Jews in Palestine by regular forces of surrounding Arab states, said further that there was "no room for doubt that offensive operations on a larger scale by these forcss are imminent upon the termination of the British mandate" in just one week.

Ahe Agency accused Britain of supporting the Arab invaders, declaring that in the "last few days British forces have rushed to Palestine from Malta and elsewhere. Their purpose, according to the statement of a British spokesman, was to provide reinforcements to view Jewish action in Jaffa. No aggressive act on the part of the Arabs was even deemed as sufficient reason for such a step."

LADY MOUNTBATTEN OPENS ART EXHIBITION IN DELHI

"India's wide range of artistic achievement has been something I have never ceased to marvel at, and has always delighted and inspired me", said Her Excellency Countess Mountbatten of Burma, opening the 17th Annual Exhibition of the All India Fine Arts and Crafts Society Seen at left are: Lady Pamela Mountbatten and Mr. Anil Roy Choudhury, Secretary of the Society. Seated at right are: Sir Usha Nath Sen and Mr. M. S. Randhawa.

Kashmir Commission Personnel Completed

(Continued from Page 1)

tion that will be the most effective may of convincing both the Governments of India and Pakistan that the Security Council seriously desired peace and is determined to take every step to bring it about.

"I make this observation not as Foreign Minister of Pakistan, not even as a person connected with one side or the other, but out of my passionate desire to see that peace will be restored as early as possible to these areas as a result of the efforts of the Security Council".

PARTITION PROBLEM

Sir Zafrullah Khan said there were three questions besides that of Kashmir which have still to be dealt with by the Council. These are the accession of Junagadh and the States of Manavadar and Mangrol to Pakistan or India; secondly the question of genocide and thirdly the non-implementation on the part of the Government of India of the obligations undertaken by it and agreement entered with Pakistan as a consequence of partition.

Sir Muhammad said the breaches of agreement comprised three items:

The division of military stores,

The division of cash balances and

The question of the Reserve Bank of India.

The last two items, he said, were no longer live issues and could be considered substantially settled. That left only the question of military stores.

He, proposed that the Kashmir Commission, besides dealing with the plebiscite, should be given authority to supervise the delivery of stores to Pakistan.

QUESTION OF JUNAGADH

Turning to the question of Junagadh, Manavadar and Mangrol, Sir Muhammad said the outstanding feature of the case was that these States acceded to Pakistan. After they were occupied by Indian forces it was announced that a plebiscite was held and that an overwhelming majority of people wanted accession to India.

India had taken this step despite a request from the President of the Security Council to postpone the plebiscite, although later the Indian Government had expressed its willingness to have another plebiscite held under international supervision.

Sir Muhammad, therefore, proposed the following procedure for dealing with:

(1) India should withdraw its forces from States and restore them to their rightful rulers.

(2) Pakistan should agree that a nominee of the United Nations be appointed as Administrator-in-Charge of the entire administration of the States and with powers to hold a plebiscite.

(3) Pakistan should make available any forces which the Administrator might require to maintain order.

(4) The system of safeguards applied in the Kashmir resolution should apply also to the States concerned.

(5) India should agree to pay compensation for losses incurred by the "unlawful activities of its forces and Administration".

GENOCIDE CHARGES

Sir Muhammad urged the restoration of the lawful rulers to their "due position" after the Indian forces had been withdrawn from the State.

He then went on to deal with the question of genocide and in support of his case read lengthy extracts from documents.

It might be, argued Sir Muhammad went on, that this was an old story and that the situation had now improved. But he claimed that certain conditions continued to exist in India which gave cause to fears for the future of Moslems. For example, he said on April 7 there were still 160 Moslem mosques and shrines in Delhi which had not been restored to their rightful use.

Reports from the Pakistan Deputy High Commissioner, who toured certain Indian States recently indicated, Sir Muhammad said, that large-scale forced conversions of Moslems to Hinduism or Sikhism was still going on in villages.

Sir Muhammad alleged there was "definte official connivance" in the outbreaks against Moslems.

Sir Muhammad said: "Unless the question is dealt with at the international level, massacres and atrocities of the kind to which I have drawn attention will continue to occur in various parts of the Indian Dominion".

PICKETING AT LALBAUG HOTEL

100 Persons Arrested And Bailed Out

BOMBAY, Friday.

Mr. K. P. P. Nair, a Socialist Trade Union worker and General Secretary of the North Bombay Hotel Kamgar Union was arrested by the City police for organising picketing in front of the Great Sardar Hindu Hotel at Lalbaug yesterday.

It is stated that some workers of the Hotel were dismissed by the proprietor in January last without any reason and their case taken up by the North Bombay Hotel Workers' Union who tried to settle the dispute with the proprietor peacefully. The Union, it is stated, addressed a number of requests to the proprietor demanding the reason for the dismissal of the workers and their re-instatement. But since then four months had passed and the proprietor paid no attention to the Unions' demand. On April 24 last the Union gave a strike notice putting forward the workers' demands which included reinstatement of the dismissed workers with wages upto date, one month's notice salary for the workers, a gratuity to the extent of 6 months' salary for these workers who have put in more than 6 years' 'service. On the expiry of the notice period a peaceful picketing was organised by the Union and Mr. Nair was conducting it. While he was near the hotel yesterday he was taken into custody along with some other workers of the Union. All of them were later released on bail.

In a statement to the press Mr. Nair says:

"When we started peaceful picketing in front of the above hotel at 8 A.M. on 4th May, four of our volunteers were arrested. Today the Union restarted peaceful picketing in front of the hotel and the police arrested about 100 of our volunteers who were released on bail. It should be noted that when we restarted the picketing we informed the Commissioner of the Police, the Superintendent of 'D' Division and the Kalachawki police station. As soon as the picketing started the picketers were arrested. In my interview with the D. Commissioner of Police and the Superintendent I was told that peaceful picketing was not objectionable. If peaceful picketing is not infringement of law, why did the police arrest the volunteers and myself? Will the higher authorities and the Home Minister investigate into this matter?"

Military Pact Between Holland And Belgium

WASSENAAR (Holland) May 7. (Reuter): Belgium and Holland will sign a military pact here on Monday, it was learned today.

Colonel Raaul de Fraitteur, Belgian Minister of Defence, will come here from Brussels for the signing on Saturday.

Agreement on the Pact was reached during negotiations in Brussels by the Defence Ministers of the two countries.

It will provide for co-operation on the organisation and use of armed forces, supply of materials and technical research.

GANDHIJI'S ASHES FOR S. AFRICA

(From Our Correspondent)

SURAT, May 7.

It is understood Gandhiji's ashes will be carried to South Africa. South African Indian Leader Sorabjee Rustomjee who at present is in India, will carry the ashes with him when he returns to South Africa on May 26.

Mr. Munshi In Delhi

NEW DELHI, May 7 (API): Mr. K. M. Munshi, India's Agent-General in Hyderabad, arrived here today for discussions with the States Ministry. He met the Defence Minister, Sardar Baldev Singh this evening.

Mr. Munshi and Mr. V. P. Menon, States Secretary, are expected to see Sardar Patel at Mussoorie next week.

NEW DELHI, May 7 (API): In regard to the movement of Pakistan's share of military stores from India, inquiries reveal that a substantial portion has already been moved to Pakistan.

BOLD BID FOR A UNITED EUROPE

(Continued from Page 1)

rejoiced that eminent Frenchmen had spoken in this sense.

Of the 16 European States now associated for economic purposes, five had entered into close economic and military relationship. He hoped this nucleus would soon be joined by the peoples of Scandinavia, of the Iberian Peninsula, and Italy.

FROM SPARK TO FIRE

Mr. Churchill who, as Honorary Chairman, opened the Congress, said: "Since I spoke on this subject at Zurich in 1946, and since our British United Europe Movement was launched in January 1947, events have carried our affairs beyond our expectations.

"This cause was obviously either vital or merely academic. If it was academic, it would wither by the wayside. But, if it was the vital need of Europe and the world in this dark hour, then the spark would start a fire which would glow brighter and stronger in the hearts and minds of men and women in many lands. This is what has actually happened.

FORGET PAST HATREDS

"We shall only save ourselves from the perils which draw near by forgetting the hatreds of the past, by letting national rancours and revenges die, by progressively effacing frontiers and barriers which aggravate and congeal our divisions, and by rejoining together in that glorious treasure of literature, of romance, of ethics, of thought and toleration belonging to all, which is the true inheritance of Europe, the expression of its genius and honour; which by our quarrels, our follies, by our fearful wars and the cruel and awful deeds that spring from war and tyrants, we have almost cast away.

ECONOMICS & POLITICS

"It is impossible to separate economics and defence from general political struggle. Mutual aid in the economic field and joint military defence must inevitably be accompanied and step with a parallel policy of closer political unity.

"It is said with truth that this involves some sacrifice or merger of national sovereignty. But it is also possible to regard it as the gradual assumption by all the nations concerned of that larger sovereignty which can alone protect their diverse and distinctive customs and characteristics and their national traditions, all of which under totalitarian systerms, whether Nazi, Fascist, or Communist, would certainly be blotted out

GERMAN PROBLEM

"For us the German problem is to restore the economic life of Germany and revive the ancient fame of the German race, without thereby exposing their neighbours and ourselves to any rebuilding or reassertion of their military power.

"United Europe provides the only solution which covers both these fields and it is also a solution which can be adopted without delay.

"Shall so many millions of humble homes in Europe, aye, and much of its enlightenment and culture, sit quaking in dread of the policeman's knock? That is the question we have to answer here. That is the question which perhaps we have the power to answer here. After all, Europe has only to rise and stand in her own majesty, faithfulness and virtue, to confront all forms of tyranny, ancient or modern, Nazi or Communist, with forces which are unconquerable; and which if asserted in good time, might never be challenged again".

TRIBUTE TO CHURCHILL

M. Pieter Kerstens, Chairman of the Dutch Delegation and Catholic Member of Parliament said that the Conference could help to answer the question of whether "the great mistakes in thinking and acting which occurred in European development between the world wars have been detected and whether the European nations and their Governments will be prepared and able to go back on the errors of their ways and radically change the trend of their development".

Welcoming Mr. Churchill, he said: "To no single man in Europe do we owe so much both in the wider and in the narrower framework of the conference".

INVITATION TO ALL

The Congress was addressed by other European statesmen, including M. Paul Van Zeeland, former Belgian Premier, and M. Paul Ramadier, French Socialist leader.

Crowds which jammed the square outside the Hall, gave the delegates a rousing welcome as they assembled. Guests invited to the first plenary session included the whole of the Hague Diplomatic Corps.

The Congress unanimously resolved to invite other nations, not participating, to associate themselves with the ideal of a United Europe.

The resolution stated: "At the outset of its work the Congress of Europe wishes to affirm that the aims which it is pursuing will not be fully achieved until the day when the whole of Europe is united and organised. Considering that 16 nations have already signified their decision to co-operate, the Congress affairs that it cannot allow its association to be of restrictive nature and, therefore addresses to all peoples a fraternal greeting".

RAZAKARS BURN TWELVE VILLAGES IN NALGONDA

Nizam's Police Assist Raiders: 9 Young Men Shot Dead In Field

NEW DELHI, May 7 (API): Information has been received that on April 19, Razakars, assisted by the Nizam Police and military, about 200 strong, raided the village of Narsimhaludam in the Nalgonda District of Hyderabad State and opened fire, as a result of which 12 villagers received gun-shot injuries. Several houses were also burnt. The injured persons are at present undergoing treatment in the hospital at Munagla.

Other villages in the Nalgonda District, recently raided and burnt down by the Razakars include Pongode, Saudinepalli, Akinepalli, Tondlava, Parad, Sapalli, Nakallapalli, Yersanigudam, Nemani, Jahnewar Kondaram, Mangode and Pinasvoore.

Information has also been received that on April 8, a Rohilla moneylender was killed in the village of Dhanora on the State and the C. P. border as a result of an altercation with a Hindu debtor. Four days later on April 11—40 Razakars raided the village, caught hold of 40 Hindus and intimidated them for information as to the persons responsible for the murder of the Rohilla money-lender. They picked out nine youngmen from among them, made them stand in a line in a sugarcane field nearby and shot them dead. Several houses were also looted and a number of women molested.

PAKISTAN BACKS OUT OF PLEBISCITE BATTLE

LAKE SUCCESS, May 7 (Reuter): Pakistan informed the Security Council today it was not in a position to carry out the obligations laid on it by the Council's proposals for a settlement of the Kashmir dispute.

The Government's view was conveyed in a letter from Sir Zafrullah Khan, Pakistan delegate to the United Nations, to M. Alexandre Parodi, President of the Security Council.

The Council's proposals included a five-man United Nations Commission to go to Kashmir to supervise arrangements for a plebiscite on the question of accession to India or Pakistan.

India told the Security Council yesterday that she "would be glad to "confer" with the proposed Commission, but mantained her objections to certain features of the proposals.

Sir Zafrullah Khan's letter said that in Pakistan's view the measures indicated in the Security Council's resolution "are not adequate to ensure a free and impartial plebiscite."

Dealing with various points of the resolution, the letter states:

"The Pakisttan Government note that the expression 'forward areas' in Article 2 (C) of the resolution is intended to mean areas which are at present closest to the line which separates the Indian forces from the forces in the state which are now in arms against them, thus ensuring the Indian forces are not to advance further into the State beyond the areas at present in their occupation."

"The expression 'Base Area' in Article A (C), it was stated, means areas outside the Valley of Kashmir and outside the field of operation of actual fighting, from which the troops engaged in those operations are supplied.

The Pakistan Government also note that the purpose of Article 6 was stated to be that there should be organised in the State of Jammu and Kashmir an Interim Administration which would command the confidence and respect of all the people of the State and would be a symbol of the people on both sides that the Government of the Satte was officially neutral on the issue of accession to India or Pakistan.

"While on the one hand the suggestion that the Muslim Conference and the Azad Kashmir should have a majority in the Council of Ministers was not found acceptable, on the other hand it was stressed that no advantage would be accorded to the group that holds powers at the present moment.

"The Pakistan Government recognise that the criterion in the reconstitution of the Council of Ministers would not be the dominantly Muslim character of the population of the State, but the neutratlisation of the Government between the group which favours accession to Pakistan and that which favours accesion to Pakistan and that which favours accession to India.

"Each group is to choose its own representatives on the Council of Ministers in order to form a Coalition Government which collectively would be completely neutral in so far as the issue of accession to India or Pakistan is concerned.

"The Pakistan Government also note that the Plebiscite Administrator has full authority to get such powers as he might deem necessary for the holding of a free and impartial plebscitè and, therefore, would be compstent to deal with any offences under Article Eleven and to remedy the situation created by the dismissal of employees of the State who were suspected of favouring accession to Pakistan.

"Although, as stated above, the resolution is inadequate to secure the objctives set out in the Preamble of the resolution and is, therefore not acceptable to the Pakistan Government, they have authorised me to submit under protest and without prejudice the name of Argentine as Pakistan's nominee on the Commission."

INDIA'S ATTITUDE

FLUSHING, May 7 (Reuter) The The text of a letter dated May 5, 1948, addressed by Mr. M.K. Vellodi, leader of the Indian Delegation, to the President of the Security Council, was made public today.

It said:

"I have been directed to communicate to you the following message received by me today from the Government of India:

"The Government of India have given the most careful consideration to the resolution of the Security Council concerning their complaint against or dispute between the two countries regarding the state of Jammu and Kashmir.

"The Government of India regret that it is not possible for them to implement those parts of the resolution against which their objections were clearly stated by their delegation objections which after consultation with the delegation, the Government of India fully endorse.

"If the Council should still decide to send out the Commission referred to in the preamble to the resolution, the Government of India would be glad to confer with it"

NEW INSTRUMENT OF ACCESSION

Raj Pramukhs Agree To Sign: Will Bring States Unions On Level With Provinces

NEW DELHI, May 7 (API): As a result of discussions held in the States Ministry with the Raj Pramukhs and Ministers of the United States of Kathiawar, Rajasthan, Vindhya Pradesh and Matsya it has now been decided that the Raj Pramukh should execute a fresh Instrument of Accession in accordance with the provisions of Section 6 of the Government of India Act, 1935, accepting as matters with respect to which the Dominion Legislature may make laws for the United State, all matters mentioned in list I and list II of the seventh schedule to the Act, except matters relating to taxation, says a Communique.

Similar instruments will be signed by the Raj Pramukhs of the United State of Gwalior, Indore and Malwa (Madhy-Bharat) and of the Patiala and East Punjab States Union immediately after these unions are inaugurated.

As a result of this, the position of is approximated to that of provinces the newly formed Unions of States so far as Legislative powers are concerned.

Tagore Institute To Be Opened In Paris

LONDON, May 7, (U.P.I.): Prof. Pierre Meille of Institute De Indienne, Sorbonne University, Paris and Dr. Girija Mookerjee of Freiburg University have invited Mr. B. B. Ray Chaudhuri, Secretary of the re-organised Tagore Society to open the Tagore Institute attached to Paris University.

The proposed Institute will be opened by Mr. Ray Chaudhuri on July 17. Dr. Mookerjee will open the Tagore Institute at Freiburg University in August.

FUTILE ARGUMENT AND HUGE FRAUD'

BARODA, May 7 (API): Mr. Chunilal P. Shah, President of the Baroda State Praja Mandal, characterised as "a futile argument and a huge fraud" the reported statement made by the Dewan of Baroda, Mr. S. A. Sudhalkar, at a press conference on May 4 in Bombay denying that the reforms announcement made by the Maharaja of Baroda in an open Darbar on April 11 in any way deviated from the agreement reached between him and the States Ministry Secretary, Mr. V. P. Menon, on March 19.

In a statement issued today Mr. Shah referred to the reported of Mr. Sudhalkar and said: I only ask Mr. Sudhalkar to put before the public the letters and telegrams sent by the States Ministry on this question and the last letter written by the Maharaja to Sardar Patel. Only these would give the public the correct position of the document in question".

Let me make it clear that the announcement of April 25 lays down that the interim Government will consist of "popular Ministers" and not elected. I only request the Dewan not to enter into a legal quibble and fight for a position which is untenable. I hope wiser counsels will prevail and no more hurdles will be put in the way of full responsible Government in Baroda.

ATOMIC TALKS DEADLOCK

(Continued from Page 1)

elaborated by the majority, are politically acceptable or not, they provide the technically necessary basis for an effective control of atomic energy. The question is not whether these measures are now acceptable, but whether Governments now want effective international control.

The report declared that the majority plan was the only alternative to an atomic armaments race, but added that "the majority of the Commission has been unable to secure the agreement of the Soviet Union to even those elements of effective control considered essential from the technical point of view, let alone their acceptance of the nature and extent of participation in the world community required of all nations in this field by the first and second reports of the Atomic Energy Commission.

ACTIVITIES SUSPENDED

"As a result the Commission has been forced to recognise that agreement on effective measures for the control of atomic energy is itself dependent on co-operation in broader fields of policy.

"The failure to achieve agreement on the international control of atomic energy arises from a situation that is beyond the competence of this Commission. In this situation the Commission concludes that no useful purpose can be served by carrying on negotiations at the Commission level."

Accordingly, the Commission recommended that until the General Assembly found that "this situation no longer exists", or until such time as the "Big Five" and Canada could reach agreement privately, the Atomic Energy Commission should suspend its activities.

This report will be debated in the Security Council and then passed on to the General Assembly in September. Of the 17 nations which have so far sat on the Atomic Energy Commission, all but three have agreed with the atomic control scheme based on the original "Baruch Plan."

No Gajapati Raj Conspiracy

Dhenkanal Ruler Refutes Charges Made In Orissa Press

CALCUTTA, May 7, (A.P.I.): The ruler of Dhenkanal (Orissa) is now in Calcutta in a statement today refuted the suggestion made in a certain section of the press in Orissa of a conspiracy on the part of Gajpat Rajas (Orissa and C. P. rulers) to incite the State people into unrest and violence in the hope of wresting back their power and authority, and forming a Gajapati Raj Union".

The Raja Saheb of Dhenkanal emphatically denied that any of the rulers even had thought of forming the Gajapati Raj Union, or making Gajapati their Raj promukh.

NO ASSOCIATION WITH PAKISTAN

Referring to another report alleging that he was seeking the help of the East Bengal Government he said: "I have never been to Dacca in my life. To say that I had been there to seek the help of the East Bengal Premier is another myth, and I challenge the statement. Let there be an impartial enquiry. I am afraid, this is the same old trick to create public opinion against us by proving the existence of an imaginary association of Orissa rulers with Pakistan.

NO CONCEALED FORCES IN BASTAR

"Another unfounded and mischievous aspiration is, that rulers were concealing a big force in Bastar State out of the emergency force that each State had maintained before December 15. As a matter of fact no state individually maintained an emergency force. I hope the Government of the Central Provinces will bear me out when I emphatically deny on behalf of all the rulers that no such forces had been concealed at Bastar".

OUR EUROPEAN LETTER

Economic Consequences Of Division

Survey And Suggestions By U. N. Economic Commission For Europe

ZURICH, April 30.

The satisfaction expressed in various West European capitals and Washington over the result of the Italian election, does not basically remove a concern felt over the European situation. This is obvious, when it is realised, that the difficult nature of the position in Europe, retaining a state of restiveness sustainted instability, is fundamentally linked with deterioated economic conditions. This fact is well stressed by a report just issued by the Economic Commission for Europe of the United Nations, which has its headquarters in Geneva. The well-documented publication "A Survey Of The Economic Situation And The Prospects Of Europe", brought out under the general editorship of the eminent economist, Professor Kaldar, throws clearly into relief some of the main problems facing Europe to-day and carrying a wide significance

AGRICULTURAL DETERIORATION

According to the survey mentioned above, the principal problem confronting Europe is that of meeting the demands and difficulties for assuring a sound standard of life for the people. on which stability and security are ultimately dependent. The position is complicated by many factors. And it is significant that the problem stays as serious, despite the quicker recovery of industrial production than after the first world war, excepting in Germany, which incidently also underlines the importance of the German market. whose revival is held up as a result of different war-time arrangements and extension of conflicting aims of various Powers. Germany excluded, in a year to two years, Europe reached its pre-war level of industrial production, as compared with six years taken after the first world war. At present the level is much higher. But the situation is very different in regard to agricultural production. The report indicates it, indeed, as grave. In 1947 the agricultural production reached only 75 per cent of the level of the average annual European production between the years 1935 and 1938. The result of this drop is all the more significant in that the population of Europe during the last twenty years has increased, excluding Russia by 65 millions and including Russia by 93 millions. Further the import of food-stuffs is less by 10 per cent as compared with the period before the war. These facts inevitably imply suffering, and even starvation for many.

DROP IN INTER-EUROPEAN TRADE

A circumstance considerably enhancing the difficulties of Europe is the strong set-back to trade. This is most marked in the case of inter-European trade, which in 1947 reached only 56 per cent of the volume of 1938. Without a substantial rise in inter-European trade recovery will not be easy and a state of detrimental dependence will remain. Here again, the present weakness of Germany and the German market tells heavily. Before the last world war, Denmark got 24 per cent of her imports from Germany, Holland 21 per cent, Belgium and Luxembourg 11 per cent, Switzerland 23 per cent, Sweden 22 per cent and Italy 22.5 per cent. Germany was Europe's second largest exporter of coal the second biggest exporter of iron and ingot steel and the leading exporter of machine tools so greatly needed to-day. Germany's production of machine tools in 1939 exceeded that of the United States, Britain and the Soviet Union put together. Obviously, the sharpening of a division of Europe into two groups, develops as a new barrier to the improvement of inter-European trade. Europe's exports to oversea countries last year (1947) reached 79 per cent of the level of 1938. But imports of Europe from abroad surpassed the level of 1938 being represented in 1947 by 108 per cent, and those from the United States taken alone by 130.

LOSS OF INVISIBLE INCOME

The unsatisfactory state of European economy, as a whole, is clearly reflected by the changed condition relating to balance of payments. A deficit in Europe's balance of payment, as a writer in the Neue Zurcher Zeitung puts it "is impressive, not to say terrifying". The total deficit of the European countries in their commercial transactions with the rest of the world amounted in 1946 to 5.8 milliards of dollars and in 1947 to 7.5 milliards of dollars. An important factor responsible for this is the fate of Europe's invisible income, which has "dwindled to a tiny fraction". Whereas in 1938 it revealed a net gain of 2.1 milliards of dollars, in 1947 it reached only 0.6 milliard of dollars, representing an impoverishment of Europe. The passive balance has gained further, owing to increase in imports from outside with simultaneous decrease in exports. The balance of Europe in favour of imports in 1947 is represented by 3.3 milliards of dollars as against 2.1 in 1938. An additional circumstance responsible for rise in unfavourable balance is the increase in prices. Alone due to this, the deficit in 1947 was 3.6 milliards of dollars higher than it need have been, had the prices kept to the 1938 level. Before the war as well, Europe imported a third more than it exported. But the difference was covered by the invisible income. The increasing of Europe's exports and the decreasing of imports to pre-war levels on the basis of obtaining prices will leave Europe still with a deficit of 4 milliards of dollars

AMERICA'S POSITION.

Since the sources of invisible income have substantially slided down, Europe has got either to increase exports or decrease imports to a corresponding extent or combine both. But the possibilities for these are limited. The situation as such calls for a radical alteration in European economy. A charge over as visualized in many quarters is made specially difficult owing to Europe's passive balance in relation to the United States. 70 per cent of Europe's deficit in regard to trade with foreign countries falls to the account of the United States, in 1947 the United States exported to Europe seven times more than she imported.

PERSPECTIVE AHEAD.

Investigations made by the Economic Commission for Europe incline to see a solution being helped by a good development of Europe's industries, both heavy and light. To the former category will belong primarily, steel and iron, chemicals and machinery. As against 1938, the production of heavy industries has to be increased by nearly 50 per cent (without a similar rise in the case of German) in order to balance the payments. This level it is reckoned may be reached by 1951. Once again, one notes, a calculation being prejudiced and a process being arrested by an attitude or policy as relating to Germany. Even the estimate referred to above does not consider that in regard to agricultural production, Europe will in 1951 reach the pre-war level, while owing to its growth in population, imports of food-stuffs may have to be increased by 33 per cent. Europe's potential wealth, which is great, has not diminished. The difficulties remain and as serious as ever, owing largely to faults and failures in the adoption of suitable remedies. The facts and figures given above also emphasize, the importance and urgency of an effective solution being found to the German problem. This is likely to lead to a stronger American commitment in Europe, to which England on the whole appears to be more reconciled than France (a reserve on the part of France is in association with some of the plans for a revival of Western Germany) and keener moves from the side of the Soviet Union to consolidate a position in Eastern Europe and extend influence in Germany. Currents working for a division of Germany are now more actively at play. If that division takes a clearer character, Europe will pass to a stage of armed truce. This itself can lead to a move for a settlement or to a trend in an opposite direction, with all its dangers. It is a situation which calls for close attention, not only from European countries, but also from important units abroad, for their attitudes also count. This has its significance for India as well. both in view of her position and the fact that Europe is moving more quickly nearer to the stage of armed truce.

'Exercise Dawn'

British Air And Sea Mock Battle Off Scotland Coasts

LONDON, May 6 (Reuter): A low level attack by fighter planes against a destroyer force will be one of the highlights of next week's big combined British air and sea manoeuvres off the eastern and northern coast of Scotland.

General aim of "exercise dawn"—the biggest of its kind since 1939—is to try new methods in locating and shadowing opposing naval units, the Air Ministry said to-day.

The four-day operation will start on Wednesday and move towards the Norwegian coast two nights later when submarines will enter the mock battle.

The "opposing" naval force will include the 23,000 ton aircraft carrier implacable, leading a carrier group protected by a destroyer screen.

MEN ARE INTER-DEPENDENT'

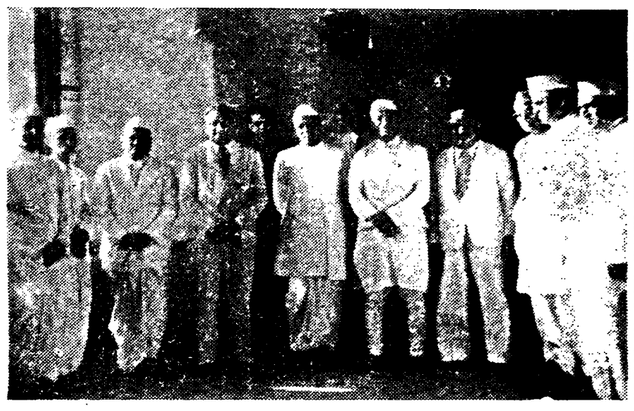
Pattabhi On Gandhiji's Conception Of Human Nature

MADRAS, May 6 (A.P.I.)—With truth as shield and ahimsa as sword Gandhi recognised no other weapon—then the weapon of love to reclaim the erring brother or to wield authority over mankind. His goal, in his own words, was friendship with the world and he proudly declared that he would combine the greatest love with the greatest opposition to wrong" observed Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, in a broadcast talk on "Human Nature—Gandhian View" from the All-India Radio, Madras, tonight.

"In Gandhi's estimate", Dr. Pattabhi said, "one man is as good as another and all men are born as good as their divine creator. It is man's greed and selfishness, quest of power lust and arrogance that corrode his intellect and corrupt his morals. Gandhi's conception of human nature is that man is not independent, but men are inter-dependent— a definition which he applied to nations as well as individuals. To either therefore the rights of one person are the duties of another."

Proceeding Dr. Pattabhi said: "In an age when human nature under the stress of specialisation worked itself down to compartments and departments Gandhi gave a corrective to the prevalent trends and combined in his own life all the stages of individual development, as well as the civisions of social organisation. It was thus that he was at once the lawgiver as well as executor, he was producer no less than distributor, he was farmer and weaver. Gandhi's technique was in unison with mass psychology or, in other word, the trends of human nature. It is difficult to distinguish between conscious motive and inevitable result. Whatever that be, the fact remained that while his motive was purification of self or other, the result was a successful appeal to the mass mind."

ASSAM GOVERNOR IN BOMBAY



Sir Akbar Hydari, the Governor of Assam called on Mr. B G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, at the Secretariat on Friday evening. Picture shows Sir Akbar (fourth from left) with the members of Bombay Cabinet.

"IS INDIA IN SOUTH AMERICA?"

What Society Lady Asked Asaf Ali

(From Our Correspondent.)

'LONDON.—I was very happy to renew my acquaintance with Ambassador Asaf Ali who has just arrived from the cosy rosy land of Americans He looked fit as a fiddle; a year's stay in the "Land of Milk and Honey" has definitely done him good. While he avoided saying anything on Indian and international problems, he spoke about his American experiences with the enthusiasm of the youth. American efficiency and drive appear to have created a great impression on him. He talked of the great comfort in which the average American lived. There were more cars in Washington than in the whole of India. One could eat and drink what one pleased. Then he thought of his own half-hungry and half-naked countrymen. With a flash in his eyes, he said we have got to improve these things. He realised that it would take time before we are able to provide even the barest necessities for everyone. But he had no doubt that given internal peace the object would be achieved. Wealth does not drop from the sky; nor can a Government produce it. It is the people who produce it; their future well-being is entirely in their hands.

East And West

The world was bisected. The ideological clash had assumed dangerous dimensions. Fear of war assailed the minds of the people. But Mr. Asaf Ali did not think that the Americans wanted war. Of course, they were keeping themselves fully prepared for any eventuality. What role would India play in the new set—up? As Nehru has made it clear, India has no desire to join this or that group. India's foreign policy will be entirely dictated by considerations of India s own interests. Besides, India stood for peace which she would promote by all means in her power.

America And India

American interest in happenings in India always great, had become greater since India gained her freedom. Almost every big concern kept a chronological record of happenings in India and employed experts to assess them. University students made a special study of Indian events and trends. But the average American had not improved his knowledge of India. Some of them still cherished the most fantastic notions. Not many years ago an Indian V.I.P. was asked by his charming hostess if he could do the rope-trick for her. She meant no offence. She believed that every Indian knew the rope-trick, being a sort of national game or pastime. Mr. Asaf Ali was asked by a lady at a cock-tail party, "Mr. Ambassador, where is India? Is it in South America?" She got the idea that India must have something to do with Indians and Indians lived in America. But the people who count, people who shape destiny, are fairly well-informed. Mr. Asaf Ali leaves for India on May 9, arriving there on May 11, his birthday.

Nehru Plan

"The Manchester Guardian" this morning referred to what it described as the "Nehru Plan", which should supplement the Marshal Plan in Europe. If the idea is that the "Nehru Plan" will be the Marshal Plan of South Asia, the idea is wrong. Undoubtedly Nehru has been urging strategic and economic co-operation between India, on the one hand, and Siam, Ceylon, Indonesia and Malaya on the other. The object is not domination nor even leadership, but security. Besides, co-operation between neighbours can only do good. I understand attempts are being made to prepare an inventory of the resources and needs of South Asia so that all countries in the area could co-operate in matters pertaining to economic recovery. The greatest need of India and other South Asia countries is capital goods. At the moment these can be obtained largely from U.S.A. Britain can supply these goods, but there is the question of deliveries The needs of South Asia being urgent, orders will have to be placed in U.S.A. and it is not unlikely that the dollar difficulty may lead to financial arrangements with U.S.A. That is, perhaps, why the "Guardian" brackets Nehru and Marshal plans together. It is quite possible that closer trade relations with U.S.A. may create misgivings in the minds of other friendly powers. But if friends would view the developments dispassionately, they would not find it difficult to realise that the conclusions they are drawing are not correct. In any case the Nehru plan has not yet assumed any shape. But there is no doubt that doubts felt by friends will have to be considered and attempts made to resolve them.

It was a happy idea of the Indian Overseas Nationals Congress to invite the seven editors from Malaya, who are touring this country, as the guests of the Colonial Office, for it gave an opportunity to many of the Indians to meet them. Almost every one of the delegate is on his first visit to Europe. Their first impression is that Englishman at home is quite a different person from what he is in the tropics. Mr. Yusuff Bin Ishak, editor of the Singapore "Sun", attributed the Englishman's bad manners in the Orient to what he called colonial fever. Colonies might have given Britain material power, but they have definitely taken away from him human and spiritual strength. The people of Malaya, the editors said, rejoiced that India had attained independence. They had always drawn inspiration from India. They wanted the free India to assume the leadership of the people in South Asia and give them guidance in the constructive work that lay ahead. South Asia is ready to accept the lead of India. Will India rise to the occasion and set them an example in tolerance, non-violence and virtues that should distinguish man from beast?

India And Commonwealth

The other day I had an opportunity to discuss the question of India's relations with the Commonwealth with a very important Indian leader who chooses to remain anonymous. Of course, it was for the Constitutional Assembly to consider the matter from all its aspects and arrive at a decision that will be in the interest of India. But he felt the Assembly will not lightly brush aside the arguments for staying in the Commonwealth. There may be two opinions on the question of staying in the Commonwealth. But there is no difference of opinion on the question of having a treaty of alliance with Britain. If we are going to be linked with Britain on the basis of a treaty as Burma is, why not remain in the Commonwealth and enjoy the courtsies which its membership provides? His view was that considering the troubled condition of the world it would not be an act of unwisdom to continue in the Commonwealth. South Africa, of course, is the cause of serious misgivings. If there is going to be colour prejudice in the Commonwealth, how can India find it suitable?

D.G.O., D.C.H. And First M.C.P.S. Examination Results

The College of Physicians and Surgeons of Bombay held the D.G.O., D.C.H. and First M.C.P.S. Eaxminations in April 1948.

The following candidates have passed the D.G.O. Examination:—

Miss V V Bhagwat, Mrs S B Deshmukh, Mrs. Y. T. Dhake, Miss S W Gupta, Mrs. J K. Malia, Miss C Moulvi, Mrs. K K Naik, Mrs. K V Patwardhan, Miss Z Q Shaikh.

The following have passed the D.C.H. Examination:—

J H Joshi, N V Khalap, L N A C De Noronha, V L Patwardhan. Miss B Sethi.

The following have passed the First M.C.P.S. Examination:—

Y Bapna, M J Manekshaw, B B Marathe, M P Mehta, Miss V B Merchant, M R Patel. Miss N B Vyas.

FIRST L.C.P.S.

Out of 43 candidates who appeared at the First L.C.P.S. Examination held in April 1948, the following 24 have passed:—

R S Baghel, B Barve, S M Batlivala, R R Bhagwat, S S Chavan, B J Desai, S B Desai, V G Dhodapkar, J P Ipe, P S Kohli, M L Koul, S S Maan, K L Manocha, P D Mishra, N P Nema, R Nigam, Y Pandit, G S Perhar, K K Puthukkeril S D Sharma, D P Tembe, B P Trivedi B V Vyas Miss N B Vyas.

SECOND L.C.P.S.

Out of 54 candidates who appeared at the Second L.C.P.S. Examination held in April 1948, the following 41 have passed:—

Miss P S Aiyer, T R T Arumei, V G Athavale, A J Baxi, S P Bhasin M D Bhave, G B Bhopatkar, P T Chackochan, J C Chokshi, N V J DaCosta, A P Deshmukh, P K Emmanuel, Miss R Y Iyer, E P Jesudasen. I A John, V H Khalsa, M G Khire. Miss S D Kirpalani, P M Kulkarni. P P Mehta Miss D D Mirchandani, J E Modale, R P Mohan, Miss M V Murgudkar, A T Patil J K Reshamwala, G L Ruikar, K N Saiyed, D R Shah. V Shetty, A V Shrikhande R A Talati, Mrs. M R Tamboli. L A Varma. D M Vashi. P M Chafekar. R G Deshmukh R R Dixit, G Jhalna, D Sharma, Miss K Vyas.

ATOM CURE FOR CANCER

Radio-Active Material In New Technique Of Treatment

NEW YORK (U.P.A.): Dr. Cornelius P. Rhoads disclosed recently that scientists at Memorial Hospital have found a way to send exploding atoms directly to the kidney of experimental animals. It is a technique that one day may be used to combat human cancer.

Rhoads, medical director of the hospital, said the technique may lead to ways of sending radioactive material to any particular part of the body. Radioactive iodine is now being used to treat some types of cancer of the thyroid, a gland which collects iodine.

The kidney experiment was conducted in one of the laboratories of the new 14-story Sloan-Kettering Institute for cancer research. It is part of Memorial Hospital.

Dr. Rhoads said that Memorial scientists have been attempting to find compounds that will go to a particular part of the body. Such compounds then could be tagged with radio active material and could be used to destroy cancerous growth.

In the new experiment, the kidney of a rat was ground. The substance then was inoculated into a rabbit. This caused the rabbit's blood to manufacture anti-bodies against the foreign substance.

The next step was to take the blood serum, containing the kidney anti-bodies, and mix it with radioactive iodine. It was found that the radio active iodine did not kill the anti-body activity. Previously, it had been believed that radioactive material neutralized anti-body activity.

Dr. Rhoads said that the rabbit serum, containing the radioactive atoms, was then injected into a rat. It was found that the serum carried the radioactive iodine to the kidney.

The rat had no cancer, and the Memorial scientists were not attempting to test the radioactive serum against cancer. Their project was to find a way to get radioactive material to a certain part of the body. Dr. Rhoads said it is possible that tissue from any part of the body could be used and tagged with exploding atoms.

He emphasized that the new experiment was a fundamental procedure. and that further tests are now being made to determine whether radioactive iodine could be attached to other types of anti bodies.

JAPAN AS BULWARK AGAINST RUSSIA

Australian Commander Favours End Of Military Occupation

ADELAIDE, May 7. (Reuter):—General Sir Thomas Blaamey, former Commander-in-Chief, Australian Military Forces, declared on a visit here, today, that Japan must rise again "not as a world power, but as a barrier to communism".

Japan must be built up as a bulwark against Russian expansionism, he said.

Australians were still blinded over much by anti-Japanese prejudice, but America had awakened to realities by helping the Japanese revive their industrial potential

I see no reason why Japan eventually should not be freed from military occupation. There is Communist pressure right against the Japanese flank and she is a sucker for Communism if the Allies try to keep her ground down indefinitely".

Sabha Leaders' Case Transferred

NEW DELHI, May 7 (API): The Additional District Magistrate, Delhi, passed order today accepting the transfer application moved on behalf of Mr. V. G. Deshpande, General Secretary of the All-India Hindu Sabha, Mahant Digvijyanath, President of the U.P. Hindu Sabha. Prof. Ram Singh, President of the Delhi Hindu Sabha and Om Baba, and transferred their case from the court of the Resident Magistrate, New Delhi to the files of Mr. P. N. Bhanote, an Old Delhi Magistrate, who will hear their case on May 15.

The accused were arrested on February 3, 1948. on the charge of contravening the Delhi District Magistrate's prohibitory order banning public meetings in the municipal areas of New and Old Delhi, and addressing a public meeting in New Delhi on January 27.

The case will be taken up by Mr. Bhanote on May 15.

LEEDS COURT CONVICTS RAHMAN

LEEDS (Yorkshire), May 7 (Reuter): Mohammed Hebibar Rahman, a graduate of Calcutta University was today found guilty of unlawfully "marrying" a 19-year-old Irish girl to a member of the Indian Navy who already had one wife but claimed that as a Mohamedan he was entitled to four.

At Leeds assizes he was bound over for 12 months for unlawfully marrying Jane Brown and Mohammed Hasan Mia at a private house here last December. His trial had been postponed for the Pakistan Government to arrange for his defence.

Lucky Eleven

BEATRICE NEBRASKA (Reuter). At 11 minutes past 11 the Beatrice Fire Brigade received a call to 1111 North 11 street Three more calls the same day brought the month's fire alarms to 11.

Europe In Grip Of 'Cold War'

America's Desperate Efforts To Stem Tide Of Communism

(By An Indian Observer in Europe)

The idea of a union of Western Europe is now an accepted fact. For Britain, it represents a revolutionary change in her policy. In days gone by, she was able to manipulate, so to speak, from outside, instigating and forming coalitions against one or another group of European States to fight any attempt at a total domination of Europe. The last war changed all that with the German Armies across the Channel, with devastating aerial bombardments, and then the rockets, — this sense of being a little aloof from and still in Europe has had to be given up. The individual nation states have been so enfeebled, including Britain herself, and the might of Russia throws such an ominous shadow over the whole continent that a biding together of all the western European states seems to offer the only chance of salvation.

The 'Red' Threat

It is a tragic and ironic comment on the so often heard declarations of the common origins and unity of European civilization, that it is only when faced by the threat of being completely and rapidly submerged by the Red Armies that the European nations are trying to unite in building a dam against the overwhelming Soviet armies. But like many a dam put up in a hurry and almost within earshot of the rolling flood, will this dam hold? For this is no ordinary flood, not only must defences be erected against the possibility or probability of an attack by the Russian armies, but also in each state small or large numbers of each nation's citizens are to be watched and guarded against, for in this new war, if it is to come, the political threat from inside each state will be as great as, if not greater than, the military one. This will give a quite new aspect to the war which the last one did not have. The real significance, as it has been pointed out, of the Czechoslovakia crisis is that a foreign army did not march into the country to impose a political regime. Although we know that the Red Army was there, just beyond the frontiers, it did not have to intervene and was not intended to intervene The real importance lies in the fact that in one way or another, by cajolery, promises or threats or conviction, the majority of the workers had acquired communist sympathies and supported the communist line of action. Therefore, it will not be enough merely to co-ordinate economic or military plans. The working classes of Western Europe must be convinced that their future lies with the Western Democracies.

Implications Of American Guarantee

However, another point has also seriously to be considered. It is the Sixteen Nations receiving Marshall Plan's help who can unite. But, although united they could form an imposing human mass, have they, especially in their present weak condition the material resources necessary to arm that mass militarily? Besides, would all of them join? Those countries, like Sweden and Switzerland who feel themselves too much within the giant's grasp, would hesitate to irritate Russia by openly joining a military alliance against her. Thus, there is a chance of the Western Nations splitting into two groups, those forming the alliance and those holding on to an uneasy neutrality. America feels that the Kremlin should fully realise that any advance, beyond the iron curtain, will meet with resistance, not only from the Western States, but also from America. This American guarantee is felt to be necessary, so that the 16 Nations could proceed with their economic reconstruction in peace and security. However, the 16 countries will have to rush to the help of any one or more of them that may be attacked. Will they be in a position to do so? Will they undertake such a responsibility without a firm assurance from America that she will be with them; and also that she will so increase her military forces that each and every one of these nations will feel that she could be adequately defended against aggression. Obviously this would involve the furnishing not only of economic but military help on an enormous scale. But unless they had such a guarantee, could they be expected to join in an alliance in which they would be entangled if any one of them were attacked? For the alliance would deny them the chance of remaining neutral. as Switzerland for example did remain neutral in the last war. Some of them might assuredly feel that such an alliance would increase their danger and not lessen it.

Would it not be better and more efficacious for the United States herself directly to tell the Kremlin that she would act in case of aggression, without involving the European nations and obliging them openly to defy the Soviet Union? Weak as they are, what weight would a signed alliance carry with the Kremlin? And also it might aggravate their internal troubles with their communist parties. Instead of helping the Marshall Plan, would not such an alliance undermine it? And would it not also lend weight to the communist charge that the Marshall Plan was a cloak for sinister designs against Russia? If, as General Marshall has said himself, his plan is meant to draw all Europe together, this accentuation of differences would defeat its purpose and perhaps make it quite unworkable, as many think.

Tug-Of-War In Italy

An American describes the atmosphere in Washington as no longer post-war but per-war, and says it is now universally admitted that war within the next few months is certainly possible. Some kind of showdown seems imminent. The Anglo-Americans have taken the initiative in matters Italian by the Trieste offer and the Russians repost may come anywhere It seems as if it is coming in Berlin, but we do not yet know how far it is intended to go Many believe Italy with her elections will prove to be the show-down field.

The vote for the Communist Peoples Front might be less than expected; on the other hand, it is also possible, though not very probable, that the communists may gain a clear majority The Pope's intelligence service is expecting the communists to get more than 40 per cent of the votes. If the communists get less than 35 per cent it is expected that the party of Gasperi will form the Government excluding the communists and their fellow-travellers

The Vatican and the American Embassy are supposed to anticipate more than 40 per cent votes for the communists and in that case it will be difficult, if not impossible, to exclude them from office. They will most likely demand the Ministries of War, Justice and the Interior and if Gasperi grants them this, recent history may be repeated, and if he refuses, he would be obliged to lean too heavily on the extreme right. In such a case, the communists have openly declared their intention to fight.

Thus a civil war is on the horizon. If the communists win the majority and civil war follows, America's position would be extremely difficult, but if, being a minority party, they attempt to seize power, America's policy would be clear and easier.

The Italian army and police are believed to be loyal and efficient, and with American material could cope with the communist rising. But if a majority communist Government headed by Togliatti were recognized by Marshall Tito as a free Italian Government, and if Tito sent Yugoslav troops openly or otherwise, only American material would not suffice and American troops would have to intervene. And it is believed that America would send these troops to prevent Italy falling into Russia's hands. Thus would mean the real startung of the war, perhaps only a localized war by mutual consent. Certainly that would be the first phase of the shooting war, for if this happens the world will know that the cold war had run through all its phases and given place to the hot one.

U. S. Somersult In Palestine

An important section of American public opinion seems to consider the reversal of American policy on Palestine as highly derogatory to the good name and prestige of America.

The published statement of a representative of one of the Latin American Republics reads as follows: "First they convinced us that partition was the only answer. Now they are trying to convince us that partition is insane. It is true that I represent a small nation which cannot stand alone. I am willing to accept United States leadership. But this is treachery. By this latest reversal the United States has forfeited whatever moral justification it once had for leading the small nations".

Marshall attributes the change to "vital elements of our national security". That means, we may suppose, that the change is due to the fear of Russian soldiers arriving in Palestine if partition were to be enforced.

It is felt that the prestige of America and faith in her word and promises are gravely compromised by the reversal and repercussions similar to those following the failure of the League of Nation to protect China in 1931 are to be feared.

When America is trying to mobilise world public opinion against Russian expansion and to range the western European nations into a phalanx round her leadership to oppose this expansion, it is to be regretted that this action shakes the world's confidence in American good faith and deals a devastating blow at the structure of the United Nations.

Oil and fear of Russia have triumphed and in spite of fair words and grandiloquent declarations, the springs of Big Power politics remain the same. The Arabs have touched the right stop on the organ and we are hearing again the well-known melodies of power politics.

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MODERATE BUYING SUPPORT IN SHARE BAZAR

May Cotton Declines But July Looks Up

BULLION MARKET QUIET ON PROFIT TAKING

Bombay, May 7

Bright conditions prevailed at the Share market to-day, the last day of the wek's trading. In the absence of any unfavourable advices from up-country prices took a quick upturn after opening steady around the last closing levels.

Steels led the upward swing, Tata Defd touching Rs. 1670 after opening at Rs. 1650. Tata Ord likewise moved upto Rs. 332 after opening at Rs. 329/.8 and was steady around that level. There were further fresh purchases in Steel, bears appearing to cover their sales. The tendency was bullish to the end and Defd closed around Rs. 1662/8.

Textiles also came in for good investment buying at the commencement of the Session. Bombay Dyeing dominating the whole section. Opening around Rs. 1135 Dyeing advanced as far as Rs. 1155. Thereafter scattered liquidation brought the price down and Dyeing declined to steady around Rs. 1140. Kohinoor Nagpur, Simplex and Swadeshi were steady around Rs. 660, Rs. 336, Rs. 244 and Rs. 658 respectively.

The market in Securities ruled firm with 3 per cent Government Conversion Loan being in good demand at Rs. 99/8.

Miscellaneous were steady with little business passing. Central Bank was in demand for Rs. 85/12 and Scindias fetched Rs. 27/12.

It being the 'budla' day the market closed at 1 p.m. to-day.

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing 1141/4 Kohinoor 655 Swadeshi 656 Nagpur 334 Simplex 241 New Great 185 Gokak X.D. 332/8 Indore 540 Century 511/8 Colaba X.R. 190 Bleaching 167 Swan 368 Finlay 350 48/8 50 49 Morarji 522/8 Edward 636/4 Meyer 170 Apollo 4.1.0 I.U. Ordinary 15/12 I.U. Defd. 2/13 6 Madhusudan 247/8 Poddar 197/8 Khatau 272/8.

STEEL

Tata Steel Ord. 330/8 Tata Steel Defd. 1662/8 Second 134/8.

CEMENTS

Associated Merger 170/4.

INDUSTRIES

Burma 427/8 Belapur 343 Shivrajpur 35 Scindia 27/7 Construction 218 Tata Chemical 116 Tata Oil 54/8 Indian Iron 30/6 Bengal 25/1

ELECTRICS

Tata Hydro 153 Andhra X.D. 1377/8 Tata Power 1485.

MILLS (CASH)

Elphinstone 91 Phoenix 457/8 Ind. Mfg. 4220 Koorla 300 Dawn 1545 David 150 New City 215 Minerva 210/10 Bradbury 680 Bharucha (Defd. 4/2 Bharat 45 Mysore 230.10 Madhavji 19/6 Model 195 Laxmi 810 Vishnu 311/4 Western 4060 Standard 462.8 Sholapur 5950 Sassoon Cotton 19 Hindustan 4300 Tata 76 Ahmedabad Advance 275 Sassoon Silk 85 New Union 16. Madhusudan B. 47 Shrinivas 237/8. Maja Bahadur 125 Berar 265 Victoria 225 D

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH)

Ahmedabad 114/6 New 112/8 Surat 143/12 Karachi 118/12 Broach 10/6 Ajmer 10.8 Amalgamated 15-8 Nagpur 53/8 Poona 153/2 Bombay Suburban 150 Bombay Suburban New 131.4

BANK SHARES

Reserve 111/8 Imperial 2110 P. P. 495 Central 85/8 New 86 India 253.8 Union 9/10 Baroda 151/8 Habib 152 Dena Bank 54 United Commercial 64/4 Jaipur 51 Hindustan Com. 34 Mysore 365 Exchange (Ord.) 50 Eastern 105.

INSURANCE

Oriental 5150 Empire 485 New India 69/8 Jupiter 26 Vulcan 13.10 Indian Mercantile 47 Universal Fire 11/4 British India General 32/12 Prud. 29 Neptune 7 New Great 35 All-India General 21

RAILWAYS

C P. 112 Mymensing 100 Guaranteed 100 Pachora 107.

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 333/12 Steamer 537/8 Burma New 143/12 B.B Petrol 2/9 Mackenzie 90 Port Canning 69 Kemp 480 Zandu Pharmacy 180 Indian Investment Trust X.D. 99 Wimco 318/12 Dharamsey Chemical 36/8 Mukund Iron 10 Dena Trust 19.4 Alembic 260 Supreme India 130 Tamvire 108 Bombay Uganda 74 Bombay Motor Cycle 42 India Cement 31/4 Walchand Nagar Industries 213 12 United Motor 74 A.C.C. New 106/12 Bombay Safe Deposit 910 Hydri Construction 16 Mahmad Steam 100/8 Gujerat Motor 25/2 Sardar Carbolic 750 Harvey Press 310 Estrella Bat. 51 Prince of Wales 610 Manmad Press 120

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel (1st Pref.) 180 Andhra Valley 1207/8 Tata Power 1315 Hydro 123/12 Bombay Steamer 323/12 Nagpur 627/8 Swadeshi 146 4 Vishnu 850 Laxmi 307/8 New Great 222/8. Poddar 115 Shriniwas 98 Elphinstone 120 Bradbury 385 Surat Elec 130 Premier Construction 1st 126/4 Second 125/10 Amalgamated 123.8 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 125/10 Walchand Nagar Industries 250 Jupiter 19/14 Supreme 120 Meyer 121/4 Mackenzie 1st 127/8 Second 125 Ahmedabad Advance 160 Mysore Mill 50 Standard 101 Madhusudan 12 Andhra 1952 (4½) 102/12 Bombay Steamer 1959 (4½) 104/8 Indian Hume Pipe (6) 111, Tata Power 1951 103 Walchandnagar (6) 117.

OUTSIDERS

Indian Copper 2 10 B.I.C. 8/14 New Victoria Mill, 5 New Victoria Mill Preference 6 Phalton 129 Gold Mohor 325 New Kaiser-I-Hind 375 Sajjan Mill 250 Osmanshahi 230 Ajamshahi 230 Air Service 11 Ambica 17 Air India 162/8 Hind Motor 6.9 India Steam 12.9.

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES.

BOMBAY, May 7.

MILLS.

Apollo 4/0,6 4/1
B. Dyeing 1135 55 40 41/4
Bradbury (Ord.) 680
C. India 337 34
Century 510 (Ex. Div.)
Finlay 350 48/8 50 49
Gokak 333 35 32/8
I. U. (Defd.) 2/12/6 2/13/6
I. U. (Ord.) 15/8/6 15/12
Indore 542/8 40 43/12 40
Kohinoor 657 64 55
Madhusudan 247/8
Meyer 170
Morarji 522/8
New Great 184/8 86 85
Podar 200 197/8
Simplex 244 46 41
Swadeshi 655 54 61 56
Swan 368
Tata Mills 76/8 76 76/8

BANKS.

Central 85.12 86/8
Imperial (Old) 2002/8 7/8
Imperial (New) 493/12 95
India 253/8 53
Reserve 112/8 12
Union 9/10
U. Commercial 64/4

INSURANCE.

Ahmedabad 112/8 13/12
Andhra Valley 1380 77/8
Prel. 1207/8
Hydro 153
Power 1482/8 85
New India 69 69.8
Universal 11/6 11/4
Scindia 27/10 27/12 27/6 27/10 27/5 27/8 27/8 27/7

STEEL.

B. Steel 25 25/6 25
I. Iron 30/8 30/12 30/6
Tata (Defd.) 1652/8 57/8 70 60 67/8 62/8
Tata (Ord.) 330 29/8 32 30/8
Tata (IInd Pref.) 135 34/8

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 332/8 33/12
A. C. C. (Old) 171 70/8 71/8 70/4
A. C. C. (New) 106/8 6/12
Belapur 343 41 43
B. B. (Old) 431/4 26/4 27/8
B. Petrol 2/9/3 2/9
L. Bleaching 166 67
Port Canning 69
P. Const. 218 16 18
Shivrajpur 35
Tata Chem. 15/14 16
Tata Oil 54/12 54/8

SPECIAL.

Central Bank (New) 86

GINNINGS OF AMERICAN COTTON

WASHINGTON May 5.—The Census Bureau reported today final Ginning of the 1947 cotton crop at 11562000 running bales compared with 8517000 bales of the 1946 crop.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay May 6.

	Highest	Lowest	Closing at 4-30 p.m.
May	698	675½	698
July	716	696	715½
Sept.	723	704	722½

COTTON TENDERS

On Thursday 12050 bales were tendered making a total of 30700 bales.

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian cotton July contract is 889 cent points below New York July at Exchange rate 331.

KUTCH HUNDI.

BHUJ, May 7.

Hundi Bupers 305, Sellers 306.
Gold Rs. 112, Silver Rs. 156.

PEPPER PRICES.

BOMBAY, May 7.

Vaishakh dely. ..... 896 to 899
Jeth dely. ..... 915 to 918

SUGAR MARKET.

BOMBAY, May 7.

	Rs. as. p.
Small Grain	105 0 0
Indian Grain	108 0 0
Big Grain	115 12 0
Raja	111 8 0
May dely.	37 6 0
August dely.	36 12 0

HESSIAN MARKET.

BOMBAY, May 7.

	Pies.
45X11.	
Ready	113
April-June	113-1/2
July-Sept.	111-1/2
D W. 40X28.	
Ready	114 0 0
April-June	110 0 0
July-Sept.	105 8 0

POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS.

Statement of the Position of Scheduled Banks as at the close of business on the 30th April :—

	Rs.
Demand Liabilities :	
(a) In India	691,79,85,000
(b) In Pakistan	34,04,20,000
Time Liabilities :	
(a) In India	311,72,98,000
(b) In Pakistan	19,13,72,000
Cash :	
(i) Currency notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes (other than Pakistan notes)	
(a) In India	34,25,53,000
(b) In Pakistan	2,89,10,000
(ii) Pakistan Notes	
(a) In India	9,000
(b) In Pakistan	88,84,000
(iii) India Rupee Coin	
(a) In India	2,11,98,000
(b) In Pakistan	23,01,000
(iv) Pakistan Rupee Coin held in Pakistan	90,000
(v) India Subsidiary Coin	
(a) In India	68,85,000
(b) In Pakistan	4,62,000
(vi) Pakistan Subsidiary Coin held in Pakinean Balances with Reserve Bank :	69,000
	91,65,13,000
Advances :	
(a) India	437,66,22,000
(b) In Pakistan	33,23,06,000
Bills Discounted :	
(a) In India	17,13,75,000
(b) In Pakistan	68,16,000

KARACHI MARKETS

KARACHI, May 6

Cotton Roller Types NT 82/-; Punjab 289; F 102/-; LSS 76/-; 4 F 64/-; May Delivery 60-12; Market Steadily held Coprax 49-0; Easier tricted Scale Spot Scales 1200; Bales Arrivals 5436; Exports 1007; for Continent. Cottonseeds NT 6-12; Desi 7/8; Steadily held but business On a res- Cold Tejabi 113/-; Sovereigns 74/8; Silver Coins 130/-; firm account of strength of Bombay advices.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.

BOMBAY, May 7.

Tata Ordinary 330/8; Tata Deferred 1662/8; Indian Iron 30/2; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 25/1; Bombay Dyeing 1141/4; Central India 333/12; Gokak 223/8; Kohinoor 655; Simplex 241; Swadeshi 656/4; Tata Power 1485; Associated Cement 170/4; Belapur 343/2; Bombay Burma (Old) 427/8; Scindia 27/7; Central Bank 85/10; New India 69/6; Tata 2nd Pref 134/6.

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, May 7.

	Rs. as. p.
2-1/2 p.c. 1954	98 12 0
2-1/2 p.c. 1950	101 2 0
2-1/2 p.c.	97 8 0
2-3/4 p.c. 1948-52	100 4 0
2-3/4 p.c. 1960	100 1 0
2-3/4 p.c. 1962	100 0 0
2-3/4 p.c. 1976	99 0 0
3 p.c. non-Terminable...	99 7 0
3 p.c. 1966 Con.	99 9 0
3 p.c. 1949-52	101 8 0
3 p.c. 1951-54	102 5 0
3 p.c. 1953-55	102 11 0
3 p.c. 1959-61	101 14 0
3 p.c. 1966-68	101 0 0
3 p.c. 1970-75	100 0 0
3-1/2 p.c. 1954-59	105 6 0
4 p.c 1948-52	101 10 0
4 p.c. 1960-70	111 4 0
4-1/2 p.c. 1958-67	105 0 0
3-1/2 p.c. 1955-60	113 0 0
4-1/2 p.c 1958-67	116 0 0

PROVINCIAL LOANS.

2-3/4 p.c U P 1961	98	0	0
2-3/4 p.c Madras 1961	98	0	0
3 p.c. Bombay 1955	101	12	0
3 p.c. Bombay 1958	101	10	0
4 p.c. Punjab 1940	98	14	0
3 p.c. Madras 1952-53	100	6	0
3 p.c Punjab 1952	98	14	0
3 p.c U. P 1952	100	6	0
3 p.c. C. P 1952	100	6	0
3 p.c. N.-W F 1952	99	10	0
3 p.c. C P. 1961-66	100	0	0
3 p.c. Bombay Port Trust	111	0	0
4 p.c. Bombay Municipality City	111	0	0
4 p.c. Bombay Municipality 1959	116	0	0
6 p.c. Municipality 1954	118	0	0
3-1/4 p.c. New Municipal 1977	101	0	0
6 p.c K. P. T.	110	0	0

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, May 7.

The local Cotton Market opened steady today and improved on active buying but at the rise some profit-taking appeared and the market lost a portion of the improvement. It is reported that a requisition signed by about 52 members is sent to the Board to remove the emergency. This attitude on the part of members is not desirable in the interest of the market. Recently when a similar move was made to declare a state of emergency, the market record a sharp rise and a natural course prices, declined. Thus such moves inspired by selfish motives should not have any place in the market.

The market opened today at Rs. 714 for July delivery and advanced at Rs. 722 under renewed buying. At thus level there appeared moderate realising and the market reacted at Rs. 718

Thereafter there was renewed active buying and July firmed at Rs. 725. After a slight set back the market again firmed at Rs. 728 and finally closed at 4-30 as under :—

I.C.C. May	697	8	0
I.C.C. July	723	8	0
I.C.C. Sept.	730	8	0

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, May 7.

The Bullion Market was quietly steady with mixed trading. Prices were steady and fluctuations were confined to a narrow range.

Forward Silver opened at Rs. 176/8 and after declining at Rs. 176/4 improved at Rs. 176/11 and steadied at Rs. 176/8. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 176/6.

Forward Gold opened at Rs. 116/15 and advanced at Rs. 117/9 on renewed buying but quietened at Rs. 117/2 on scattered realising. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 117 and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 74/13

Final quotations were as under :—

	Rs. as. p.
Ready Silver	176 8 0
Forward Opening	176 8 0
Forward Highest	177 10 0
Forward Lowest	176 6 0
Forward Close	176 12 0
Ready Gold	116 0 0
Ready Mint	116 4 0
Forward Opening	117 6 0
Forward Highest	117 10 0
Forward Lowest	116 4 0
Forward Close	116 8 0
Sovereigns	74 6 0

Short Covering Hardens N. Y. Cotton Prices

WALL STREET MARKET MODERATELY ACTIVE AND FIRM

NEW YORK, May 6.

Cotton opened steady 8 to 2 higher on trade buying but was mild selling. Favourable newcrop advices and larger acreage ideas contributed but the newcrops subsequently led a rally up to 20 points before the market again opposed. The "Daily News Record" estimates the acreage at 22,905,000 an increase of 7.1 per cent. Prices gradually advanced under the leadership of oldcrop buying chiefly shortcovering on technical grounds although the strength of securities and grain was also helpful. Reports that Japanese buying through cotton credits was imminent were also a factor. New crops were rather sluggish finally easing slightly. The session closed steady. Sales are estimated at 175,000 bales.

Early softness gave way to a stiffening tendency after the news of the calling of a conference of the rail unions in an effort to forestall the nationwide rail strike scheduled for May 11th. Activity expanded at times as short covering and replacement demand appeared in assorted railroads and spread to steels, motors, papers, textiles chemicals and oils. Gains of fractions to a dollar predominated at midday. The average were Industrials 181.11 and rails 58.09. Effects of tomorrows Rail Union conference together with a further recovery in freight carloadings aided by the highest coal loadings since December 1946 and some more pleasing corporate prospects brought additional support to the market and prices showed gains covering two dollars in moderately active. The best levels of the day were witnessed in final trading. The session closed firm.

CHICAGO GRAINS

Grains developed firmness on lack of moisture in the main winterwheat belt and reports that the Department of Agriculture will continue to buy wheat and flour during May and early June to meet the July export allotment. Mills bought wheat actively against flour sales to Government agency whose purchases so far this week total 243,360,000 pounds or 5,609,000 bushels wheat equivalent. The CCC advanced its wheat buying price 3-3/4 cents a bushel today over last Saturday's levels. Some buying was also based on private trade advices that June export allocations may be issued today by the department of agriculture.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, May 6

May	37.18+39
July	36.48+88
July Highest	36.53+43
July Lowest	36.00—10
October	32.96+06
December	32.37+12
March	32.07+09
Middling Spot	37.96+41

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, May 6

May	36.96+27
July	36.45+35
October	32.95+15
December	32.35+10
Middling Spot	37.00+40

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

NEW YORK, May 6

American Telephone and Telegraph	153-7/8
Amerex Holding Co.	26-1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	37
Chase National Bank	35-5/8
Sinclair Oil	22-3/8
Firestone Tyre and Rubber Co	46
General Electric Co	35-1/8
General Motors	55-3/4
Ingersoll Rand bid	138-1/2
International Nickel	29-1/4
National City Bank of New York	40-1/2
New York Central Railroad Co	16
Socony Vacuum Corporation	19-1/2
Texas Corporation	62
Union Carbon and Carbide	118
U. S. Smelting Refining Mining Co.	63-7/8
U.S. Steel Corporation Common	75-1/2
Western Union Telegraph	22

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, May 7.

The produce market was steady today. There was fairly good demand for Linseed and Groundnuts while Castorseds were unchanged with little business. Quotations were as under :

	Rs. as. p.
GROUNDNUTS :—	
Khandesh quality	34 4 0
Coromandal ready	35 12 0
Bold ready	33 8 0
April-May	33 2 0
June-July	35 0 0
CASTORSEEDS :—	
Ready	34 4 0
May delivery	137 4 0
September	144 0 0
September	144 12 0
LINSEEDS :—	
Ready	26 5 0
April-May	27 7 0
July	27 9 0
OILS :—	
Groundnut ready	18 0 0
Groundnut May	18 3 0
Groundnut June	18 9 0
Groundnut July	18 11 0
Linseed Oil	16 0 0
Castorseeds First Pressing	19 8 0
Castorseed Commercial quality	17 10 0

WOOL TOPS CLOSE STEADY

NEW YORK, May 6, (UPA): Wool tops closed steady, five to 15 higher, on the New York market today.

Closing prices included :—

May	187.5—189.5
July	188—189
October	188—188.5
December	187.5—188.5

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, May 6

	£
Consold 2-1/2 p.c	26-7/8
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p.c 1961	104-1/4
War Loan 3-1/2 p.c 1952 and after	102-1/2
Funding Loan 4 p.c 1960/90	112-1/8
Victory Bonds	113-3/4
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London& Reg.)	119-1/2
National Bank of India	38-1/4

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 7,739

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, May 6

T. T. London on :—		
New York Selling	4.0275	Buying
4.0325 Montreal Selling	4.0275	Buying
4.0325 Zurich Selling	17.34.	Buying
17.86. Stockholm 14.47 to 14.50		

NEW YORK SILVER

New York, May 6

U. S Price of Foreign Silver 74-5/8 cents.

LONDON BULLION.

LONDON, May 6.

Gold Bars fine per ounce £8/12/8.
Silver : Spot 45 d., Forward 45 d.

ITALIAN ART-SILK YARN.

BOMBAY, May 7.

120 D. Ready	12	0	0
150 D. Ready	11	8	0
150 D. May	10	0	3
150 D. June	9	0	0
20/2 Yellow Silk	23	7	0

MADRAS MARKET

MADRAS, May 7.

Rather more business was possible today with plantings and Textiles proving the chief attraction Rates generally were firmer in sympathy with outside market advices. Amongst Teas Devashola and Nilgiri Neerugundi were supported whilst in Textiles Buckinghams jumped fifteen points at Rs. 345/- on the announcement of the bonus issue. In Miscellaneous Mysore papers had buyers upto Rs. 13/14.

The market closed fully steady. Following are todays quotations :—

SUGARS AND BREWERIES : Deccan 19/12; DO 50/12 Mysore 50/-; Travancore 12/-; DO 5/1.

PLANTINGS : Cochin Malabar 18/3; Highland Produce 29/4; Kalpatas 23/8; Midlands 6/6; DO Pref. 9/2; Ouchterlony 7/8; Pullangodes 1/7/6; Thirumbadi 2/3/6; Vaikundam 6/9; Waterfalls 2/13.

TEXTILES : Bangalore Woollen 250/-; Buckinghams 345/-; DO Pref. 19/8; Cambodias 11/10; Coimbatore Chem. 137/8; DO Pioner 102/-; Spgs. 48/-; Janardhanas 46/8; Lakshmi 93/8; Madura 42/12; Mettur Chem 328/8; Ranga Vilas 51/-; Vasnathas 101/-.

MISCELLANEOUS : Andhra Cements 66/12; Facts TS 6/8; India Cements 12/12; Mettur Chem. 8/14; Pref. 107/-; Mysore Chem Ferts 11/12; DO papers 1311; Spencer 11/4.—(API)

SHIPPING NEWS

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS

IMPORTS

S. S. JALKENDRA

FROM BALTIMORE:—4443 pkgs black pipe, 560 reels galvanized berk wire, 217 bxs stainless steel sheets.

FROM PHILADELPHIA—52 cases electric motors.

FROM NEW YORK—484 cases roofing bolts and nuts, 554 cases carriage bolts and nuts, 197 cases cinema equipments, 205 drums coaltar dyes, 68 cases hexagon machine bolts, 62 cases dog chassis, 82 pkgs auto parts, 314 cases carbons, 29 cases used files, 145 cases steel files, 400 drums lubricating oil, 10952 cases copper 414 boxes battery zinc sheets, 57 ctns cotton yarn, 1397 drums caustic soda, 55 cases rod aumrphors, 50 cases motor cars.

S. S. VARSOVA

FROM KARACHI—4515 bales P. P. cotton, 100 bkts fresh fish, 620 bags goowar 153 cases hings 14000 bags seasalt.

S. S. ALAVI

FROM KARACHI—883 bales P. P. cotton.

EXPORTS

GOODS ENTERED FOR EXPORT

S. S. FLYING CLOUD

200 bales jute rags— G M Vyas & Co., 200 bags gum karaya—K. M. Nathoo.

TO PORT SAID—281 drum linseed oil—Northern India Oil Industries Ltd.

TO GENOA—630 bales cotton raw —K. Devchand & Co.

TO PHILADELPHIA—348 bales wool raw—The Bombay Co. Ltd., 18 bales wool raw—Lal & Co.

S. S. VERGINIAMAY

TO KARACHI—10 bags unmfd. tobacco—C. Ambalal, 250 cases glass ware and 5 cases bakalite—L. Currimbhoy & Co., 70 cases glass ware—D. J. Trading Co., 75 cases glass ware —C. A. Rahim & Co., 25 earthen ware —C. A. Rahim & Co., 75 cases glass ware—A. E. Muscati, 43 bags drugun and 20 bags tamarind—A. S. A. M. Pillai.

CITY OF DELHI

To Liverpool:—92 bales cotton waste—C. Rasicklal and Co.

S.S. EMPIRE SPARTAN

To Liverpool:—313 bales cotton waste—The Bombay Textile Waste Co.

S.S. VEST

To Karachi:—32 bales handlooms cotton piecegoods—A. H. K. Nanjwalla, 9 bales handlooms cotton piecegoods—A. S. Oomar Sons, 250 cases cigaretts—National Tobacco of India Ltd. 28 boras puppy shalls—D G. H. Puranchand. 11 bags bera—S. A Gaffar 17 bags drugun—A Essak.

S.S SAINT NAZAIRE

To Marseilles —1333 pkgs kardee seed—V Pandand and Co Ltd

S.S EXCHANGE

To New York —75 bales cotton waste—Supt Textile Prod Ltd. 18 bales dry salted goat skin—D S. Naraz. 32 bags turmeric Jinger—Dodsal Ltd

S.S DVRENDA

To Hayne—To Hayne—270-1441 gones—Eric Elles

S.S. NAILSEA MOOR

To Colombo.—85 pkgs paint—Hard Castle and Co Ltd 1500 tin lead New Mahalaxmi Oil Mill

S.S TIJUKA

To Antwerp —14 bales woollen noisary cuttings—The Overseas Cotton Waste Co 50 bales cotton waste—C. Jairam and Co 250 bales cotton waste—M. Chandulal and Co 805 bales cotton waste E F Robbertson and Sons. 655 bales cotton waste—Supt Textile Prod (India) Ltd

To Copenhagen 56 bales cotton waste—G M. Vyas and Co 42 bales cotton waste—A B Intertex 252 bales cotton waste—Supt Textile Prod. (India) Ltd

To Rotterdam —30 bales cotton waste—M Narottamdas C

To Genoa —288 bales Linseeds—C. Jamshidhoy

To Gothenburg 5 bales cotton waste—G M Vyas and Co 142 bales cotton waste—M Chandulal and Co. 115 bales cotton waste—E T Robbertson and Sons. 34 drums castor oil—A. Usmanbhai. 939 bales cotton waste—Supt. Textile Prod. (India) Ltd., 30 bales cotton waste—V. A. Save.

To Oslo:—56 bales cotton waste—V. A. Save and Co. 112 bales cotton waste—Supt. Textile Prod (India) Ltd. 32 drums castor oil A Usmanbhai.

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

ARRIVALS

S.S. "INDIAN TRADER arrived from Geraldton (Western Australia), on May 6 with 9500 tons of Bulk wheat (India Steam.)

"NICOLAI" arrived from Okha, May 7, with 3600 tons of cement and general cargo (Scindia)

"EMPIRE SPARTAN arrived from Birkenhead, on May 7 with 7315 tons of general cargo (K. Nixon)

"ST. NAZAIRE arrived from Saigon, on May 7, with 3000 tons of general cargo (Volkart.)

SAILINGS

"LEUVEKERK sailed for Rotterdam, on May 6 with 7200 tons of general cargo

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, May 7

S C Rates T T D D 1/5 15/16 Ready
S C Rates T T D D 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 Ready
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months
London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month
London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/32 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/8 7th and 9th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/ss 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/ss 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/ss 1/6 9/16 7th and 9th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/ss 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/ss 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/ss 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th Month
New York and Montreal S C Rates T T Rs 332 1/4
Banks Selling T T Rs 332 1/4
Banks Buying T T Rs 330
Banks Buying D D N T Rs 328 3/4
Montreal Rs 328 1/2
Banks Buying D D N T Rs 329
Montreal Rs 328 3/4 L/C
Paris Banks Selling T T Frs 6400
Paris Banks Buying T T Frs 6550
Amsterdam Banks Selling T T D D Fl 79
Belgium Banks Selling T T D D Frs 1305
Java Banks Selling T T D D—79
Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs 84
Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs 157 /4
Manilla Bank Selling T T D D Rs. 168-1/4
New York London Cross Rate Doc 02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4
London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs 44.57-53.43
London Alexandria Frs 97.1 4-8 4
London Amsterdam Fl 10.68-70
London Bangkok Ical 60
London Belgium Frs. 176 1/2-3/4
London Denmark Kr 19.32-36
London Hongkong 1/3 1 16
London Iran Rl 128-130
London Java Fl 10.68-70
London Lisbone Es 99.80-100 22
London Manila Pes 8.10-15
London Montreal Doc 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4
London New York Doc 4.02 3/4 4.04 1/4
London Paris Frs 863 40-864 60
London Prague Kr 201-202
London Singapore 2/4 7/32-1/8
London Stockholm Kr 14.47-50
London Switzerland Frs 17.34-36
London Syria 680-6
London Discts 3 Mos 9/16 per cent
London Discts 6 Mos 5/8 per cent
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent Bank of England Rate 2 per cent
Money :—Call 1/2 per cent 3 Mos 3/4 per cent 6 Mos 1 per cent 12 Mos. 1-1/2 per cent
Tone :—Easy

Licences To Export Groundnut

In a Press Note dated April 10, 1948, it was announced that applications for licences to export groundnut and groundnut oil against advance quota for 1948 should be made before May 12, 1948. Representations have since been received from Indian exporters as well as from overseas that the time allowed was too short for them to negotiate business direct with overseas importers and that the time-limit should be extended Government recognise the validity of this contention and have accordingly extended the date for the submission of applications to June 12, 1948.

Cow Hide Prices

NEW YORK May 6. (UPA). The following were prices of cow-hides on the New York market today —

Spot	30-1 2
Futures. June	28 75 traded.

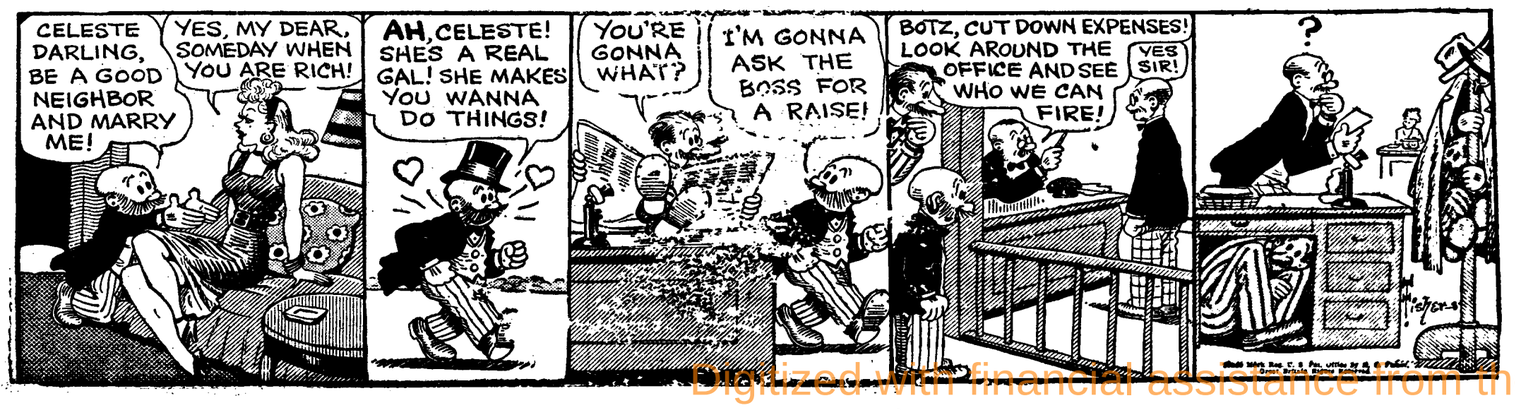
CHICAGO WHEAT

CHICAGO, May 6.

May 2.47.
July 2.34-3/4.
September 2.32-1/4
December 2.32-1/2

The UNION BANK OF INDIA LTD.
ESTD. 1919.
Head Office:
Apollo Street,
Fort, BOMBAY
Branches.
Cotton Exchange Bldg., Kalbadevi Road, Bombay, Katha Bazar, Mandvi, Bombay.
Rajkot, Jetpore (Kathiawar)
SAFE DEPOSIT VAULT
Cotton Exchange Bldg., Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY
London Agents. Westminster Bank Ltd.
All kinds of Bank business transacted
F. K. F. NARIMAN, Manager

MUTT AND JEFF—By The Way, There'll Be No Wedding Bells This Season — By BUD FISHER


CELESTE DARLING, BE A GOOD NEIGHBOR AND MARRY ME!
YES, MY DEAR, SOMEDAY WHEN YOU ARE RICH!
AH, CELESTE! SHES A REAL GAL! SHE MAKES YOU WANNA DO THINGS!
YOU'RE GONNA WHAT?
I'M GONNA ASK THE BOSS FOR A RAISE!
BOTZ, CUT DOWN EXPENSES! LOOK AROUND THE OFFICE AND SEE WHO WE CAN FIRE!
YES SIR!
?

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Wanted a suitable match for a self supporting handsome Rajput Youngman, aged 22, having cosmopolitan views. Please apply Box No. 8699 "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATIONS VACANT

Habib Bank Limited—Wanted experienced Officers for our branches in Pakistan. Apply with full particulars regarding experience, qualifications and minimum salary required to the Chief Superintendent, Habib Bank Ltd., Central Office, Bombay. 8447

Wanted experienced Propagandists by a leading Pharmaceutical concern of Calcutta for West Bengal, Calcutta, Orissa, Central Province, U. P., C.I. & Rajputana. Very good prospects for really capable detailers. Box No. 8450 "Bombay Chronicle".

A Capable Stenographer, either sex required. Write stating particulars of experience, speed, etc. salary Rs. 120-150 according to qualifications. Box No. 8448 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted efficient and experienced offset printers and feeders on decent salaries. Will arrange Boarding and Lodging. Apply stating full qualifications, experience etc. to Famous Cine Litho Works, 40-B, Clerk Road, Jacob Circle, Bombay.11. 8723

Wanted for an upcountry Mill assistant supervisor for cloth printing department. Apply with full particulars of qualifications experience and salary wanted Box No. 8465 "Bombay Chronicle"

Wanted immediately influential Indenting Salesman on attractive terms. Apply Box No 101 "Bombay Chronicle".

M.T.B. College, Surat:- Applications stating age, experience and qualifications are invited for teaching posts in English (for the first term only in a leave vacancy), Philosophy, Mathematics and History-Economics and also for the posts of Demonstrators in Physics, Chemistry and Biology. Salary and Designation according to qualifications. Scales:- Professors-Rs. 200-10-350. Lecturers-Rs. 130-10-200. Demonstrators-Rs. 80-5-125 D.A. extra. Applications with testimonials to reach the Principal by 15th May. (8289)

Wanted Clerk able and experienced in accounts, handling cash, Office routine and knowing typing Maharastrian or Marathi knowing. Salary Rs. 125/- with dearness Box No. 8712 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Clerk able and fully experienced in Dock Clearance Work. Kazi & Co., Near Chamarbag Post, Suparibaug Road, Parel. Telephone-61528. (8713)

Wanted experienced Salesmen of either sex for Soap Sariprinting colours and Mills Auxiliaries. Apply with testimonials to the Factory Manager, The Aruna Chemical Colour & Industrial Products Co., Ltd., Sayani Road, near Elphinstone Station, Bombay. 8705

Wanted for H. G. Savla High School, (1) B. Com, (2) Gujarati speaking Teachers, strong in Maths, Gujarati and History Geography. Qualified or trained preferred. Apply sharp with full particulars to the Hon. Secretaries, Jain Boarding, Matunga, 19. 8706

Old Established Concern (H. O. Poona.) invites applications from bonafide parties for the Posts of Resident Representatives each for the Districts of Thana, Kolaba, Surat, Baroda, Rajkot and Bhavnagar to manage sales, distribution and to handle stocks Cash and Collections. Salary grade Rs. 90-15-180. nett, plus T.A. out of head quarters. Cash deposit Rs. 900/- essential against stocks entrusted. Apply fully to Box No. 8701 "Bombay Chronicle".

SOCIAL

Make Friends.--For Hobbies, Educational, Business, Professional and Social Connections. Apply with 2 As. Stamps The Universal League of Introduction 5, Hamam Street, Fort Bombay. 8641

ACCOMMODATION AVAILABLE

Table Accommodation for Office available in Fort. Telephone facility. Apply Box No. 8725 "Bombay Chronicle".

TO BE LET

To Let an ideal site for Bank in ground floor and Safe Deposit vault underground, having 4,000 sq. ft. area in each floor available in proposed building of Jain Bhawan at Plot No. 25 Scheme No. XLII of C.I.T. at the junction of Kalakar and Burtolla Street opposite Satyanarayan Park in Calcutta. For particulars apply to N. Singhi, Hony. Secretary, 48, Garihat Road, Calcutta 19. 8695

BOARDING & LODGING

Wanted Vegetarian Boarders for a lodging and boarding house at Jogeshwari. Call on Jogeshwari Caves Lodging and Boarding House, opp. Jogeshwari Caves, Jogeshwari. 8728

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for the following temporary posts:—

(1) Senior Leather Instructor, District—Ahmedabad, in the scale of .. Rs. 72-4-100.
(2) Assistant Leather Instructor, District—Ahmedabad, in the scale of .. Rs. 50-2-60.
(3) Head Fibre Work Demonstrator, District—Sholapur, in the scale of .. Rs. 70-3-85.
(4) Assistant Fibre Work Demonstrator, District—Sholapur, in the scale of .. Rs. 50-2-60.
(5) Assistant Master for Coir Work, District—Thana, in the scale of .. Rs. 50-2-60.
(6) Master Craftsman for Cane and Bamboo Work, District—Dharwar, in the scale of .. Rs. 90/- (fixed) P.M.
(7) Assistant Master Craftsman for Cane and Bamboo Work, District—Dharwar, in the scale of .. Rs. 60/- (fixed) P.M.

Dearness and other allowances, as sanctioned by Government from time to time, are also admissible. Candidates should possess a diploma or certificate in the industry concerned, should have practical and teaching experience for a period of not less than three years, and should be able to speak, read and write one of the regional languages in addition to the mother tongue. Preference will be given to candidates belonging to Bombay Province and having good educational qualifications and teaching experience. Age in the case of direct recruits should not ordinarily exceed 30 years. Government servants should apply through the Heads of their Departments. Relaxation of age limit in favour of suitable candidates will be considered. For terms and conditions of appointments and prescribed forms of applications which should reach this Office not later than 24TH MAY 1948, apply to the Joint Registrar for Industrial Co-operatives and Village Industries, 18, Queens Gardens, Poona 1.

R. N. TRIVEDI,
Joint Registrar,
for Industrial Co-operatives and Village Industries, B.P. POONA.
(8432)

EMPLOYMENT NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS are invited from candidates holding Upper Subordinate qualification of the Osmania Engineering College or the Technical School, Secunderabad or D.C.E. Poona for Technical posts in the C.B.I. Corporation Ltd. Hyderabad in the following grades:—

	O.S. Rs.
1. Technical Subordinates	Rs. 110-5-210
2. Supervisors.	Rs 180-7½-225 -10-375.

Dearness Allowance and Provident Fund in addition.

A higher initial start may be given for candidates with special aptitude in Hydraulics and experience of Irrigation Works. Candidates who have appeared for the examinations may also apply. Their appointment pending the declaration of results will be on probation on a salary of Rs. 110/-

Apply stating age, nationality and particular of qualifications to

THE GENERAL MANAGER.
C.B.I. Corporation.
15, Nawab Manzil,
Khairatabad,
Hyderabad-Dn.
8409

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

A Batch for Vacation—Davar's College of Commerce—Enrol immediately for all Specialisation and Professional Diploma Courses for training throughout Vacation for next year's examinations. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road. (8704)

Homoeopathy. Easily learnt by Post For Particulars See Grace Mission's Display Advt. on page 2 this issue. (197)

MEDICAL ADLETS

Free ! Free ! Free ! — Saumasi Vanaspati cures Diabetes completely. Twenty-one days full treatment given, absolutely free. Apply Box No. 8684 "Bombay Chronicle".

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents to sell shares of an Electric Supply Company in North Behar on reasonable terms. Apply Post Box No. 2020 (PES) Calcutta. 8446

MACHINERY FOR SALE

Visit —Associated Machine and Tool Company's Showroom at 130, Medows Street, Bombay, where various kinds of machinery, electrical equipments and engineering tools are displayed. (7430)

Available from stock British make "Victoria" Model U2, Universal Milling Machine working surface of table 40" x 10 1/4", power feeds 27¼" longitudinal, 10 1/4" transverse, 17" Vertical, complete with Universal Dividing Head, Vertical Milling Attachment, Slotting Attachment and Machine Vice—Further particulars from Turner, Hoare & Co., Ltd., Gateway Building, Apollo Bunder, Bombay 8459

Unused Chandler, Price 14½x22 Rebuilt Printing Machine Rs. 7,000/-, also 22x32 Cylinder, slightly used Ulmer Rs. 9,500 Forward Weekly, 249, Frere Road, Bombay. 8724

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Chewing Gum—Chewing Gum—A limited quantity only of American Dentyne Chewing Gum is available. Book your orders now to avoid disappointment. No further importation will be allowed Price Rs. 200/- per case F.O.R. Calcutta. Advance 25 p.c. cash with order. A. Gujadhar, Esq., 8, Lord Sinha Road, Calcutta. 8300

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B. E. S. & T. COMMITTEE

NOTICE TO PUBLIC

On and from MONDAY, the 10th May, 1948 "B & C" Routes will operate as separate Services.

"B" route will run from Ballard Estate and Colaba Bus Station to Tardeo Tram Terminus, via its present route and return the same way.

"C" Route will run from Afghan Church to Tardeo T.T. via its present route and return the same way.

Passengers boarding between Warden Road and Tardeo T.T. i.e. at Breach Candy, Hornby Vellard, etc., will not be able to travel via the "C" ROUTE unless they transfer at Tardeo T.T. into a "C" ROUTE bus.

Bombay, 29th April, 1948. TRAFFIC MANAGER.
(8410)

DISPOSALS

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND SUPPLY

THE REGIONAL COMMISSIONER (Disposals), Bombay invites tenders for purchase and removal of the following ex site:—

Item No.	Particulars of stores.	Unit.	Quantity.	Reserve Price.
1.	23716 Tin Standard 10 lb. Olive Green W.M.	No.	25000	Rs. 1950 -
2.	23717 Tin Standard 10 lb. Olive Green N.M.	No.	130000	Rs. 10,150 -
3.	23718 Tin Standard rectangular 8 lbs. Olive Green W.M.	No.	150000	Rs. 9,400 -
4.	23719 Tin Standard rectangular 8 lbs Olive Green N.M.	No.	80000	Rs. 5,000 -
5.	P. V. No. 23716 Tin Standard 10 lb. Olive Green wide mouth	No.	50000	Rs. 3,900/-
6.	P. V. No. 23717 Tin Standard 10 lb. Olive Green N.M.	No.	40000	Rs. 3100/-
7.	P. V. No. 23718. Tin Standard Rectangular 8 lbs Olive Green W.M.	No.	20000	Rs. 1250/-
8.	P. V. No. 23719. Tin Standard Rectangular 8 lbs Olive Green N.M.	No.	10000	Rs. 600/-

Superscribed reference:— Tender No. RCS/MMH/34626/66/396
Location:— Central Medical stores Depot, Sewri, Bombay.
Last date:— Due by 4 P.M. on 20-5-48.
Public opening of tender on 21-5-48 at 11 A.M.
Offers to remain open till 15-6-48.
Last date of removal of stores:— 15-6-48.

Offers should be submitted on tender forms (obtainable on payment of Rs. 5/- per set) enclosed in double covers the inner to be sealed and superscribed with the above reference.

Earnest money (refundable to unsuccessful tenderers) at 10 % of the value of offers should be deposited in the Reserve/Imperial Bank of India or a Government Treasury under head of account "Revenue Deposits" in favour of Regional Commissioner (Disposals), Bombay. Tenders not accompanied by such Treasury/Bank receipts will be ignored, Cheques will not be accepted.

No guarantee is given of the quantity, quality or suitability of the above stores. Sale will be subject to conditions of contract Form Con. 117. Prices should be quoted for each lot separately Quotations below reserve prices will not be considered.

Form Con. 117 can be seen at this Office and permits to view may also be obtained from this Office on any working day during Office hours 10-17 Hrs.

REGIONAL COMMISSIONER (DISPOSALS)
Mercantile Chambers, Graham Road,
Ballard Estate ,BOMBAY.
(8457)

TENDER NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS are invited from approved Special Class and "A" Class contractors on plain papers to be eventually drawn in P.W.D. Form No. F.2, for the construction of staff quarters, costing approximately Rs. 25 lakhs, in the new capital at Bhubaneswar, B. N. Rly., Orissa.

Quarters are to be built with the best laterite stone available within about 2 miles from the construction site in cement mortar. All wood work is to be of the best seasoned local Orissa or C.P. Teak. The roofing will be of Reinforced Cement Concrete. Steel and cement will be supplied by Government.

The schedule of items, quantities and rates along with plans and specifications can be seen in the office of the undersigned on any working day between the hours of 7 A.M. and 12 Noon. The period of completion will be six months from the date of written order to start. Last date for receiving the tenders is May 24th, 1948, 11 A.M.

All tenders must be accompanied by treasury challan or demand draft on the Imperial Bank or any schedule bank at the rate of Rs. 2% of estimated cost.

Any other information may be obtained from the undersigned

H. S. KAHAI,
Superintending Engineer.
Central Circle.
Bhubaneswar
8397

EASTERN PUNJAB RAILWAY

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from Lawyers not exceeding 40 years of age on 1-7-48 with at least 7, 5 and 2 years experience respectively as Civil Lawyers for the following temporary posts:—

(i) One Litigation Inspector on Rs. 200/- p.m. fixed plus usual allowances
(ii) Four Assistant Litigation Inspectors on Rs. 160/-/- fixed plus usual allowances.

NOTE.—The pay mentioned is provisional and subject to revision on the implementation of the recommendations of the Central Pay Commission. For the posts of Inspectors (items i & ii) only Advocates will be eligible.

(iii) One Litigation Clerk grade Rs. 80-5-120-8-160. plus usual allowances.

Applications stating practical experience, age and the last and present place of practice should reach the Chief Administrative Officer, E.P. Railway, Delhi, not later than 15th May, 1948 Preference will be given to displaced Lawyers from Pakistan and relaxation of the age limit may be made in specially deserving cases.

CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER.
8347

SHA HURGOVAN ANANDJI DESAI'S FREE BOARDING INSTITUTION

APPLICATIONS are invited so as to reach the undersigned on or before MONDAY, the 17th May 1948, from Hindu Male Students, who have passed their S. L. Examination (Matric) or its equivalent but cannot prosecute their studies further for want of means.

Applications for studies in V. J. T. Institute, J. J. School of Arts, Inter Commerce, B.Com Classes, B. T. and Radio Engineering Courses only are invited.

Forms of application can be had by sending an envelope bearing Applicant's full address with 0-2-0 postage stamps or on payment of one anna personally.

MANILAL K. DESAI,
Secretary,
Sha Hurgovan Anandji
Desai Charities Trust Office,
Corner of Pinjrapole Street,
Bombay.
(8332)

BIKANER STATE RAILWAY

APPLICATIONS are invited to reach the undersigned on or before 31st May 1948 for a permanent vacancy of a draftsman in the scale of Rs. 76-4-100 and dearness allowance as admissible from time to time.

Persons with good education, previous training and experience in this line need apply. Initial pay according to qualification.

S. H. SADARANGANI.
Chief Engineer.
8444

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B. E. S. & T. COMMITTEE.

3 Gross Umbrellas required from Bombay stock.

Quotations receivable by Chief Storekeeper upto 14th instant.
(8458)

LOST SHARE CERTIFICATE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that SHARE CERTIFICATE No: 2312 in respect of 3 Preference Shares Nos. 155854 to 155856 of the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co., Ltd. (In Voluntary Liquidation) Standing in the name of Mr. LALSHANKER MOTIRAM has been Lost, Mislaid or destroyed.

Any claim in respect of these Shares should be notified to the Company at their Registered Office, Electric House, Bombay No 1, within 1 month from the date hereof, otherwise a duplicate SHARE CERTIFICATE will be issued irrespective of any claim in respect thereof.

Dated: 8th May, 48

Sd. LALSHANKER MOTIRAM
8464

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

SCHOLARSHIP IN LEATHER TECHNOLOGY.

APPLICATIONS are invited for one Government Scholarship for work in Leather Technology.

2. Only bonafide residents of the Bombay Province are eligible, the condition of domicile will be relaxed in case of non-Muslim refugees from Pakistan Provinces.

3. The scholarship will be tenable at the Government Tanning Institute, Bandra, Bombay 20, for one year in the first instance. If the scholarship is resigned within the year, the scholar will be liable to refund all payments made to him during that year.

4. Applications are specially invited from old students of the Government Tanning Institute, capable of doing useful technical investigations.

5. Preference will be given to candidates who have had industrial experience or who have prospects of Industrial employment on the termination of their scholarships. Candidates without Industrial experience should not be more than 23 years of age; 24 in case of intermediate and backward classes; candidates with approved industrial xperience should not be more than 26 years of age.

6. Scholarship will be the value of Rs. 60/- per mensem.

7. Candidates should send in with their application a statement of their college career and recommendations from two persons under whom they have studied.

8. Selected candidates will be required to come to Bombay for personal interview at their own expense.

9. Applications must be made in the prescribed form which may be obtained from the office of the Superintendent, Government Tanning Institute, Kherwadi, Bandra, Bombay 20 and must reach the Superintendent by the 31st May, 1948.
(8455)

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED

HEAD OFFICE:—

National Insurance Building,
7, Council House Street,
CALCUTTA.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a MEETING of Life Policyholders of the Company for the election of Three Directors under Section 48 of the Insurance Act 1938, will be held at the Head Office of the Company at 7, Council House Street, Calcutta on FRIDAY, the 13th of August, 1948, at 3 P.M. Persons holding policies of life assurance issued by the Company and having been in force at the time of the Election for not less than six months shall be eligible to vote.

Every policyholder, who desires to attend the Meeting is required to apply to the Company for a certificate of admission. Such application is to reach the Company not less than 2 months before the date of the Meeting, and the Company on being satisfied that the applicant holds a Policy of Life Insurance issued by the Company not less than six months before the date of election shall issue a certificate at least one month before the date of the Meeting. Such certificate shall, if applied for by post, be sent only to the address of the policyholder, or if applied for in person, be delivered only on production of the relevant policy and shall be accompanied by the names and addresses of the eligible persons prepared to accept office whose applications have been received under the Rules. Certificates must be produced in order to obtain admission to the meeting.

Applications in writing in English or Bengali language from eligible persons prepared to accept such office are invited by Registered Post so as to reach the Head Office of the Company not less than 2 months before the date of the meeting, giving their names and addresses and the numbers of and amounts of the sums insured by the policies by virtue of which they claim to be eligible for election.

PERSONS ELIGIBLE FOR ELECTION AS A POLICY-HOLDERS' DIRECTOR.

Any person not being a Director, Officer, employee, or legal or technical adviser of this or of any other insurer, or an insurance agent or employer of insurance agents, is eligible for election if he is the holder otherwise than by way of Assignment of one or more policies of Life Assurance issued by the Company satisfying the following requirements:—

(a) insuring a total sum including any bonuses attached before the date of election of not less than Rs. 3,000/- or annuity on human life of a total amount of not less than Rs. 250/- per annum and
(b) having been in force for not less three years.

Provided that the assignment of a policy to the person who took out the policy shall not disqualify that person from being eligible for election as a director.

BY order of the
Board of Directors
S. D. SRINIVASAN.
Manager.
(8449)

AUCTION

A LITHOGRAPHIC POWER PRESS, 60" x 40" will be sold by auction at the Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay, on 14th May, 1948, at 3-0 p.m.

The Power Press can be seen in the Commercial Art Section of this Institution between 11-30 a.m. and 1-0 p.m. on 11th, 12th and 13th May, 1948.

The undersigned is not bound to accept the highest or any offer.

V. S. ADURKAR,
Director.
Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay.
(8450)

PUBLIC NOTICES

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Advertisement No. 22.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the undermentioned posts from nationals of Indian Dominion by birth or by domicile. Persons of Indian descent or citizens of the Indian States which have not acceded to the Indian Dominion or citizens of the Pakistan Dominion or of any other territory adjacent to India are also eligible but a declaration of eligibility issued by the Government of the Dominion of India will be necessary in their case before appointment. Upper age limit relaxable by 3 years for Scheduled Caste candidates Particulars and application forms from Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission, Council House, New Delhi. When applying for forms candidates must specify the name of the post. Closing date for applications with treasury receipt or Crossed Indian Postal Order for Rs. 7/8/- (Rs. 1/14/- for Scheduled Caste candidates 5th June, 1948. Cheques or Money Orders not accepted. Separate application with separate fee required for each category of posts. Candidates from outside India are not required to pay any application fee and may apply on plain paper if prescribed application forms not available. No candidate will be considered for appointment unless he appears for a personal interview if called upon to do so.

1. THREE PERMANENT STATISTICAL INVESTIGATORS, OFFICE OF THE ECONOMIC ADVISER TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, MINISTRY OF COMMERCE. Women eligible AGE:- Preferably between 25 and 35 years PAY: — Rs. 160-10-330 GRADE I and Rs. 250-10-300-15-450-25-2-500 GRADE II. QUALIFICATIONS, ESSENTIAL: First OR Second Class Master's Degree in Mathematics OR Economics OR Commerce with Statistics as a Special subject. (ii) At least six months training at a recognised Statistical Institute. (iii) At least two years experience in handling official statistics. DESIRABLE: Statistical Research experience.

2. ONE PERMANENT POST OF SUPERINTENDENT MECHANICAL, VIZAGAPATAM PORT. Non-Indians from the British Commonwealth to be considered only if suitable Indians not available. Women ineligible. AGE: Preferably not above 45 years on 1st March 1948; relaxable for Government or Railway servants up to 50 years. PAY: For direct recruits—Rs. 1100-1150 plus allowance of Rs. 100 100-1150 plus allowance of Rs 100 for a candidate possessing 1st Class B.O.T. Certificate. For persons in continuous Government employ since 15th July, 1931: Rs. 625-50-1375 plus allowance of Rs. 100/- for a candidate having 1st Class B.O.T. Certificate. QUALIFICATIONS: ESSENTIAL: (1) Degree or Diploma in Mechanical or Marine Engineering. (2) At least 5 years experience in a big Workshop or Factory or public concern such as Ports, Railways, etc., in a capacity not lower than that of an Assistant Works Manager. DESIRABLE: (a) Experience in the maintenance and repairs of floating Craft both afloat and in Dry Docks (b) 1st Class B.O.T. Certificate. (c) Knowledge and experience of dredging and experience in Ports.
(8440)

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the sale of a Motor Launch of the following specifications, now lying idle at the Sewree Dockyard:

SPECIFICATIONS.

Length	..	26'—0"
Beam.	..	9'—0"
Depth.	..	3'—6"
Draft.	..	1'—0"
Engine.	..	Diesel.
Horse Power.	..	11
Sitting accommodation		10 persons, including Crew.
Speed	..	8 knots.

2. The tenderers should submit their Offers, on their own form, in sealed covers, addressed to the Commissioner of Excise, (Old Custom House), Bombay, so as to reach this Office not later than the evening of the 29th May, 1948.

The Motor launch can be inspected at the Sewree Dockyard with the permission of the Officer in charge, Liquor Warehouse, Sewree, Bombay.

M. D. BHANSALI,
Commissioner of Excise.
(8442)

COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, POONA.

FRESH ADMISSIONS

THE LAST DATE for the submission of application forms for fresh admissions to (1) Civil, (2) Mechanical & Electrical, (3) Telecommunication (Radio), (4) Metallurgy, is the 24th of May.

Candidates may kindly obtain their I.Sc. marks from the Registrar, University of Bombay and send them on to the undersigned directly before the 24th May. No consideration will be given to those candidates who fail to send their I.Sc. marks in time.

J. A. TARAPOREVALA,
Principal.
5th May, 1948.
(8454)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE STEEL CORPORATION OF BENGAL LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Directors have authorised the half-yearly payment of dividend due on the 5% Cumulative Preference Shares of the Corporation for the half-year ended 31st May, 1948.

The Share Transfer Books for the Preference Shares of the Corporation will remain closed from the 17th May, to 31st May, 1948, both days inclusive Payment will be made only to those Members or their Mandatees whose names appear on the Register of the Corporation on the 16th May, 1948.

No application for Warrants will be necessary Claims on behalf of holders of shares held on blank transfer will not be entertained.

By order of the Board.
BURN & CO.,
Managing Agents.

12, Mission Row.
Calcutta, 7th May, 1948
(8452)

AHURA OIL MILL

THE PUBLIC are hereby informed that NADIRALI BADRUDDIN MOHAN and HASAN MAHOMED have contracted to sell to our client their Oil Mill, known as Ahura Oil Mill, with all its Goods, Machinery, etc., with the Goodwill, situate in the compound of the Fazalbhoy Bombay Laboratories, Limited at 9E, Elphinstone Low Level Road, Parel, Bombay.

Any person having claim or interest in any way, is requested to notify his claim to the undersigned on or before the 15th day of May, 1948, otherwise the same shall be deemed as waived and the sale shall be completed without any reference thereto.

Dated this 7th day of May, 1948.
Messrs. DHARAMSEY & MEHTA,
Purchasers' Advocates.
22, Kazi Sayad Street,
Bombay-9.
(8451)

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of Waste (Hard and Soft) from the India United Mills Ltd. No. 1 Mill, and will be accepted upto 4 P.M. (S.T.) on Wednesday the 12th May, 1948, in their Registered Office, Tender copies can be obtained from Cotton Department, E.D. Sassoon Building, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.
(8426)

SHREE NARMADA SHANKAR HARJIVAN JOSHI AUDICHYA "BRAHMA-SAMAJ", VIDYARTHI-BHUWAN, BOMBAY 4.

Audichya Sahasra Brahmin Students, who have passed the Matriculation Examination and who wish to reside in the Bhuwan for further prosecution of Studies, should obtain forms from the Office and submit them before 31st May, 1948, to the undersigned.

JATASHANKAR H. TRIVEDI, B.A.,
SADASHANKAR M. BHATT,
B.A., LL.B.,
Hon. Secretaries.
Shree N. H. Joshi Vidyarthi-Bhuwan,
6, Tribhuvan Road, Bombay 4.
(8378)

B.B. & C.I. RLY.

TENDER NOTICE NO. T.L.P 44

TENDERS are invited on the prescribed form G. S. 203 for the purchase of the following.

Commodity	Quantity required in B.Mls. for DOHAD
1. Maize	1000
2. Gur (Jaggery)	500
3. Toor dal plain.	1500
4. Urad dal. with husk.	100
5. Groundnut oil.	800
6. Til oil	50
7. Potatoes.	800
8. Onions.	1000
9. Urad dal mogar.	200
10. Moong dal mogar.	400

Tenders closing on 17-5-48 at 10-30 Hrs. in the office of the President Grainshop Committee and Loco Works Supdt., Dohad.

Tender forms and terms can be had from the office of the President, Grainshop Committee, Freelandgunj, Dohad, on application.

PRESIDENT,
Grainshop Committee,
Dohad.
(8443)

BOMBAY PORT TRUST

SEALED TENDERS are invited for supplying and delivering completely equipped, afloat in Bombay Harbour, one Steel Single Screw Dock Tug in accordance with the following dimensions:—

Length B. P.	51'-0"
Length Overall	55'-10'
Breadth moulded	16'-6"
Depth moulded	17'-0"
Loaded Draft. Aft.	10'-0"
Forward	9'-00"

Speed on trials not less than 8½ Knots.

Tow Rope pull at Bollard 5 Tons.

In the event of two tugs being ordered at the same time Tenderers should quote a price per tug.

Conditions of contract, specification, and general arrangement plan, tender form and draft agreement can be obtained from this office on payment in cash of Rs. 50/- per set. Tenders will be received upto 1-00 P.M. (S.T.) on 31st August, 1948

CHIEF ENGINEER.
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.
(8441)

(For Further Notices See Page 2)

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